REGISTERED NUMBER 04361684 (England and Wales)

STFC INNOVATIONS LIMITED

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

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STFC INNOVATIONS LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION For The Year Ended 31 March 2015

DIRECTORS

T Bestwick A Taylor P B Kaziewicz M A R Affonso W Whitehorn

SECRETARY

Aldwych Secretaries Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Rutherford Appleton Laboratory Harwell Science and Innovation Campus

Didcot **OX11 0QX**

REGISTERED NUMBER

04361684 (England and Wales)

SENIOR STATUTORY AUDITOR. Sue Staunton MA FCA CF

AUDITORS:

James Cowper Kreston

Chartered Accountants and

Statutory Auditor 2 Chawley Park Cumnor Hill Oxford Oxfordshire OX2 9GG

BANKERS:

Lloyds TSB 5 High Street Swindon Wiltshire SN1 3EN

SOLICITORS:

Manches LLP

9400 Garsington Road Oxford Business Park

Oxford OX4 2HN

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS For The Year Ended 31 March 2015

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2015

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

STFC Innovations Ltd carries out activities in the field of commercialisation for the Science and Technology Facilities Council (STFC) as follows

- investing in a portfolio of start-up companies based on STFC intellectual property,
- commercially exploiting STFC's intellectual property through licence agreements and sales of products and services.
- operating business incubators

STFC Innovations Ltd is wholly-owned by STFC, and is integrated with the operations and mission of STFC Staff working for STFC Innovations Ltd are either employed directly by the company, or are employees of STFC assigned to work with the company

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 April 2014 to the date of this report

T Bestwick A Taylor P B Kaziewicz M A R Affonso W Whitehorn

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps, for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF STFC INNOVATIONS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of STFC Innovations Limited for the year ended 31 March 2015 on pages five to twenty two. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page two, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the FRC's website at www frc org uk/apb/scope/private cfm

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2015 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Directors

Sue Staunton MA FCA CF (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of James Cowper Kreston

Chartered Accountants and

Statutory Auditor

2 Chawley Park

Cumnor Hill

Oxford

Oxfordshire

OX2 9GG

Date

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS For The Year Ended 31 March 2015

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD.

T Bestwick - Director

Date 14 May 2015

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For The Year Ended 31 March 2015

	Notes	2015 £	2014 £
CONTINUING OPERATIONS Revenue		620,313	657,113
Other operating income Administrative expenses		83,864 (1,022,401)	92,988 (1,259,086)
OPERATING LOSS		(318,224)	(508,985)
Finance income	3	28,705	3,143
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX	4	(289,519)	(505,842)
Income tax	5	-	-
LOSS FOR THE YEAR OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOM	иЕ	(289,519) -	(505,842)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOMFOR THE YEAR	ME	(289,519) ———	(505,842)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 31 March 2015

	Mataa	2015	2014
400570	Notes	£	£
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	e	E02.000	404.000
Investments	6 7	503,988	404,808
Loans and other financial assets	1	308,000	238,000
		811,988	642,808
CURRENT ASSETS			
Trade and other receivables	8	701,911	476,205
Cash and cash equivalents	9	187,337	459,041
		889,248	935,246
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	10	396,561	266,943
NET CURRENT ASSETS		492,687	668,303
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	10	9,625,834	9,342,751
NET LIABILITIES		(8,321,159)	(8,031,640)
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Called up share capital	11	1	1
Revaluation reserve	12	1	1
Retained earnings	12	(8,321,161)	(8,031,642)
TOTAL EQUITY		(8,321,159)	(8,031,640)

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on signed on its behalf by

and were

T Bestwick - Director
18th My 2015

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For The Year Ended 31 March 2015

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings	Revaluation reserve	Total equity £
Balance at 1 April 2013	1	(7,525,800)	1	(7,525,798)
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income Balance at 31 March 2014	1	(505,842) (8,031,642)		(505,842)
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income		(289,519)		(289,519)
Balance at 31 March 2015	1	(8,321,161)	1	(8,321,159)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For The Year Ended 31 March 2015

		2015 £	2014 £
Cash flows from operating activities		-	-
Cash generated from operations	1	(165,427)	309,654
Net cash from operating activities		(165,427)	309,654
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of fixed asset investments Interest received		(106,277)	3,143
Net cash from investing activities		(106,277)	3,143
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cas Cash and cash equivalents at	h equivalents	(271,704)	312,797
beginning of year	2	459,041	146,244
Out and and a set of a set of a			
Cash and cash equivalents at end of	r 2	187,337	459,041
year	4		405,04 1

NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For The Year Ended 31 March 2015

1 RECONCILIATION OF LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

	2015	2014
	£	£
Loss before income tax	(289,519)	(505,842)
Finance income	(28,705)	(3,143)
	(318,224)	(508,985)
Increase in trade and other receivables	(76,941)	(135,605)
Increase in trade and other payables	229,738	954,244
Cash generated from operations	(165,427)	309,654

2 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Statement of Cash Flows in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Statement of Financial Position amounts

Year	en	hah	31	Mai	rch.	2015	
ı caı	CILI			TVI A	1.11	2013	

	31.3 15 £	1 4 14 £
Cash and cash equivalents	187,337	459,041
Year ended 31 March 2014		
	31 3 14 £	1 4 13 £
Cash and cash equivalents	459,041	146,244

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For The Year Ended 31 March 2015

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and IFRIC interpretations and with those parts of the Companies Act 2006 applicable to companies reporting under IFRS. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The company has taken advantage of the exemption not to prepare consolidated accounts available under Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 as it is included in the consolidated accounts of the STFC, copies of which can be obtained from the address in note 13

Revenue

Revenue is recognised only when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the company and the amount of revenue can be reliably estimated

Revenue represents amounts receivable by the company in respect of services rendered during the year in accordance with the underlying contract or licence, stated net of value added tax

Amounts receivable under milestone agreements are recognised in accordance with the terms of the underlying agreement and are typically recognised upon the completion of the significant acts within the agreements. Revenue is specifically only recognised when the terms of any milestone are reasonably expected to be met and the relevant act has been completed as the company has no contractual rights to the revenue until this point.

Licence fee revenue is recognised up-front as a sale of the company if the company has discharged all of its on-going obligations

Government grants are recognised as income over the periods necessary to match them with the related costs which they are intended to compensate

Royalty revenue is recognised only when it is probable that the royalty will be received

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For The Year Ended 31 March 2015

ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

The company uses certain financial instruments in its operating and investing activities that are deemed appropriate for its strategy and circumstances

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised on the Statement of Financial Position when the company has become a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument

Financial instruments recognised on the Statement of Financial Position include cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade payables and borrowings

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and on demand deposits, and other short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value

Interest bearing loans and overdrafts are recorded at the fair value received less any transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition such instruments are measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Financial assets

Convertible loan stock, trade receivables, loans and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments are classified as loans and receivables and are measured initially at fair value plus transaction costs and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment. Interest is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

Financial assets are assessed for impairment at each reporting date by considering the recoverable-amount of the asset in comparison to its carrying value and any impairment recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Trade receivables are assessed for collectability and where appropriate the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is uncollectible it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account and changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in the profit or loss in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities such as trade payables and loans are classified as payables and are measured initially at fair value less transaction costs. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, except for short term payables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

Taxation

Current taxes are based on the results shown in the financial statements and are calculated according to local tax rules, using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted by the statement of financial position date

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at rates of exchange ruling at the Statement of Financial Position date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Employee benefit costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to the income statement in the period to which they relate

Page 11 continued

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For The Year Ended 31 March 2015

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Investments

Unlisted investments are stated in accordance with the British Venture Capital Association guidelines for valuation of unlisted investments at amounts considered by the directors to be a fair assessment of their value

Unlisted investments are stated at amounts considered by the directors to be a fair assessment of their value, subject to overriding requirements of prudence. All investments are valued according to one of the following bases.

- Cost (less any provision required)
- Third party valuation
- Earnings multiple
- Net assets

Investments are normally valued at cost until the availability of the first set of audited accounts post completion of the investment. Provisions against cost however, will be made as soon as appropriate in the light of adverse circumstances - for example, where an investment performs significantly below expectations.

Gains and losses on realisation of fixed asset investments are dealt with through the realised capital reserve. Fixed asset investments are not held for immediate resale and any gains on realisations, are not available for distribution as a dividend. The difference between the market value of fixed, asset investments over cost to the company is shown as an unrealised gain or loss.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available under IFRS 10 not to apply the equity method of accounting in relation to the investments in note 6

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For The Year Ended 31 March 2015

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Going concern

The company has net liabilities of £8,321,159 (2014 - £8,031,640) and made a loss of £289,519 (2014 - £505,842) in the year. The directors consider it appropriate to prepare the accounts on a going concern basis as the parent company, the STFC, has pledged to support the company until at least 31 March 2016 and beyond subject to adequate funding being available in future Spending Reviews.

Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are stated at cost after deducting provisions for impairment of receivables

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash at the bank and in hand and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

Recent Accounting Developments

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the IASB and IFRIC have issued the following standards and interpretations which are effective for annual accounting periods beginning on or after the stated effective date

The following new standards, amendments to existing standards or interpretations are mandatory for the first time for the financial period ending 31 March 2015, but either have no significant impact or are not currently relevant

IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements

IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements

IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement

IAS 19 (Revised) Employee Benefits

IAS 27 (Revised) Separate Financial Statements

IAS 28 (Revised) Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

IAS 32 Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

IAS 36 Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets

IAS 39 Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting

Investment Entities - Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 27

Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income - Amendments to IAS 1

Disclosures - Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities - Amendments to IFRS 7

Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2009-2011 Cycle

The directors have assessed that the adoption of these revisions and amendments did not have an impact on the financial position or performance of the company

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the following Standards and Interpretations which have not been applied in these financial statements were in issue but not yet effective -

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (effective 1 January 2018)

IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts (effective 1 January 2016)

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (effective 1 January 2017)

The directors anticipate that the adoption of these Standards and Interpretations in future periods will have no material impact on the financial statements of the company

Critical Accounting Judgements

The company's principal accounting policies are set out above Management is required to exercise significant judgement and make use of estimates and assumptions in the application of these policies

Areas which management believes to require the most critical accounting judgements are

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continued

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For The Year Ended 31 March 2015

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

(a) Impairment of investments

The company records all investments at cost. Impairment charges are made if in the management's assessment there is significant doubt as to the sufficiency of future economic benefits to justify the carrying values of the investments.

(b) Impairment of receivables

At the balance sheet date the directors evaluate the collectability of trade receivables and record the provisions for impairment of receivables based on experience including for example, comparisons of the relative age of accounts and consideration of actual write-off history. The actual level of debt collected may differ from estimated levels of recovery, which could impact on operating results positively or negatively.

Deferred tax

3

Deferred taxation is provided on all temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the accounting and tax balance sheets except where IAS 12 'Income Taxes' specifies that it should not. Deferred taxation is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which temporary differences reverse, based on tax rates or laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

STFC Innovations Limited does not recognise the deferred tax asset because it is unrealistic that the company will make a sufficient profit in the future to utilise the losses available

2 EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

	2015 £	2014 £
Wages and salaries	162,038	262,360
Social security costs	20,070	27,323
Other pension costs	11,347	64,116
	193,455	353,799
The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows		
	2015	2014
Administrative staff	2	4
	2015	2014
Directors' remuneration	£ 86,521	£ 86,680
Directors' pension contributions to money purchase schemes	(16,310)	28,887
NET FINANCE INCOME		
NET TRANSPORT	2015	2014
	£	£
Finance income		
Interest received	28,705	3,143

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For The Year Ended 31 March 2015

4 LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX

The loss before income tax is stated after charging

	2015	2014
	£	£
Auditors' remuneration	6,000	5,650
Auditors' remuneration for non audit work	5,400	7,610
Foreign exchange differences	12,806	5,447

5 **INCOME TAX**

Analysis of tax expense
No liability to UK corporation tax arose on ordinary activities for the year ended 31 March 2015 nor for the year ended 31 March 2014

6 **INVESTMENTS**

	Shares in group undertakings £
COST At 1 April 2014 Additions	404,808 99,180
At 31 March 2015	503,988
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 March 2015	503,988
	Shares in group undertakings £
COST At 1 April 2013 and 31 March 2014	404,808
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 March 2014	404,808

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For The Year Ended 31 March 2015

6 INVESTMENTS - continued

At 31 March 2015 the company held interests in the following undertakings

	Class of share held	Proportion 31 March 2015 %	Date of financial information	Aggregate of capital and reserves £	Profit/(Loss) for the year £
Oxsensis Limited	Ordinary	3 1	31/12/14	(2,805,325)	(1,320,333)
L3 Technology Limited	Ordinary	03	31/12/13	(116,954)	(314,202)
Microvisk Limited	Ordinary	0 8	31/03/14	4,529,098	(3,179,420)
Dsoft Limited Cobalt Light Systems	Ordinary	24 0	31/03/14	8,658	33,244
Limited Quantum Detectors	Ordinary	20 2	30/06/14	4,400,595	2,656,560
Limited The Electrospinning	Ordinary	90	31/03/14	110,912	(1,289)
Company Limited	Ordinary	28 1	30/06/14	313,414	(65,200)
Scitech Precision Limited Teratech Components	Ordinary	100	31/03/14	209,835	54,411
Limited	Ordinary	49 9	30/11/14	308,727	137,994
KEIT Limited	Ordinary	15 2	31/12/14	383,294	(386,806)

The aggregate of capital and reserves and profit / (loss) for the year are taken from the last available annual financial statements for that company Although some of the last available financial statements do not coincide with or end before STFC Innovations Limited's financial year end, in the opinion of the directors this does not have a material impact on the financial statements as these investments are held at nil cost

All companies are incorporated in England

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For The Year Ended 31 March 2015

6 INVESTMENTS - continued

At 31 March 2014 the company held interests in the following undertakings

	Class of share held	Proportion 31 March 2014 %	Date of financial information	Aggregate of capital and reserves £	Profit/(Loss) for the year £
Oxsensis Limited	Ordinary	3 1	31/12/13	(646,013)	104,182
L3 Technology Limited	Ordinary	03	31/12/12	197,248	(361,222)
Microvisk Limited	Ordinary	8 0	31/03/13	2,169,156	(2.814,743)
Dsoft Limited Cobalt Light Systems	Ordinary	24 0	31/03/13	8,434	36,644
Limited Quantum Detectors	Ordinary	20 2	30/06/13	1,744,039	5,942
Limited The Electrospinning	Ordinary	90	31/03/13	112,201	52,543
Company Limited	Ordinary	24 6	30/06/13	198,250	(76,755)
Scitech Precision Limited Teratech Components	Ordinary	100	31/03/13	155,424	9,060
Limited	Ordinary	49 9	30/11/12	166,222	6,930
Cella Energy Limited	Ordinary	90	31/12/13	527,627	(1,519,177)
KEIT Limited	Ordinary	49 9	31/12/13	498,086	(102,552)

The aggregate of capital and reserves and profit / (loss) for the year are taken from the last available annual financial statements for that company. Although some of the last available financial statements do not coincide with or end before STFC Innovations Limited's financial year end, in the opinion of the directors this does not have a material impact on the financial statements as these investments are held at nil cost.

All companies are incorporated in England

7 LOANS AND OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

	2015	2014
	£	£
Secured convertible loan stock	308,000	238,000

Secured convertible loan stock relates to loan stock held in Oxsensis Limited Interest is payable on the loan at 10% per annum until the redemption date of April 2017. The loan stock is convertible, under the option of the holder or if other qualifying conditions are met.

8 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2015 £	2014 £
Current	2	~
Trade receivables	207,911	216,402
Amounts owed by group undertakings	100,637	136,222
Other receivables	393,363	123,581
	701,911	476,205
		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For The Year Ended 31 March 2015

9 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Bank accounts	s		2015 £ 187,337	2014 £ 459,041
10	TRADE AND	OTHER PAYABLES			
	0			2015 £	2014 £
	Current Trade payable Other payable			117,361 279,200	63,683 203,260
				396,561	266,943
	Non-current Amounts ower	d to group undertakings		9,625,834	9,342,751
	Aggregate am	ounts	-	10,022,395	9,609,694
11	CALLED UP	SHARE CAPITAL			
	Allotted, issue Number	d and fully paid Class Ordinary share	Nominal value £1	2015 £ 1	2014 £ 1
12	RESERVES		Retained earnings £	Revaluation reserve £	Totals £
	At 1 April 2014 Deficit for the		(8,031,642) (289,519)	1	(8,031,641) (289,519)
	At 31 March 2	015	(8,321,161)	1	(8,321,160)
			Retained earnings £	Revaluation reserve	Totals £
	At 1 April 2013 Deficit for the		(7,525,800) (505,842)	1	(7,525,799) (505,842)
	At 31 March 2	.014	(8,031,642)	1	(8,031,641)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For The Year Ended 31 March 2015

13 ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The directors regard the STFC, a non-departmental public body incorporated by Royal Charter in England and Wales, as the Company's ultimate parent by way of its 100% shareholding. The accounts of this company are available from the STFC, Polaris House, North Star Avenue, Swindon, SN2 1SZ

14 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the year the company made net invoiced purchases of £2,831 (2014 £33,393) from the STFC,the parent company The company made sales of £Nil to the STFC (2014 £nil) The Company also recharged £83,864 (2014 £92,988) of costs to STFC

At the end of the year a balance of £9,625,834 (2014 £9,342,751) remains outstanding to the STFC and is included within creditors. There is no fixed date for repayment and the outstanding balance does not incur interest. Due to there being no fixed date for repayment and in the opinion of the directors and the STFC it is unlikely the amounts owed will be repaid within 12 months, the amounts owed to the STFC have been shown as a long term liability.

During the year ended 31 March 2015, the company made sales to and purchases from the following companies in which it has a financial interest, as disclosed in note 6, or are deemed to be a related party through common directorship

	Sales	Purchases	Debtor at 31 March 2015	Creditor at 31 March 2015
	£	£	£	£
Oxsensis Limited	4,803	70,000	3,340	70,000
Cobalt Light Systems Limited	44,671	-	10,135	-
The Electrospinning Company Limited	-	56,277	-	56,277
Teratech Components Limited	7,306	-	-	-
KEIT Limited	17,531	180,435	4,442	120,060
Cella Energy Limited	-	-	4,804	-

Included within purchases are amounts for Oxsensis Limited £70,000, The Electrospinning Company Limited £56,277 and Keit Ltd £170,060 which relate to investments made during the year

During the year ended 31 March 2015, the company also received £28,705 (2014 £3,143) interest from Oxsensis Limited in relation to loan interest. At the year end £54,800 (2014 £26,095) was outstanding

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For The Year Ended 31 March 2015

During the year the ended 31 March 2014 the company made net invoiced purchases of £33,393 (2012 £103,594) from the STFC, the parent company The company made sales of £Nil to the STFC (2013 £22,176) The company also recharged £92,988 (2013 £123,182) of costs to STFC

During the year ended 31 March 2014, the company made sales to and purchases from the following companies in which it has a financial interest, as disclosed in note 6, or are deemed to be a related party through common directorship

	Sales	Purchases	Debtor at 31 March 2014	Creditor at 31 March 2014
	£	£	£	£
Oxsensis Limited	15,492	-	-	-
Cobalt Light Systems Limited	59,621	-	-	-
The Electrospinning Company Limited	_	10,923	_	-
Scitech Precision Limited	-	31,725	-	-
Teratech Components Limited	3,949	-	_	-
KEIT Limited	5,872	31,197	_	•
Cella Energy Limited	5,471	-	5,059	_
DSoft Limited	-	1,035	· -	-
Quantum Detectors Limited	-	50,000	•	-

During the year ended 31 March 2014, the company also received £3,143 (2013 £22,952) interest from Oxsensis Limited in relation to loan interest. At the year end £26,095 (2012 £Nil) was outstanding

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For The Year Ended 31 March 2015

15 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT, OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

Financial assets

2015	2014
£	£
308,000	238,000
187,337	459,041
207,911	216,402
393,363	123,581
100,637	136,222
1,197,248	1,173,246
	£ 308,000 187,337 207,911 393,363 100,637

The average credit period for sales of goods and services is 30 days. No interest is charged on overdue trade receivables. At 31 March 2015 there were £18,283 of trade receivables (2014 £Nil) past due and all trade receivables are considered by the directors to be recoverable in full.

All trade receivable are denominated in Sterling in during 2015 and 2014

The company's policy is to provide for doubtful debts based on estimated irrecoverable amounts determined by reference to specific circumstances and past default experience. At the balance, sheet date the directors consider that a provision of £10,804 is to be included (2014 £Nil)

Financial liabilities

	2015 £	2014 £
Trade payables Amounts owed to group companies Other payables (excluding social security and other taxes)	117,361 9,625,834 275,336	63,683 9,342,751 203,261
Total	10,018,531	9,609,695

The carrying amount of trade payables approximates to fair value

The average credit period on purchases of goods is 30 days. No interest is charged on trade, payables. The company has policies in place to ensure that trade payables are paid within the credit timeframe, or as otherwise agreed.

Credit risk

The company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade receivables, other receivables, bank overdraft, amounts owed to group, other payables and cash and cash equivalents. The amounts presented in the Statement of Financial Position are net of any allowances for doubtful receivables. Cash at bank is all held with highly rated banks or deposit takers the suitability of which is constantly reviewed.

Interest rate risk

The company is exposed to interest rate risk in respect of surplus funds held on deposit. The directors do not consider this risk to be significant

The company does not charge interest on trade receivables as interest rates and amounts earned on cash deposits are immaterial, the company does not have any material interest rate exposure

All cash and cash equivalent balances are denominated in Sterling in 2015 and 2014

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continued

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For The Year Ended 31 March 2015

Currency risk

The company publishes its financial statements in pounds sterling and conducts some of its business in Euros. As a result, it is subject to foreign currency exchange risk due to exchange movements, which will affect the company's transaction costs and translation of the results. No financial instruments are utilised to manage risk, and currency gains / losses are credited / charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income as incurred. The Board considered that this exposure was not sufficiently material to warrant hedging. At the year end, the company held the following net foreign currency balances.

Foreign exchange

Euros 2015 2014 207,296

The majority of the company's revenue is in foreign currencies and the majority of the cost base is in Pounds Sterling. There is no natural foreign exchange hedge. A movement in the value of Pounds sterling during the course of the year would impact on the company's overall loss by approximately £20,000 (2014 £20,000).

Liquidity risk

The company seeks to manage risks to ensure sufficient liquidity is available to meet foreseeable needs. Short term flexibility is achieved by the use of the bank overdraft and funding from STFC. The directors prepare cash flow forecasts on a regular basis to identify at an early stage any short term funding difficulties.

Capital risk management

The company seeks to enhance shareholder value by capturing business opportunities as they develop. To achieve this goal, the company maintains sufficient capital to support its business.

The company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014



COMPANY NAME:

STFC INNOVATIONS LIMITED

COMPANY NUMBER:

04361684

The page containing unnecessary material in the accounts was removed from the public register on 03/07/2015