COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 04339100

HOLLYMOOR PROPERTIES LIMITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR 31 DECEMBER 2015

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HOLLYMOOR PROPERTIES LIMITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

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ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 DECEMBER 2015

		201	5	2014	4
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible Assets	2		2,391,617		1,594,959
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors		9,868		10,314	
Cash at Bank and in Hand		542,489		-	
		552,357		10,314	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		472,945		364,792	
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)			79,412		(354,478)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			2,471,029		1,240,481
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due					
after more than one year	3		861,000		1,052,880
			1,610,029		187,601
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called Up Equity Share Capital	4		2		2
Revaluation Reserve			1,193,642		-
Profit and Loss Account			416,385		187,599
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			1,610,029		187,601

For the year ended 31 December 2015 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

These abbreviated accounts were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 22,9,29,6

Mr M Scharf Director

Company Registration Number: 04339100

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

Turnover

Turnover represents rents receivable and charges recoverable from the tenants of the company's properties credit for which is taken when the charge is made to the tenants.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures & Fittings

25% on the reducing balance method

In accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2015), no depreciation or amortisation is provided in respect of freehold investment properties nor on leasehold investment properties having an unexpired term of more than twenty years. This departure from the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, for all properties to be depreciated, is necessary, as the directors consider that this accounting policy results in the financial statements giving a true and fair view.

Leases having an unexpired term of less that twenty years are amortised evenly over the remaining period of the lease.

Low value items of furniture and fittings are written off in the year in which they are acquired.

Investment properties

Investment properties are included in the balance sheet at their market value. Surpluses and temporary deficits are transferred to the revaluation reserve and on realisation transferred to the Profit and Loss Account as a reserve movement. Deficits which are expected to be permanent are charged to the Profit and Loss Account and subsequent reversals are credited to the Profit and Loss Account in the same way.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Acquisitions and disposals of properties

Acquisitions and disposals are considered to have taken place at the date of legal completion and are included in the financial statements accordingly.

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible
	Assets
	£
COST OR VALUATION	
At 1 January 2015	1,619,290
Additions	91,901
Disposals	(488,346)
Revaluation	1,193,642
At 31 December 2015	2,416,487
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 January 2015	24,331
Charge for year	539
At 31 December 2015	24,870
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 December 2015	2,391,617
At 31 December 2014	1,594,959

The Company's investment properties were valued by Mr M Scharf.

In the event of the realisation of the company's investment properties at an amount equal to the valuation recorded in the financial statements, a liability to corporation tax on chargeable gains would arise which is estimated to be £142,000. No provision has been made for this in the financial statements in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2015).

In accordance with the company's stated accounting policy (Note 1) no depreciation has been provided in respect of the freehold properties, nor on leasehold properties having an unexpired term of more than twenty five years which are held for investment purposes.

The historical cost of the Freehold and Leasehold Investment Properties is as follows:

	£
At 1 January 2012	1,196,358
At 31 December 2012	1,196,358

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

3. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due after more than one year are secured by the company:

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	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	861,000	1,052,880

Bank loans totalling £861,000 (2014: £1,062,228) are repayable between 2027 and 2030. The interest rate of 1.45% is effective from the 3rd April 2009. The loans are secured over the investment properties of the company.

4. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised share capital:

100 Ordinary shares of £1 each		2015 £ 100		2014 £ 100
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	2015		2014	
•	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2	2	. 2