Form 4 68 **S. 192**

The Insolvency Act 1986 Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments

Pursuant to section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

To the Registrar of Companies

	For of	ficial use
Company Num 04368728	ber	

(a) Insert full

Name of Company

AGP Windows Limited

(b) Insert full name(s) and address(es)

name of company

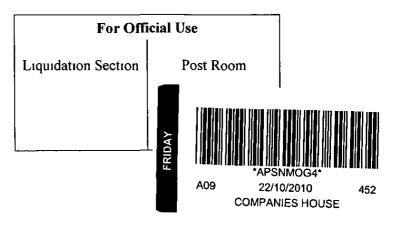
David Norman Kaye Stanton House 41 Blackfriars Road Salford Manchester M3 7DB

the liquidator of the company attach a copy of my statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed Date 21 October 2010

Presenter's name, address and reference (if any) Crawfords
Stanton House
41 Blackfriars Road
Salford
Manchester
M3 7DB

B953/5/DNK/GRR



Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of company

AGP Windows Limited

Company's registered number

04368728

State whether members' or creditors'

o 1.

voluntary winding up

Creditors

Date of commencement of winding up

15 April 2008

Date to which this statement is brought down

14 October 2010

Name and address of liquidator

David Norman Kaye Stanton House 41 Blackfriars Road Salford Manchester M3 7DB

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc, and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services. Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represents the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor, or contributory
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

Liquidator's statement of account under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Realisations			
Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
		Brought forward	10,484 97
		Carried forward	10,484 97

Note No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account

Disbursem	ents		
Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
		Brought forward	7,208 90
09/09/2010 09/09/2010	Crawfords Crawfords	Annual Meeting Expenses VAT Recoverable	161 28 28 22
		Carried forward	7,398 40

Analysis of balance

	ſ	£
Total Realisations		10,484 97
Total Disbursements		7,398 40
	Balance £	3,086 57
This balance is made up as follows		
1 Cash in hands of liquidator		0 00
2 Balance at Bank		3,086 57
3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0 00
	£	
4 Amounts invested by liquidator	0 00	
Less the cost of investments realised	0 00	
Balance		0 00
5 Accrued Items		0 00
Total Balance as shown above		3,086 57

[NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement]

The liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up

	£
Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors –including the	
holders of floating charges)	8,550 00
Liabilities-Fixed charge creditors	0 00
Floating charge holders	0 00
Preferential creditors	0 00
Unsecured creditors	207,833 00

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up-

Paid up in cash
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

None

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Potential recoveries in relation to the company's bank account

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

Not known