DURHAM RESIDENTIAL SECURITIES LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

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COMPANY INFORMATION

The director

Mr T Mann

Company secretary

Mr J G Gibson

Date of incorporation

26 February 2002

Registered office

Lynton House 7-12 Tavistock Square

London WC1H 9BQ

Auditor

BSG Valentine

Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors

Lynton House
7 - 12 Tavistock Square

London WC1H 9BQ

Solicitors

Messrs Mark Gilbert Morse

Greys Building 53 Grey Street Newcastle Upon Tyne

NEI 6EE

THE DIRECTOR'S REPORT

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

The director has pleasure in presenting his report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2007

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the company during the year was that of property investment

THE DIRECTOR AND HIS INTERESTS IN THE SHARES OF THE PARENT COMPANY

The director who served the company during the year together with his beneficial interests, including family holdings, in the shares of the parent company was as follows

Ordinary shares in the parent company

At At 31 March 2007 1 April 2006

Mr T Mann 900,000 900,000

DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The director is responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to

select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,

make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,

prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The director is responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the director is aware

there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and

the director has taken all steps that he ought to have taken to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information

AUDITOR

A resolution to re-appoint BSG Valentine as auditor for the ensuing year will be proposed at the annual general meeting in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985

THE DIRECTOR'S REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

SMALL COMPANY PROVISIONS

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985

Registered office Lynton House 7-12 Tavistock Square London WC1H 9BQ

MR T MANN Director

Approved by the board on 30-1-08

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF DURHAM RESIDENTIAL SECURITIES LIMITED

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

We have audited the financial statements of Durham Residential Securities Limited for the year ended 31 March 2007 on pages 6 to 12, which have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2005) and on the basis of the accounting policies set out on pages 9 to 10

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTOR AND AUDITOR

The director's responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Director's Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Director's Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding director's remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Director's Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

BASIS OF AUDIT OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the director in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

OPINION

In our opinion

the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2007 and of its loss for the year then ended,

the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and

the information given in the Director's Report is consistent with the financial statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF DURHAM RESIDENTIAL SECURITIES LIMITED (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

Lynton House 7 - 12 Tavistock Square London WC1H 9BQ

30.1.08

BSG VALENTINE Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

	Mata	2007	2006
TURNOVER	Note	£ 65,274	£ 47,065
Administrative expenses		(55,094)	(32,693)
OPERATING PROFIT	2	10,180	14,372
Interest receivable		317	_
Interest payable and similar charges		(11,841)	(12,506)
(LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEI	FORE		
TAXATION	3.1. 2	(1,344)	1,866
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities			(399)
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		(1,344)	1,467

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

	2007	2006
	£	£
(Loss)/Profit for the financial year attributable to the shareholders	(1,344)	1,467
Unrealised profit on revaluation of certain fixed assets	456,000	33,749
Total gains and losses recognised since the last annual report	454,656	35,216

The notes on pages 9 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2007

		2007		2006	
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	3		1,047,000		570,000
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	4	729,097		***	
Cash at bank		10,778		_	
		739,875			
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due		,			
within one year	5	(4,969)		(2,750)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITII	ES)		734,906		(2,750)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIA	ABILITIES		1,781,906		567,250
CREDITORS Amounts falling due					
after more than one year	6		(954,889)		(194,889)
			827,017		372,361
					
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called-up equity share capital	8		100		100
Revaluation reserve	9		806,233		350,233
Profit and loss account	10		20,684		22,028
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			827,017		372,361

under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2005)

These figure all statements were approved and signed by the director on 30.1.68

MR T MANN

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2005)

Turnover

Turnover includes proceeds from rents from properties which are held as investment

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

Investment properties

Investment properties are shown at their open market value. The surplus or deficit arising from the annual revaluation is transferred to the investment revaluation reserve unless a deficit, or its reversal, on an individual investment property is expected to be permanent, in which case it is recognised in the profit and loss account for the year.

This is in accordance with the FRSSE which, unlike Schedule 4 to the Companies Act 1985, does not require depreciation of investment properties. Investment properties are held for their investment potential and not for use by the company and so their current value is of prime importance. The departure from the provisions of the Act is required in order to give a true and fair view.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

2. OPERATING PROFIT

Operating profit is stated after charging

	2007	2006
	£	£
Auditor's fees	2,380	1,380

3. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

At 31 March 2007

	Investmen	nt properties £
COST OR VALUATION At 1 April 2006 Additions Revaluation		570,000 21,000 456,000
At 31 March 2007		1,047,000
DEPRECIATION At 1 April 2006 and 31 March 2007		
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 March 2007 At 31 March 2006		1,047,000
In respect of certain fixed assets stated at valuations, the comparable historiare as follows	cal cost and depre	
Net book value at end of year	2007 £ 1,047,000	2006 £ 570,000
Historical cost At 1 April 2006 Cost of additions to revalued assets brought forward	219,767 21,000	196,516 23,251

240,767

219,767

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

4 DEBTORS

		2007 £	2006 £
Т	rade debtors	2,399	_
Α	Amounts owed by group undertakings	726,698	_
		720.007	
		729,097	_
5. (CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one ye	ear	
		2007	2006
		£	£
Τ	rade creditors	1,679	_
C	Other creditors including taxation		
	Corporation tax	399	1,370
C	Other creditors	1,511	_
Α	Accruals and deferred income	1,380	1,380
		4,969	2,750
6 0	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more th	an one year	
		2007	2006
		£	£
В	Bank loans and overdrafts	760,000	
A	Amounts owed to group undertakings	194,889	194,889
		954,889	194,889

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due after more than one year are secured by the company

	2007	2006
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	760,000	

The bank loan is secured by

A debenture dated 1 December 2006 including a fixed charge over all present freehold and leasehold property, a first fixed charge over book and other debts, chattels, goodwill and uncalled capital, both present and future, and a first floating charge over all assets and undertaking both present and future

A first mortgage dated 3 October 2006, and a first mortgage dated 10 October 2006 over the company's freehold properties

Included within creditors falling due after more than one year is an amount of £760,000 (2006 - £Nil) in respect of liabilities which fall due for payment after more than five years from the balance sheet date

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

7 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company has made and received loans with the following group companies

At the year end the company was owed £726,698 (2006 £Nil) by Westnew Management Limited During the year the company was charged a management fee of £25,000 by Westnew Management Limited

At the year end the company owed First County Investments Limited £194,889 (2006 £194,889)

8 SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised share capital

	1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each		2007 £ 1,000		2006 £ 1,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	2007 No 100	£	2006 No 100	£
9.	REVALUATION RESERVE				
	Balance brought forward Revaluation of fixed assets Balance carried forward		2007 £ 350,233 456,000 806,233		2006 £ 316,484 33,749 350,233
10.	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT				
			2007 £		2006 £
	Balance brought forward (Loss)/profit for the financial year		22,028 (1,344)		20,561 1,467
	Balance carried forward		20,684		22,028

11 ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

At the year end the director considers the ultimate parent company to be Oceana Group (Holdings) Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and owns 100% of the company's share capital Oceana Group (Holdings) Limited is a parent company of the largest and smallest group that Durham Residential Securities Limited is a member of