OPUS ENERGY LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT AND ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

COMPANY NO: 4382246

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COMPANY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

Directors

Charles Crossley Cooke Frederick Esiri Timothy Boylan Louise Boland Stephen Foster Daniel Maitland Andrew Nash Ian Stockbridge

Registered Office

Lambourne House 311-321 Banbury Road Oxford OX2 7JH

Auditors

KPMG LLP Chartered Accountants Arlington Business Park Theale Reading RG7 4SD

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

The directors present the audited accounts for the year ended 31 March 2012

Principal Activity

Opus Energy Limited is licensed to supply electricity and gas to commercial and domestic customers in Great Britain. The Company is also licensed to ship gas in Great Britain. Electricity is supplied to commercial customers under the Opus brand name. Gas is shipped for the Company's sister company, Opus Gas Supply Limited. Electricity is supplied to domestic and commercial customers under the brand names of the Company's third party partners.

Results and Dividends

The results of the Company for the year are set out on page 5 The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £8,120,000 (year ended 31 March 2011 £9,198,000) A dividend of £7,000,000 was paid during the year (year ended 31 March 2011 £5,250,000)

Review of the Business and Future Developments

The Company continued to grow during the year, with significant progress in expanding the customer base. Turnover for the year increased by 22%, from £169.4 million to £207.3 million, as a result of a higher number of customers and increased sales of gas and electricity to other group companies. Gross profit decreased by 3%, from £36.2 million to £35.0 million, as the gross margin percentage decreased from 21% to 17% due to a change in the mix of the Company's customers. Operating expenses increased by 2%, from £23.3 million to £23.8 million.

The Directors expect the Company to experience continued revenue growth in the current year as the Company continues to increase the number of customers supplied/shipped to. Gross profit is anticipated to increase due to the revenue growth across the business and no material change in the mix of the customers. Operating profit is also expected to increase although the rate of increase is difficult to predict at a time of continuing uncertainty over the UK's growth prospects.

Risks and Uncertainties

The primary risks and uncertainties facing the Company continue to be competition from larger, vertically-integrated energy suppliers, volatility in the Company's costs of supply and the impact of the macroeconomic downturn on the ability of customers to pay their electricity bills on a timely basis

The Company's market is dominated by 6 large, multi-national companies which have substantially greater financial capacity, lower financing costs and higher brand-awareness, these competitors may achieve economies of scale which give them a competitive cost advantage over the Company and pursue marketing or pricing strategies which render it uneconomic for the Company to continue to compete profitably in the market. The Company seeks to manage this risk through strict cost controls, disciplined pricing strategies and innovation to avoid being forced to compete purely on the basis of price and a continuous dialogue with the regulator to ensure that they are fully informed of the impact of changes in market structure which threaten fair competition for smaller companies in the industry

The Company devotes considerable management resources and develops systems and models designed to hedge price risk and match as closely as possible the quantities of electricity which it buys at a fixed price with its commitments to supply to customers at a fixed price. However, in a volatile wholesale electricity commodity market, it is not always possible to match these prices and volumes, variables include the weather and end-customer demand. In addition to the rigorous modelling of the demand of its portfolio of customers, which is continually updated, the Company seeks to protect itself through its contractual terms with its customers and through maintenance of a pricing policy which ensures sufficient margin for such inevitable forecasting errors.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

Bad debts associated with failure of customers to pay their electricity bills represent one of the largest administrative expenses of the business. Late payment of customer bills also imposes increased working capital requirements on the Company. The Company actively monitors the credit of its customers, varies its pricing to accommodate customer credit risk profile, manages its customer portfolio to mitigate credit concentration and devotes significant resources to managing its debtor book, including the development and continuous improvement of IT systems to minimise the billing inaccuracies which can lead to late payments. The Company's modelling of historical performance and estimates of the payment performance of its customers may not prove relevant to, or accurate for, the conditions faced in the current political and macroeconomic environment which differ from those the Company has experienced in its trading history Increased bad debts due to the failure of its business customers also increase the difficulty of matching the Company's forecasts of customer demand with its wholesale power purchases.

Directors

The directors during the year were

C Crossley Cooke

T Boylan

F Esiri

L Boland

S Foster

D Maitland (appointed 5 October 2011)

A Nash (appointed 5 October 2011)

I Stockbridge (appointed 5 October 2011)

Charitable Donations

During the year ended 31 March 2012, the Company made charitable donations amounting to £5,583 (year ended 31 March 2011 £3,850)

Disclosure of Information to Auditors

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

Auditors

In accordance with Section 489 of the Companies Act 2006, a resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG LLP as auditors of the Company is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

C Crossley Cooke, Director

Lambourne House 311-321 Banbury Road Oxford OX2 7JH

29 June 2012

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

IN RESPECT OF THE DIRECTORS' REPORT AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently.
- · make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF

OPUS ENERGY LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Opus Energy Limited for the year ended 31 March 2012 set out on pages 5 to 14. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/private.cfm

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2012 and of its profit for the year then ended.
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

R A Stevenson (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants Arlington Business Park, Theale, Reading RG7 4SD

5 fh July 2012

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

	Note	Year ended 31 March 2012 £'000s	Year ended 31 March 2011 £'000s
Turnover	2	207,265	169,445
Cost of Sales		(172,259)	(133,263)
Gross Profit		35,006	36,182
Administrative expenses		(23,845)	(23,286)
Operating Profit	4	11,161	12,896
Interest receivable and similar income	5	28	37
Interest payable and similar charges	6	(164)	(198)
Profit on Ordinary Activities before Taxation		11,025	12,735
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(2,905)	(3,537)
Profit on Ordinary Activities after Taxation	19	8,120	9,198

All turnover and profit in the year ended 31 March 2012 and the year ended 31 March 2011 are the result of continuing activities

There were no gains or losses arising during the years other than those reported above

The notes on pages 7 to 14 form part of these financial statements

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2012

COMPANY NO 4382246

	Note	31 March 2012 £'000s	31 March 2011 £'000s
Fixed Assets Tangible fixed assets	8	2,124	616
Current Assets Debtors Prepayments and accrued income Cash at bank and in hand	9 10	20,198 14,044 5,810	14,740 11,736 9,507
		40,052	35,983
Creditors – Amounts falling due within one year	11	(11,614)	(5,195)
Accruals and deferred income	12	(9,577)	(11,594)
Net Current Assets		18,861	19,194
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		20,985	19,810
Creditors - Amounts falling due after one year			
Net Assets		20,985	19,810
Capital and Reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account Other reserves	15 18 18	4,000 16,787 198	4,000 15,667 143
Shareholders' Funds	19	20,985	19,810

The notes on pages 7 to 14 form part of these financial statements

The accounts were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 29 June 2012

_____ C Crossley Cooke, Director

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

1 Principal Accounting Policies

The accounts are prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards under the historical cost convention. The Company has consistently applied all relevant accounting standards.

Under FRS 1 the Company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that a parent undertaking includes the Company in its own published consolidated financial statements. As the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Opus Energy Group Limited the Company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group (or investees of the group qualifying as related parties). The consolidated financial statements of Opus Energy Group Limited, within which this Company is included, can be obtained from the Company's registered office.

The following is a summary of the more important accounting policies

(a) Turnover

Turnover comprises sales of actual and estimated electricity supplied and gas shipped during the year net of value added tax and, to a lesser extent, revenue from services provided to other companies associated with the supply of electricity and gas. Included in debtors and creditors are amounts representing the differences between estimated sales and billed sales. All actual metered consumption data related to customers' electricity consumption received by the year end has been reflected in turnover. Actual metered consumption data relating to the year but received after the year end is not reflected in turnover. The estimated consumption data is revised to actual over a fourteen month settlement period.

(b) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets over the expected useful lives of the assets concerned. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are

Improvements to property Office equipment Fixtures and fittings Computer software Computer equipment Straight line over 10 years Straight line over 4 years Straight line over 4 years Straight line over 3 years Straight line over 3 years

(c) Deferred Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS 19

(d) Hire Purchase and Leasing Commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

(e) Contract Costs

Commission payable to third parties in respect of obtaining customer contracts are amortised over the life of the contract

(f) Accruals

Amounts provided for in accruals are subject to revision over a 14 month period as more accurate data is received from suppliers. The amount accrued is based on the directors' best estimate, at the balance sheet date, for the cost of sales in the year. The amount recognised in the profit and loss account under cost of sales is therefore also subject to the same estimation technique.

(g) Post-retirement benefits

The Company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The amount charged to the profit and loss account represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

2 Turnover

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the Company

3 Staff Costs (including directors)	Year ended 31 March 2012 £'000s	Year ended 31 March 2011 £'000s
Wages and salaries Share based payments Social security costs Other pension costs	10,093 55 1,044 274	8,055 21 831 261
	11,466	9,168
	Year ended 31 March 2012 No	Year ended 31 March 2011 No
The average monthly number of employees, including the directors with employment service agreements, during the year was	365	284
Of which Sales staff Administrative staff	26 339	20 264
Directors' Emoluments	Year ended 31 March 2012 £'000s	Year ended 31 March 2011 £'000s
Remuneration Pension contributions	1,054 186	998 198
Remuneration and other emoluments	1,240	1,196
Highest Paid Director		
Amounts included above Remuneration Pension contributions	204 133	233 197
Remuneration and other emoluments	337	430

The Company had 5 directors for the first 6 months of the year ended 31 March 2012 The Company had 8 directors for the last 6 months of the year ended 31 March 2012 Pension contributions in respect of 7 directors were made during the year (year ended 31 March 2010 2)

At 31 March 2012 the following directors held options in shares of the holding company F Esiri 46,875 (31 March 2011 46,875), S Foster 10,000 (31 March 2011 10,000), A Nash 8,000

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

3 Staff Costs (including directors) (continued)

In October 2009, the Company made loans with a term of 32 years available to senior management employees which the employees used to purchase shares of the holding company pursuant to the exercise of share options. The employees are required to apply a portion of any dividend receipts or share sale proceeds to the early repayment of the loans. The loans incurred interest at 4 00% during the year ended 31 March 2012 (year ended 31 March 2011, 4 00%). The Company provided loans to 5 directors as follows.

	T Boylan £'000s	L Boland £'000s	D Maitland £'000s	l Stockbridge £'000s	A Nash £'000s
Balance at 1 April 2011 Loans to employees who became directors on	134	131	-	-	-
5 October 2011	-	-	37	32	15
Net repayments	(33)	(29)	(18)	(5)	(2)
Interest	5	5	1	1	1
					
At 31 March 2012	106	107	20	28	14

4	Operating Profit	Year ended 31 March 2012 £'000s	Year ended 31 March 2011 £'000s
	The operating profit is stated after charging		
	Depreciation – owned assets	387	244
	Directors emoluments	1,240	1,195
	Hire of plant and machinery - operating lease	646	429
	Rental of property	271	223
			
	Auditor's remuneration		
	Audit of these financial statements	20	30

Amounts receivable by the Company's auditor in respect of services to the Company and its associates, other than the audit of the Company's financial statements, have not been disclosed as the information is required instead to be disclosed on a consolidated basis in the consolidated financial statements of the Company's parent, Opus Energy Group Limited

5	Interest Receivable and Similar Income	Year ended 31 March 2012 £'000s	Year ended 31 March 2011 £'000s
	Bank interest Other interest	23 5	26 11
		28	37
6	Interest Payable and Similar Charges	Year ended 31 March 2012 £'000s	Year ended 31 March 2011 £'000s
	Bank loan interest Other interest	157 7	182 16
		164	198

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

7 Ta	7 Taxation		Year ended 31 March 2011 £'000s
(a) The tax charge on the profit on ordinary activities for the year was as follows		
	Current tax UK Corporation Tax - current year - prior year adjustment	2,819 29	3,530 (5)
	Total current tax	2,848	3,525
	Deferred tax Timing differences, origination and reversal Prior year adjustment	57 -	12 - —————
	Total deferred tax	57	12
	Tax on Profit on ordinary activities	2,905	3,537
(b) Factors affecting tax charge for the year		
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	11,025	12,735
	Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by actual rate of corporation tax in the UK of 26% (year ended 31 March 2011 28%) Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Tax deduction for share options exercised Income tax charge on employee loans – see Note 9 Tax credits Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Loss on disposal of fixed assets Deferred tax arising from short term timing differences Prior year adjustments	2,867 17 14 (23) (48) (8) - - 29	3,566 15 - (2) (38) (5) - (6) (5)
	Total current tax	2,848	3,525
(c) Deferred Tax A deferred taxation asset is recognised in the accounts The elements of deferred taxation are as follows Difference between accumulated depreciation and capital allowances Short term timing differences	7 (112)	(30) (132)
		(105)	(162)
	Movement in year Balance at beginning of year Charged to profit and loss in year	(162) 57	(174) 12
	Balance at end of year	(105)	(162)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

8 Tangible Assets

	Improvements to Property	Office Equipment	Fixtures and Fittings	Computer Equipment & Software	Land	Total
	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s
Cost						
At 1 April 2011	192	225	132	1,034	-	1,583
Additions	303	58	243	491	800	1,895
Disposals	-	(11)	-	-	-	(11)
At 31 March 2012	495	272	375	1,525	800	3,467
	<u></u>					
Depreciation						
At 1 April 2011	27	132	102	706	-	967
Charge for the year	47	46	55	239	_	387
Disposals	-	(11)	•	-	-	(11)
At 31 March 2012	74	167	157	945	-	1,343
						
Net Book Value						
At 31 March 2012	421	105	218	580	800	2,124
At 31 March 2011	165	93	30	328	-	616
						

9 Debtors - Amounts falling due within one year

	31 March 2012 £'000s	31 March 2011 £'000s
Deferred tax (see Note 7)	105	162
Trade debtors	12,760	10,009
Other debtors	1,196	1,025
VAT recoverable	3,169	2,235
Amounts due from Group undertakings	2,968	1,309
	·	
	20,198	14,740

Loans aggregating £445,000 at 31 March 2012, extended to employees by the Company to finance the exercise of share options in the parent company, are included under Other debtors (31 March 2011 £538,000). These loans are repayable by the employees in 2041 if they have not been prepaid sooner. £112,000 of the deferred tax asset will be realised as and when the employee loans are repaid (31 March 2011 £131,000).

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised or the liability settled based on the tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date

On 21 March 2012 the Chancellor announced the reduction in the main rate of UK corporation tax to 24 per cent with effect from 1 April 2012. This change became substantively enacted on 26 March 2012 and therefore the effect of the rate reduction creates a reduction in the deferred tax asset which has been included in the figures above.

The Chancellor also proposed changes to further reduce the main rate of corporation tax by one per cent per annum to 22 per cent by 1 April 2014, but these changes have not yet been substantively enacted and therefore are not included in the figures above. The overall effect of the further reductions from 24 per cent to 22 per cent, if these applied to the deferred tax balance at 31 March 2012, would be to further reduce the deferred tax asset by approximately £9,000

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

10	Prepayments and Accrued Income	31 March 2012 £'000s	31 March 2011 £'000s
	Prepayments Accrued income	6,621 7,423	3,886 7,850
		14,044	11,736
11	Creditors – Amounts falling due within one year	31 March 2012 £'000s	31 March 2011 £'000s
	Trade creditors Amounts due to Holding Company Amounts due to Group undertakings Other creditors Social security and other taxes Corporation tax	2,869 440 4,988 1,809 303 1,205	1,476 68 339 1,651 184 1,477

The Company has a £7 million revolving credit facility which expires in August 2012. At 31 March 2012 the Company had nil drawn down from the facility. Interest on borrowings under this facility is payable at a fixed margin over Libor. The facility is secured by a fixed and floating charge granted in favour of Barclays Bank plc. A fixed and floating charge has been granted in favour of IPM Energy Trading Limited.

12	Accruals and Deferred Income		31 March 2012 £'000s	31 March 2011 £'000s
	Accrued costs Deferred income		8,901 676	10,940 654
			9,577	11,594
13	Obligations under Leasing Agreer	nents	31 March 2012 £'000s	31 March 2011 £'000s
	The Company has the following Operating leases expiring	ng annual commitments - within one year - between one and five years - in more than five years	13 389 918	22 367 484
			1,320	873

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

14 Capital Commitments

At 31 March 2012, the Company had commitments to purchase £146,582,000 of wholesale gas and electricity over the period to March 2015 (31 March 2011 £94,688,000)

15 Called Up Share Capital

	31 March 2012 £'000s	31 March 2011 £'000s
Authorised		
4,050,000, (31 March 2011 4,050,000) Ordinary shares of £1 each	4,050	4,050
Allotted, Issued and Fully Paid 4,000,000 (31 March 2011 4,000,000) Ordinary	The second secon	
shares of £1 each	4,000	4,000
		

16 Related Party Disclosures

The Company was controlled throughout the year by Opus Energy Group Limited which owns 100% of the ordinary share capital

C Crossley Cooke and F Esiri were directors of the Company during the year and were also directors of Opus Energy Group Limited during the year and controlled the Company by virtue of their voting control over the majority of the shares of the parent company

In October 2009, the Company made loans available to senior management employees which the employees used to purchase shares of the holding company pursuant to the exercise of share options. The Company provided loans to 5 directors (3 of whom were appointed as directors during the year) pursuant to loan agreements under this facility. At 31 March 2012, they owed the Company £275,000 under their loan agreements (31 March 2011 £265,000 owed by 2 directors)

Subsidiaries of International Power plc own 30% of the holding company and supply wholesale power and gas to the Company The Company incurred £ 144,436,000 cost of sales to a subsidiary of International Power in the year ended 31 March 2012 (year ended 31 March 2011 £95,668,000) £nil payable to International Power was included in the Company's trade creditors at 31 March 2012 (31 March 2011 £nil)

17 Ultimate Controlling Party

100% of the issued share capital is owned by Opus Energy Group Limited — The directors control Opus Energy Group Limited by virtue of their voting control over the majority of the shares — Group accounts are prepared by Opus Energy Group Limited

18	Reserves	Year ended 31 March 2012 £'000s	Year ended 31 March 2011 £'000s
	At beginning of year Profit for the year Capital contribution from holding company Dividend	15,810 8,120 55 (7,000)	11,841 9,198 21 (5,250)
	At end of year	16,985	15,810
	Profit and loss account Other reserves	16,787 198	15,667 143
	Total	16,985	15,810

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

19	Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholders' Funds	Year ended 31 March 2012 £'000s	Year ended 31 March 2011 £'000s
	Profit for the year Capital contribution from holding company Dividends	8,120 55 (7,000)	9,198 21 (5,250)
	Net addition to shareholders' funds	1,175	3,969
	Opening shareholders' funds	19,810	15,841
	Closing shareholders' funds	20,985	19,810

20 Pension Scheme

The Company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The pension cost charge for the year represents contributions payable by the Company to the scheme and amounted to £274,000 during the year ended 31 March 2012 (year ended 31 March 2011 £261,000)

Contributions amounting to £20,000 at 31 March 2012 (31 March 2011 £34,000) were payable to the scheme and are included in creditors