COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 04416191

REGISTRAR'S GORY

PJT RESTAURANTS LIMITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 31 DECEMBER 2013



MWS CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor
601 London Road
Westcliff-on-Sea
Essex
SS0 9PE

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

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THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

The directors have pleasure in presenting their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2013

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the company during the year was that of the operation of fast food restaurant franchises

Turnover in the year increased by 9% (2012 10%) and gross profit year on year increased by 9% (2012 10%) The overhead cost has increased within expectation leading to a net profit for the year of £287,621 compared with £276,157 in 2012

The company continues to reinvest in the restaurants to keep in line with expected quality and brand presentation

The state of the business is satisfactory and the directors anticipate the business will continue to remain profitable

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £227,948 Particulars of dividends paid are detailed in note 7 to the financial statements

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Details of the company's financial risk management objectives and policies are included in note 16 to the accounts

DIRECTORS

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows

K F Bartrıp P J Tassell

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year.

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the directors are aware

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information

DISABLED EMPLOYEES

The company gives full consideration to applications for employment from disabled persons where the requirements of the job can be adequately fulfilled by a handicapped or disabled person. Where existing employees become disabled, it is the company's policy wherever practicable to provide continuing employment under normal terms and conditions and to provide training and career development and promotion to disabled employees wherever appropriate

EMPLOYEE INVOLVEMENT

During the year, the company operated an equal opportunity policy for the employment, training, career development and promotion of disabled people Employees are made aware of the development of the company via regular meetings whereby they are invited to present their suggestions and views on the company's performance

AUDITOR

MWS Chartered Accountants are deemed to be re-appointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006

Registered office 3 Sea Reach Leigh on Sea Essex SS9 1BL Signed by order of the directors

Company Secretary

K F BARTRIP

Approved by the directors on 2 April 2014

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO PJT RESTAURANTS LIMITED UNDER SECTION 449 OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

We have examined the abbreviated accounts, together with the financial statements of PJT Restaurants Limited for the year ended 31 December 2013 prepared under Section 396 of the Companies Act 2006

This report is made solely to the company, in accordance with Section 449 of the Companies Act 2006. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in a special auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company for our work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITOR

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with Section 445 of the Companies Act 2006. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section and to report our opinion to you

BASIS OF OPINION

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2008/4 issued by the Auditing Practices Board In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared

OPINION

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Section 445(3) of the Companies Act 2006, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section

CLIVE R SMITH FCA (Senior

Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of

MWS CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Chartered Accountants

& Statutory Auditor

601 London Road Westcliff-on-Sea Essex SS0 9PE

2 April 2014

PJT RESTAURANTS LIMITED ABBREVIATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

	Note	2013 £	2012 £
TURNOVER		9,824,504	9,021,443
Cost of Sales and Other operating income		3,272,995	3,016,618
Administrative expenses		6,247,488	5,726,164
OPERATING PROFIT	2	304,021	278,661
Interest payable and similar charges	5	16,400	13,847
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	ſ	287,621	264,814
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	59,673	91,136
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		227,948	173,678

All of the activities of the company are classed as continuing

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the results for the year as set out above

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 DECEMBER 2013

		2013	2012	
	Note	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS				
Intangible assets	8		234,401	261,881
Tangible assets	9		941,077	956,736
Investments	10		5,000	5,000
			1,180,478	1,223,617
CURRENT ASSETS				
Stocks	11	53,453		40,999
Debtors	12	404,980		306,653
Cash at bank and in hand		540,672		422,495
		999,105		770,147
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one				
year	13	1,110,050		1,020,542
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(110,945)	(250,395)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIE	S		1,069,533	973,222
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more				
than one year	14		253,742	289,127
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES				
Deferred taxation	15		98,785	100,037
			717,006	584,058
				
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called-up equity share capital	18		310,000	310,000
Profit and loss account	19		407,006	274,058
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	20		717,006	584,058

These abbreviated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for medium-sized companies under section 445(3) of the Companies Act 2006

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 2 April 2014, and are signed on their behalf by

K F BARTRIP

P J TASSELL

Company Registration Number 04416191

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

2013			2012
Note	£	£	£
21		652,788	580,868
21		(16,400)	(13,847)
21		(87,232)	(40,095)
21		(257,322)	(80,121)
		(95,000)	(150,000)
		196,834	296,805
21		(78,657)	(248,361)
21		118,177	48,444
	21 21 21 21	Note £ 21 21 21 21 21	Note £ £ 21 652,788 21 (16,400) 21 (87,232) 21 (257,322) (95,000)

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of financial instruments

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Goodwill

- 20 years straight line

Franchise fee

- 20 years straight line

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Leasehold Property

Over the length of the lease

Plant & Machinery

- 3, 5 and 7 years straight line

Fixtures & Fittings

3 and 4 years straight line

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for costolete and slow moving items

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Investments

All investments are initially recorded at cost, being the fair value of the consideration given and including acquisition costs associated with the investment All purchases and sales of investments are recognised using trade date accounting

After initial recognition, investments, which are classified as held for trading and available-for-sale, are measured at fair value. Gains or losses on investments held for trading are recognised in the profit and loss account. Gains or losses on available-for-sale investments are recognised as a separate component of equity until the investment is disposed of or until its value is impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously reported in equity is included in the profit and loss account.

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less provision for permanent diminution in value

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised and carried forward at invoices amounts less provisions for any doubtful debts. Bad debts are written off when identified

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Interest-bearing loans and borrowings

All loans and borrowings are recognised initially at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration received, net of issue costs associated with the borrowing.

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains or losses are recognised in the profit and loss account when liabilities are derecognised or impaired, as well as through the amortisation process.

2. OPERATING PROFIT

Operating profit is stated after charging

	2013	2012
	£	£
Amortisation of intangible assets	27,480	27,480
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	272,981	253,650
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	_	435
Operating lease costs:		
- Other	1,279,675	1,172,379
Auditor's remuneration	6,675	6,495
	2013	2012
	£	£
Auditor's remuneration - audit of the financial statements	6,675	6,495

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

3. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

4.

5.

The average number of staff employed by the company during the financial year amounted to

Number of production staff Number of administrative staff Number of management staff	2013 No 343 3 14	2012 No 356 3
	360	373
The aggregate payroll costs of the above were		
	2013 £	2012 £
Wages and salaries	2,709,470	2,401,113
Social security costs	106,810	117,768
Other pension costs	5,063	3,733
	2,821,343	2,522,614
DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION		
The directors' aggregate remuneration in respect of qualifying services	s were	
	2013	2012
Remuneration receivable	£ 17,000	£ 29,836
INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
	2013	2012
Interest payable on bank borrowing	£ 16,400	£ 13,847

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

6. TAXATION ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

(a) Analysis of charge in the year

7.

	2013 £	2012 £
Current tax	*	£
In respect of the year		
UK Corporation tax based on the results for the year at 20 05% (2012 - 21 47%)	60,925	87,231
Total current tax	60,925	87,231
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences (note 15) Capital allowances	(1,252)	3,905
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	59,673	91,136
(b) Factors affecting current tax charge		
The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is los of corporation tax in the UK of 20 05% (2012 - 21 47%)	wer than the s	tandard rate
	2013	2012
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	£ 287,621	£ 264,814
Profit on ordinary activities by rate of tax Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation	57,668 3,257	56,856 30,375
Total current tax (note 6(a))	60,925	87,231
DIVIDENDS		
Equity dividends		
	2013 £	2012 £
Paid during the year		
Dividends on equity shares - Class A Dividends on equity shares - Class B	47,500	75,000
Dividends on equity shares - Class D	47,500 95,000	75,000 150,000
	72,000	150,000

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

8. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

9.

		Goodwill £	Franchise £	Total £
COST		_	_	_
At 1 January 2013 and 31 December	2013	430,461	120,000	550,461
AMORTISATION				
At 1 January 2013		226,455	62,125	288,580
Charge for the year		21,480	6,000	27,480
At 31 December 2013		247,935	68,125	316,060
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31 December 2013		182,526	51,875	234,401
At 31 December 2012		204,006	57,875	261,881
TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS				
	Leasehold	Plant &	Fixtures &	
	Property £	Machinery £	Fittings £	Total £
COST	_	_	-	_
At 1 January 2013	113,427	2,718,171	14,723	2,846,321
Additions	70,925	186,397		257,322
At 31 December 2013	184,352	2,904,568	14,723	3,103,643
DEPRECIATION				
At 1 January 2013	11,343	1,869,410	8,832	1,889,585
Charge for the year	13,240	257,168	2,573	272,981
At 31 December 2013	24,583	2,126,578	11,405	2,162,566
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31 December 2013	159,769	777,990	3,318	941,077
At 31 December 2012	102,084	848,761	5,891	956,736

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

10. INVESTMENTS

			Total £
	COST At 1 January 2013 and 31 December 2013		5,000
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2013 and 31 December 2012		5,000
11.	STOCKS		
		2013	2012
	Raw materials	£ 53,453	£ 40,999
12.	DEBTORS		
		2013 £	2012 £
	Trade debtors	432	50
	Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors	356,566 888	276,154 -
	Prepayments and accrued income	47,094	30,449
		404,980	306,653
13.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2013	2012
	Bank loans	£ 203,385	£ 246,657
	Trade creditors Other creditors including taxation and social security	441,909	358,302
	Corporation tax	60,924	87,231
	PAYE and social security VAT	27,655 292,345	26,780 263,100
	Other creditors	292,343	378
		1,026,218	982,448
	Accruals and deferred income	83,832	38,094
		1,110,050	1,020,542
	The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due within company	one year are se	cured by the
		2013	2012
	Bank loans	£ 203 395	£ 246.657
	DAIIK IVAIIS	203,385	<u>246,657</u>

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

14. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	2013	2012
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	253,742	289,127

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due after more than one year are secured by the company

	2013	2012
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	253,742	289,127

15. DEFERRED TAXATION

The movement in the deferred taxation provision during the year was

2013	2012
£	£
100,037	96,132
(1,252)	3,905
98,785	100,037
	£ 100,037 (1,252)

The provision for deferred taxation consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of

	2013	2012
	£	£
Excess of taxation allowances over depreciation on fixed assets	98,785	100,037
	98,785	100,037

16. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The company holds or issues financial instruments in order to achieve three main objectives, being

- (a) to finance its operations,
- (b) to manage its exposure to interest and currency risks arising from its operations and from its sources of finance, and
- (c) for trading purposes

In addition, various financial instruments (e.g. trade debtors, trade creditors, accruals and prepayments) arise directly from the company's operations

Transactions in financial instruments result in the company assuming or transferring to another party one or more of the financial risks described below

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

16. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

(continued)

Interest rate risk

The company has bank loans at the Balance Sheet date which are exposed to interest rate risk Interest rates are constantly monitored and renegotiated with the lending body as appropriate to minimise such risk

Credit risk

The company monitors credit risk closely and considers that its current policies of credit checks meets its objectives of managing exposure to credit risk

The company's main concentration of credit risk relates to supplies from the Franchise Amounts shown in the balance sheet best represent the maximum credit risk exposure in the event other parties fail to perform their obligations under financial instruments. The Directors manage the credit risk via constant communication and management information with the Franchise to maintain required debt to equity levels

Liquidity risk
The Directors aim to minimise liquidity risk by maintaining cash balances and achieving the required debt to equity ratios to facilitate Franchise credit

Currency risk
The company does not have any exposure to foreign currency risk

Fair values of financial assets and liabilities
The company have no financial assets or liabilities carried at an amount other than their fair value

Hedging activities
The company undertakes no hedging activities

17. COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

At 31 December 2013 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

	Land and b	Land and buildings	
	2013	2012	
	£	£	
Operating leases which expire			
Within 2 to 5 years	2,040	8,365	
After more than 5 years	1,279,675	1,242,254	
	1,281,715	1,250,619	
•	1,279,675	1,242,25	

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

18. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised share capital:

	155,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each 155,000 Ordinary Class 2 shares of £1 each	h		2013 £ 155,000 155,000 310,000	2012 £ 155,000 155,000 310,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
		2013		2012	
	155,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each 155,000 Ordinary Class 2 shares of £1	No 155,000	£ 155,000	No 155,000	£ 155,000
	each	155,000	155,000	155,000	155,000
		310,000	310,000	310,000	310,000
19.	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT				
				2013 £	2012 £
	Balance brought forward Profit for the financial year Equity dividends			274,058 227,948 (95,000)	250,380 173,678 (150,000)
	Balance carried forward			407,006	274,058
20.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT	S IN SHARE	CHOLDERS' I	FUNDS	
	Profit for the financial year			2013 £	2012 £
	Profit for the financial year Equity dividends			227,948 (95,000)	173,678 (150,000)
	Net addition to shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds			132,948 584,058	23,678 560,380
	Closing shareholders' funds			717,006	584,058

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

21. NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING PROFIT TO NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2013 £	2012 £
Operating profit	304,021	278,661
Amortisation Depreciation	27,480 272,081	27,480 253,650
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	272,981 —	253,650 435
Increase in stocks	(12,454)	(1,772)
Increase in debtors Increase in creditors	(98,327)	(75,076) 97,490
	159,087	
Net cash inflow from operating activities	652,788	580,868
RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS AND SERVICING OF FINANCE	E	
	2013	2012
Interest paid	£ (16,400)	£ (13,847)
Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of	<u></u>	``
finance	(16,400)	(13,847)
T. W. TYON		 ,
TAXATION		
	2013	2012
Taxation	£ (87,232)	£ (40,095)
	(01,000)	(11,111)
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE		
	2013	2012
December to a company the Constant	£	£ (92,122)
Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets Receipts from sale of fixed assets	(257,322)	(83,122) 3,001
Net cash outflow from capital expenditure	(257,322)	$\frac{-1}{(80,121)}$
The same of the supplies of th	(201,022)	(00,121)
FINANCING		
	2013	2012
Danayment of honk loons	£ (79.657)	£ (248.261)
Repayment of bank loans	(78,657)	(248,361)
Net cash outflow from financing	(78,657)	(248,361)

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

21. NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT (continued)

RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVEMENT IN NET FUNDS

	201	2012	
	£	£	£
Increase in cash in the period	118,177		48,444
Net cash outflow from bank loans	78,657		248,361
		196,834	296,805
Change in net funds		196,834	296,805
Net debt at 1 January 2013		(113,289)	(410,094)
Net funds at 31 December 2013		83,545	(113,289)
ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS			
	At		At
	1 Jan 2013		31 Dec 2013
Net cash	£	£	£
Cash in hand and at bank	422,495	118,177	540,672
Debt			
Debt due within 1 year	(246,657)	43,272	(203,385)
Debt due after 1 year	(289,127)	35,385	(253,742)
	(535,784)	78,657	(457,127)
Net funds	(113,289)	196,834	83,545

22. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The ultimate parent company was P & K Restaurants Limited, a company incorporated in England