Registration number: 04441382

Magic Hat Solutions Limited

Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 August 2017

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(Registration number: 04441382)

Balance Sheet as at 31 August 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Fixed assets		, t	
Intangible assets	2	⁽ 12,221	10,846
Tangible assets	3	1,617	2,001
Investments	4	73	73
		13,911	12,920
Current assets			
Debtors	5	67,816	45,829
Cash at bank and in hand		7,454	6,150
		75,270	51,979
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	6	(88,318)	(63,790)
Net current liabilities		(13,048)	(11,811)
Net assets		863	1,109
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		2	2
Profit and loss account		861	1,107
Total equity		863	1,109

For the financial year ending 31 August 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Directors' Report and the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

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Balance Sheet as at 31 August 2017 (continued)

These financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities, were approved and authorised for issue by the director on 29.

Mr N W Talbot

Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2017

1 Accounting policies

Statutory information

Magic Hat Solutions Limited is a private company, limited by shares, domiciled in England and Wales, company number 04441382. The registered office is at 12 Cobcar Street, Elsecar, , Barnsley, S74 8DA.

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006. There has been no material departure from this standard.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value. The presentation currency is United Kingdom pounds sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. The financial statements are those of an individual entity.

Exemption from preparing group accounts

The company is part of a small group. The company has taken advantage of the exemption provided by Section 398 of the Companies Act 2006 and has not prepared group accounts.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2017 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate 20% straight line

Office equipment

Intangible assets

Separately acquired trademarks and licences are shown at historical cost.

Trademarks, licences (including software) and customer-related intangible assets acquired in a business combination are recognised at fair value at the acquisition date.

Trademarks, licences and customer-related intangible assets have a finite useful life and are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class

Amortisation method and rate

Domain name

33% straight line

Investments

Investments in equity shares which are publicly traded or where the fair value can be measured reliably are initially measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Investments in equity shares which are not publicly traded and where fair value cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Interest income on debt securities, where applicable, is recognised in income using the effective interest method. Dividends on equity securities are recognised in income when receivable.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability in the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as interest expense in the statement of comprehensive income.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2017 (continued)

2 Intangible assets

	Domain names £	Total £
Cost		
At 1 September 2016	12,989	12,989
Additions acquired separately	8,450	8,450
At 31 August 2017	21,439	21,439
Amortisation		
At 1 September 2016	2,143	2,143
Amortisation charge	7,075	7,075
At 31 August 2017	9,218	9,218
Carrying amount		
At 31 August 2017	12,221	12,221
At 31 August 2016	10,846	10,846
3 Tangible assets		
	Furniture, fixture and fittings £	Total £
Cost		
At 1 September 2016	6,669	6,669
Additions	145	145
At 31 August 2017	6,814	6,814
Depreciation		
At 1 September 2016	4,668	4,668
Charge for the year	529	529
At 31 August 2017	5,197	5,197
Carrying amount		
At 31 August 2017	1 617	4.047
At 31 August 2017	1,617	1,617

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2017 (continued)

4 Investments

Investments in subsidiaries	2017 £ 73	2016 £ 73
Subsidiaries	•	£
Cost At 1 September 2016		73_
At 31 August 2017		73
Carrying amount		
At 31 August 2017		73
At 31 August 2016		73

Details of undertakings

Details of the investments (including principal place of business of unincorporated entities) in which the company holds 20% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital are as follows:

Undertaking	Registered office	Holding	Proportion of voting rights and shares held	
Subsidiary undertak	ings		2017	2016
Speedy Route Inc.	12 Cobcar Street, Elsecar South Yorkshire	Ordinary	100%	100%
	United Kingdom			

The principal activity of Speedy Route Inc. is a delivery route planner. Its financial period end is 31 December.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2017 (continued)

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	2017 £	2016 £
Trade debtors	8,496	15,264
Prepayments	763	763
Other debtors	58,557	29,802
	67,816	45,829
6 Creditors		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2017 £	2016 £
Due within one year		•
Bank loans and overdrafts	19,854	2,886
PAYE and NIC creditor	350	
VAT Control account	6,639	3,540
Corporation tax control	52,927	50,486
Accruals and deferred income	8,548	6,878
	88,318	63,790

7 Transition to FRS 102

This is the first year that the company has presented its results under FRS102. The last financial statements under previous UK GAAP were for the year ended 31 August 2016. The date of transition to FRS102 was 1 September 2015. The transition to FRS102 did not result in any changes in accounting policies and so there are no differences between the profit for the financial year ended 31 August 2016 and the total equity as at 1 September 2015 and 31 August 2016 under UK GAAP as previously reported and FRS102.