ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

COMPANY NUMBER

04395107

WEDNESDAY



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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

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COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

DIRECTORS:

Mark Watt

David Paine

Robert Hannigan Andrew Jackson

SECRETARY:

Paolo Alonzi

REGISTERED OFFICE:

100 Barbirolli Square

Manchester

M2 3AB

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors present their Annual Report and Financial Statements of Lincoln St. Marks (Two) Limited ("the Company"), company number 04395107, for the year ended 31 March 2015.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

During the financial year and preceding financial year, the Company has been dormant. During those years the Company made neither a profit nor a loss.

INCORPORATION

The Company was incorporated on 14 March 2002.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

No income, expenses or cash flows have occured during the year (2014: £nil). Accordingly a Statement of Comprehensive Income and a Statement of Cash Flows have not been prepared for the year. The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2014: £nil).

STRATEGIC REPORT

The Company has not prepared a Strategic Report for the current financial year as the Company is entitled to an exemption under the small companies regime.

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The Directors who held office during the year are disclosed on page 1.

As at 31 March 2015 none of the Directors held any interests in the ordinary share capital of the business.

GOING CONCERN

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as the Directors expect that the Company will remain in existence for at least 12 months from the date of signing these Financial Statements.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors Report and the Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and in accordance with, and to comply with, International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") as endorsed by the European Union ("EU").

Under company law the Directors must not approve the Financial Statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that year.

In preparing these Financial Statements, the Directors are required to:

- * select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- * make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- * state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the Financial Statements; and
- * prepare the Financial Statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors of the Company confirm they have complied with all of the above requirements in preparing the Financial Statements.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the Financial Statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on their behalf by:

MULAZ

ROBERT MICHAEL HANNIGAN

Date

10/12/18

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION **AS AT 31 MARCH 2015**

ASSETS	Note	31 March 2015 £	31 March 2014 £	1 April 2013 £
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents	3	2	2	2
Net assets		2	2	2
Equity is analysed as: Share capital	4	2	2	. 2
Total shareholder funds		2	2	2

For the year ended 31 March 2015 the Company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 480 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to dormant companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

The members have not required the Company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on their behalf by:

Director

David Paine Head of Real Estate Date

10/12/15

. The notes on pages 6 - 10 form part of the Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

Year ended 31 March 2015	Note	Total £
Share capital Opening and closing balance	4	2
Year ended 31 March 2014	Note	Total £
Share capital Opening and closing balance	4	2

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The Directors of the Company have taken the decision to prepare the current and future years Financial Statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") as endorsed by the European Union ("EU").

The preparation of Financial Statements in conformity with IFRS issued by the IASB as endorsed by the EU requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Where any such judgements are made they are indicated within the accounting policies. There are no significant estimates in the Financial Statements as at 31 March 2015.

The accounting policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

The financial information in these Financial Statements has been prepared on the basis of standards applicable as at 31 March 2015.

Changes in accounting policy and disclosures

(a) New and amended standards and interpretations adopted by the Company

The Company has elected to prepare the Financial Statements under IFRS issued by the IASB as endorsed by the EU. The date of transition to IFRS was 1 April 2013 and these are the Company's first Financial Statements prepared in accordance with IFRS. The Company applied IFRS 1, 'First-time Adoption of IFRS' in preparing these first IFRS Financial Statements. The adoption of IFRS has resulted in changes to the names of the primary statements as well as additional note disclosures. The adoption of IFRS has however not resulted in the restatement of any numbers previously recorded in the Financial Statements under the previous accounting framework and therefore no reconciliation of equity or total comprehensive income reported under the previous accounting framework have been presented.

(b) New standards, amendments and interpretations issued, but not yet effective

- Amendments to IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments: classification and measurement'

(c) Early adoption of standards

The Company did not early adopt any new or amended standards in the year ended 31 March 2015.

Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Financial Statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ("the functional currency"). The Financial Statements are presented in pound sterling, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are defined as cash in hand, demand deposits, and highly liquid investments readily convertible within three months or less to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

Share capital

Shares are classified as equity when there is no obligation to transfer cash or other assets. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Dividends

Dividends to the Company's shareholders are recognised as a liability in the Financial Statements in the year in which the dividends are approved.

2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's activities expose it to various financial risks: liquidity risk and fair value risk.

The financial risks relate to the financial assets set out by category in the following table:

31 March 2015	at amortised cost
Financial assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	2
31 March 2014	Financial assets at amortised cost
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents	2

Financial assets

The Company's policy for managing the risks associated with these financial assets is set out on the following page.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(a) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter in realising assets or otherwise raising funds to meet its financial commitments. The Company's liquidity position is regularly monitored by management to ensure that its financial obligations can be met as and when they fall due.

A summary table with the maturities of financial assets is presented below.

	2015 £	2014 £
Financial assets - maturity within one year Cash and cash equivalents	2	2

(b) Fair value risk

(i) Determination of fair value hierarchy

To provide further information on the approach used to determine and measure the fair value of the assets, the following fair value hierarchy categorisation has been used:

Level 1 - Fair values measured using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.

Level 2 - Fair values measured using inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3 - Fair values measured using inputs that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

(ii) Fair value of financial assets measured at amortised cost

The fair value of the financial assets are included at an estimate of the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The carrying amount of all financial assets measured at amortised cost approximates their fair value.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value:

- cash and cash equivalents are the same as fair value due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

Set out below is a comparison by class of the carrying amounts and fair value of the Company's financial assets that are carried at amortised cost in the Statement of Financial Position.

	Carrying amount		Fair value	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	£	£	£	£
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	2	2	2	2

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(iii) Fair value hierarchy for financial assets measured at amortised cost in the Statement of Financial Position

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Company's assets (by class) not measured at fair value but for which fair value is disclosed.

	Fair value hierarchy			
31 March 2015	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	£	£	£	£
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	2	-	-	2
	Fair	value hierarcl	ny	
31 March 2014	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	£	£	£	£
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	2	-	-	2

There were no transfers between levels 1, 2 and 3 during the year (2014: none).

The assets included in the table above are carried at amortised cost; their carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2015	2014
	£	.
Cash held at bank	2	2
4 SHARE CAPITAL		
	2015	2014
	£	£
Issued share capital		
2 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2

5 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operational decisions. There were no related party transactions during the year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

6 CONTROLLING PARTY

The Company's immediate parent undertaking is Standard Life Assurance Limited. The ultimate parent undertaking of Standard Life Assurance Limited is Standard Life plc. The Company is consolidated in the financial statements of Standard Life plc, which are publicly available. Standard Life plc is a company incorporated in Scotland and copies of the group's accounts can be obtained from 30 Lothian Road, Edinburgh, EH1 2DH.

7 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 March 2015 the Company had no outstanding commitments or contingent liabilities (2014: £nil).

8 EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

No subsequent events have occurred that require an adjustment to the accounting estimates and disclosures included within these Financial Statements.