# Ackerman & Niece Limited

Abbreviated Accounts

for the Year Ended 31 March 2012

SATURDAY



A42 20/10/20

COMPANIES HOUSE

#14

# Ackerman & Niece Limited Contents

ndependent Auditors' Report	1
Abbreviated Balance Sheet	2
Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts	3 to 5

# Independent Auditor's Report to Ackerman & Niece Limited Under section 449 of the Companies Act 2006

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages 2 to 5 together with the financial statements of Ackerman & Niece Limited for the year ended 31 March 2012 prepared under section 396 of the Companies Act 2006

This report is made solely to the company, in accordance with Section 449 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section and to report our opinion to you

#### Basis of opinion

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2008/4 issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts are properly prepared.

#### Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with section 444(3) of the Companies Act 2006, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section

Alan Thornton FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Morgan Cameron Limited, Statutory Auditor

9 Thorney Leys Park

Witney

Oxfordshire

**OX28 4GE** 

Date "/10/12

# Ackerman & Niece Limited (Registration number: 04392991)

# Abbreviated Balance Sheet at 31 March 2012

	Note	2012 £	2011 £
Fixed assets Tangible fixed assets		166,378	86,783
Current assets Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	3	30,536 1,215,287 101,298	81,845 1,186,948 27,639
Creditors Amounts falling due within one year	4	1,347,121 (1,397,656)	1,296,432
Net current (liabilities)/assets  Total assets less current liabilities  Creditors Amounts falling due after more than one year	4	(50,535) 115,843 (54,079)	105,688 192,471 (39,857)
Provisions for liabilities  Net assets	7	(23,057)	(6,015) 146,599
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account	5	100 38,607	100 146,499
Shareholders' funds		38,707	146,599

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime

Approved by the Board or [ | and signed on its behalf by

N J Adamson Director

# Ackerman & Niece Limited Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 31 March 2012

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The full financial statements, from which these abbreviated accounts have been extracted, have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

The accounts do not include a cash flow statement because the company, as a small reporting entity, is exempt from the requirements to prepare such a statement

#### Turnover

Turnover represents amounts chargeable, net of value added tax, in respect of the sale of goods and services to customers

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows

#### **Asset class**

Plant and machinery Fixtures and fittings Motor vehicles Leasehold improvements

#### Depreciation method and rate

25% reducing balance 25% reducing balance 25% reducing balance 15% reducing balance

#### Stock

Stock is valued on the FIFO basis at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is based on selling price less selling costs.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes, which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as required by the FRSSE

Deferred tax is measured at the rates that are expected to apply in the periods when the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on the tax rates and law enacted at the balance sheet date

#### Hire purchase and leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term

Assets held under finance leases, which are leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, are capitalised in the balance sheet as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. The capital elements of future obligations under the leases are included as liabilities in the balance sheet. The interest element of the rental obligation is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding. Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. The capital element of future finance payments is included within creditors. Finance charges are allocated to accounting periods over the length of the contract and represent a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

### **Ackerman & Niece Limited**

## Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 31 March 2012

..... continued

#### **Pensions**

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions are charged in the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

#### 2 Fixed assets

	Tangible assets £	Total £	
Cost			
At 1 April 2011	347,003	347,003	
Additions	139,673	139,673	
Disposals	(78,293)	(78,293)	
At 31 March 2012	408,383	408,383	
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2011	260,220	260,220	
Charge for the year	33,660	33,660	
Eliminated on disposals	(51,875)	(51,875)	
At 31 March 2012	242,005	242,005	
Net book value			
At 31 March 2012	166,378	166,378	
At 31 March 2011	86,783	86,783	

# **Ackerman & Niece Limited**

# Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 31 March 2012 ...... continued

### 3 Debtors

Debtors includes £nil (2011 - £nil) receivable after more than one year

#### 4 Creditors

Creditors includes the following liabilities, on which security has been given by the company

	2012 £	2011 £
Amounts falling due within one year	1,284,659	730,101

### 5 Share capital

### Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2012		20	11
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary Shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100

### 6 Related party transactions

#### Directors' advances and credits

	2012 Advance/ Credit £	2012 Repaid £	2011 Advance/ Credit £	2011 Repaid £
N J Adamson				
Interest-free loan	1,996	_	1,733	

As at 31 March 2012 the company was owed £18,722 (2011 £16,726) by N J Adamson