Report and Financial Statements

For the Period Ended

31st March 2011

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OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

Company Registration Number

4380225

Registered Office

Trelawney House Chestergate Macclesfield Cheshire SK11 6DW

Directors

A J Dunleavy A K Whibley C Calder Smith D Morren N Patel

Secretary

N Patel

Bankers

Bank of Scotland Plc 38 Threadneedle Street

London EC2P 2EH

Solicitors

Reynolds Porter Chamberlain LLP

Tower Bridge House St Katherine's Way

London E1W 1AA

Auditors

Grant Thornton UK LLP Registered Auditors Chartered Accountants Grant Thornton House

Melton Street Euston Square London NW1 2EP

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present report together with the audited financial statements for the 15 month period year ended 31 March 2011

Principal Activity

The principal activity of the Company is the provision of publishing services

Business Review

There was a profit for the period after taxation amounting to £13,456 (2009 Profit £49,535) The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend

On 7th May 2010, 100% of the share capital of the Company was acquired by Ten Alps Communications Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Ten Alps Plc

Charitable Donations

The company made charitable donations during the period of £5,000

Directors

The present membership of the Board is set out below. All served on the Board throughout the period

A J Dunleavy

A K Whibley

C Calder Smith

D Morren

N Patel

D Hurst Brown (Resigned 07/05/2010)

The directors do not have any other interests required to be disclosed under Schedule 7 of the Companies Act 1975

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs and profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as each of the directors is aware.

• there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and

• the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions

Creditor Payment Policy

It is Company policy to agreed and clearly communicate the terms of payment as part of the commercial arrangement negotiated with suppliers and then to pay according to those terms based upon timely receipt of an accurate invoice. The Company has a policy of meeting the liabilities as they fall due

Employment Involvement

The Company appreciates the commitment of its employees in maintaining high standards of service Communication with employees is by consultation, memoranda, management and departmental briefings and meetings

The Company is an equal opportunity employer Disabled persons are considered for employment where they have the appropriate skills and abilities to perform the job Employees who become disabled during their working life will be retained in employment wherever possible and will be given help with any necessary retraining

Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Company uses various financial instruments including cash and various items, such as trade debtors and trade creditors that arise directly from its operations. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the company's operations.

The main risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are cash flow, interest rate risk, and liquidity risk. The directors review and agree policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below. These policies have remained unchanged from previous years.

Liquidity Risk

The Company seeks to manage financial risk by ensuring sufficient liquidity is available to meet foreseeable needs and to invest cash assets safely and profitably

Interest Rate Risk

The Company finances its operations through a mixture of retained profits and bank borrowings. The Company's exposure to interest rate fluctuations on its borrowings is managed by the use of floating facilities.

Auditors

Grant Thornton UK LLP having expressed their willingness to continue in office, will be deemed reappointed for the next financial year in accordance with section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006 unless the Company received notice under section 488(1) of the Companies Act 2006

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

Date:

_2011

AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have audited the financial statements of Grove House Publishing for the 15-month period ended 31 March 2011, which comprise the principal accounting policies, the profit and loss account, the Balance Sheet and notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective Responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on pages 2 and 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors

Scope Of The Audit Of The Financial Statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www frc org uk/apb/scope/private cfm

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2011 and of its profit for the year then ended
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on Other Matters Prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are Required to Report by Exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made or

• we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Mark Henshaw

Senior Statutory Auditor

for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP Statutory Auditor, Chartered Accountants

London

29 September 2011

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards

The principal accounting policies of the Company have remained unchanged from the previous year and are set out below

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is wholly owned and its parent publishes a consolidated cash flow statement

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts earned in respect of advertising space, related production and artwork. Turnover is recognised at the point at which publications are despatched. Payments received in advance are recognised as deferred income on the Balance Sheet until the publication is despatched. All turnover arose in the United Kingdom and is stated net of Value Added Tax.

Investments

Investments held as Fixed Assets are stated at cost less provision for any impairment

Tangible Fixed Assets And Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated to write down the cost less estimated residual value of all Tangible Fixed Assets other than freehold land over their expected useful lives The rates generally applicable are

Short leasehold property alternations
Fixtures and Fittings (including Plant and Machinery)
Motor vehicles

Over the term of the lease 10% - 33% straight line basis 25% - 35% reduction balance

Leased Assets

Assets obtained under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are capitalised at their fair value on acquisition and depreciated over their estimated useful lives
The finance charges are allocated over the period of the lease in proportion to the capital element outstanding

Operating lease rentals are charged to income in equal annual amounts over the lease term

Stocks and Work in Progress

Work in Progress comprises cumulative costs incurred in relation to unpublished titles, less provision for contingencies and anticipated future losses

Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using tax rates and laws that have been enacted of substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date

Deferred Taxation

Deferred Tax is recognised on all timing differences where the transactions or events that give the Company an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future, have occurred by the Balance Sheet date. Deferred Tax Assets are recognised when it is more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred Tax is measured using rates of tax that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

A net Deferred Tax Asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the timing differences are expected to reverse based on the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date. Deferred Tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

Deferred Publications

Revenue and direct production costs on publications are dealt with in the profit and loss account when the publications to which they relate are distributed

Advertising Contracts

Revenue and costs on advertising contracts are dealt with in the Profit and Loss account on completion of the obligations under the contract

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

For the Period Ended 31 March 2011

		15 months ended 31 March	Year Ended 31 December
	Note	2011	2009
		£	£
Turnover Cost of Sales	1	1,711,972 (637,490)	1,308,559 (584,093)
Gross Profit		1,074,482	724,466
Administrative Expenses		(1,010,380)	(555,619)
Operating Profit		64,102	168,847
Interest Payable and Similar Charges	2	(20,446)	(78,589)
Interest Receivable and Similar Income			
Profit on Ordinary Activities Before Taxation		43,656	90,258
Tax on Profit on Ordinary Activities	4	(30,200)	(40,723)
Profit on Ordinary Activities After Taxation	1	13,456	49,535
Profit and Loss Reserve Brought Forward		9,105	(40,430)
Profit and Loss Reserve Carried Forward		22,561	9,105

All transactions arise from continuing operations

There were no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the financial year

The accompanying Accounting Policies and Notes form an integral part of these financial statements

BALANCE SHEET					
As at 31 March 2011	Note		2011		2009
		£	£	£	£
Fixed Assets					
Tangible Assets	6		28,739		19,812
Current Assets					
Debtors	7	627,648		285,275	
Cash at Bank and in Hand		69,702		316,630	
Total Current Assets		697,350		601,905	
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	8	(238,026)		(149,333)	
W. G			450.204		450 550
Net Current Assets			459,324		452,572
Total Assets Less Current Liabilities			488,063		472,384
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	9		(2,023)		-
Provisions for Liabilities	10		(3,377)		(3,177)
Net Assets			482,663	;	£ 469,207
Capital and Reserves					
Called Up Share Capital	11		382,757		382,757
Share Premium Reserve	12		77,345		77,345
Profit and Loss Reserve	12		22,561		9,105
Shareholders' Funds		1	£ 482,663	£	469,207

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 21 September 2011

Adrian Dunleavy Director

Company Number: 4380225

The accompanying accounting policies and notes form an integral part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2011

1.	Turnover And Profit On Ordinary Activities Before Taxation		
	The profit/loss on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after	2011	2009
		£	£
	Auditors' Remuneration		
	Audit Services Non Audit Services	-	-
	Depreciation		
	Tangible Fixed Assets – Owned Tangible Fixed Assets – Leased	10,033 3,920	7,753
	Operating Lease Rentals		
	Land and Buildings Other	22,620 2,825	14,855 1,872
2.	Interest Payable and Similar Charges		
	Finance Leases Preference Shares	2,406 18,040	- 78,589
		20,446	78,589
3.	Directors' Remuneration		
	Directors' remuneration for the period	183,411	149,071
4.	Taxation		
	Analysis of current period tax charge		
	Current Tax - Corporation Tax	30,000	37,546
	Deferred Tax - Origination and reversal of timing differences	200	3,177
	Total Tax on Profit on Ordinary Activities	30,200	40,723

5	Fixed Assets		Plant & Machinery
	Cost		£
	As at 01 January 2010 Additions/Disposals		59,797 22,880
	As at 31 March 2011		82,677
	Depreciation		
	As at 01 January 2010 Charge for the Year		39,985 13,953
	As at 31 March 2011		53,938
	Net Book Value		
	As at 31 March 2011		28,739
	As at 31 December 2009		19,812
	The net book value of assets held under finance leases was £11,221 as at 31 March 2011		
6.	Debtors		
		2011 £	2009 £
	Trade Debtors	266,862	262,643
	Other Debtors Prepayments	207 22,207	22,632
	Accrual Income Amount due from parent undertaking	1,650 336,722	-
		627,648	285,275
7	Creditors: Amounts Falling Due within One Year		
7.	Trade Creditors	19,281	23,688
	Corporation Tax	19,281	23,000
	Other Tax and Social Security	56,815	86,801
	Other Creditors	317	38,844
	Accruals Deferred Income	54,062 100,430	-
	Finance Leases	7,113	-
		238,026	149,333
			Page 10

			2011 £	2009 £
8.	Creditors: Amounts Falling Due after more than One year			
	Finance Leases		2,023	
9.	Provisions for Liabilities			
,	Deferred Tax Provision		3,377	3,177
				
10.	Share Capital			
	Equity			
	25,707 Ordinary Share of 1 pence each 382,500 Preference Shares of £1 each		257 382,500	257 382,500
			382,757	382,757
11	Reserves			
	S	hare Premium Reserve £	Profit & Loss Reserve	Total £
	Balance at 01 January 2010 Transfer from Profit and Loss Account for the Year	77,345	9,105 13,456	86,450 13,456
		77,345	22,561	99,906
12.	Related Parties			
	Director's Loan Account			
	The following balance owed to the Director was outstanding a year er	nd	2011 £	2009 £
	C Calder Smith A Whibley		143 14	3,216

13. Transactions with Directors and Other Related Parties

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 8 "Related Party Disclosures" and has not disclosed transactions with group undertakings

There are no other related party transactions

14. Ultimate Parent Undertaking

The Company is a subsidiary of Ten Alps Communications Limited The ultimate parent undertaking is Ten Alps Plc Copies of the Group Financial Statements can be obtained from that company's registered office being, Links House, Suite 4/2, 15 Links Place, Edinburgh, EH6 7EZ