Company Registration No. 4332146

SERVICE GRAPHICS LIMITED

Annual Report and Financial Statements

Fifty two weeks ended 27 July 2012

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ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2012

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OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

M Armitage

N Cole

P Martell

S Parkin

D Wicks

(Resigned on 18 January 2012)

(Appointed on 18 January 2012) (Resigned on 29 February 2012)

L Wigglesworth

SECRETARY

P Harris

REGISTERED OFFICE

1 Tudor Street London EC4Y 0AH

BANKERS

HSBC Bank plc 76 Edgware Road London W2 2EQ

SOLICITORS

Herbert Smith LLP Exchange House Primrose Street London EC2A 2HS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor London

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the fifty two weeks ended 27 July 2012 ("the financial year") Comparative figures are for the fifty two weeks ended 29 July 2011

BUSINESS REVIEW AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of St Ives plc and operates as part of the St Ives plc group's ("the group") Print business segment. The company's principal activity is large format print production for use in display applications in exhibitions, events, retail, interior and exterior advertising. There have not been any significant changes in the company's principal activities in the year under review. The directors are not aware, at the date of this Report, of any likely major changes in the company's activities in the coming year.

During the period, the company received a cash capital contribution of £5,000,000 from its immediate parent company. St lives pic, in order to strengthen the company's balance sheet position. During the period the company incurred redundancy costs of £507,694 (2011 – £300,092), property-related costs of £79,472 (2011 – £1,101,787) and a loss on disposal of fixed assets of £14,389 (2011 – £68,804) in relation to restructuring activities. These costs have been classified under the column 'restructuring, provision releases and other one-off items'.

The company's loss for the financial year after tax, as shown in the profit and loss account on page 7 of the financial statements, amounted to £907,211 (2011 – £3,077,896). The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2011 - £nil).

Trading conditions have remained difficult throughout the course of the year and this continuing uncertainty has resulted in a number of our clients cutting back on their advertising, exhibition and outdoor media expenditure. In response to the decline in activity the business has undergone further cost cutting and now has a cost base that has the capacity and flexibility to take on more as planned activity picks up

The balance sheet on page 8 of the financial statements shows that the company's financial position at the yearend has, in net asset terms, improved since the prior year-end due to the capital contribution from the company's parent, St Ives plc, offsetting the loss arising in the period

The group manages its operations under two principal business segments. The performance of the Print segment of St Ives plc, which includes the company, is discussed in the group's Annual Report and Accounts which does not form part of this Report. For this reason, the company's directors believe that further key performance indicators for the company are not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development and performance of the company during the year or the position of its particular business at the end of the year.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Competitive pressure in the UK is a continuing risk for the company, which could result in it losing sales to its key competitors. The company manages this risk by providing added value services to its customers, delivering fast response times, not only in supplying products but also in handling all customer queries, and by maintaining strong relationships with customers.

All markets served by the company are influenced by the economic climate and in particular customer confidence. The company will continue to keep this risk under review.

The company's sales are invoiced in Sterling and exposure to movement in foreign exchange rates is minimal. Where significant exposure might arise, no risk is borne directly by this company as the group's treasury function takes out contracts to manage this risk at a group level. Bank balances and group loans carry variable interest fixed by reference to Sterling base rates. Thus, while base rate changes affect interest, the potential impact is not expected to be material.

The company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade debtors. The amounts presented in the balance sheet are net of provisions for doubtful debts. An allowance for impairment is made where there is an identified loss event which, based on previous experience and the terms of any credit insurance policy which may apply at the time of the loss event, is evidence of a reduction in the recoverability of cash flows. The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies. The company has no significant concentration of credit risk, with exposure spread over a number of counterparties and customers.

Group risks are discussed in St Ives plc's Annual Report and Accounts which does not form part of this Report

FUTURE PROSPECTS

The company continues to focus on the UK market, where a quick turnaround is required and overseas competition is less able to compete

The company is dependent on its clients' confidence in both the economy and their own business. The economic downturn and general uncertainty in the market place has affected client confidence resulting in projects being postponed at short notice due to the worsening economic climate and reductions in spend on the company's product offerings. Significant effort has been applied to position the company as an integral part of its clients' business success and together with recent capital investment, particularly in digital printing technology, has placed the company in a good position to pursue opportunities as they arise

The directors are of the opinion that the company is well placed to perform satisfactorily during the coming year

GOING CONCERN

After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, as explained in note 1, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

DIRECTORS

The directors who served throughout the year and up to the date of this report (except as noted) are shown on page 1

DIRECTORS' INDEMNITIES

The ultimate parent company has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of certain directors which remain in force at the date of this Report

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

SUPPLIER PAYMENT POLICY

It is the company's normal practice to make payments to suppliers in accordance with agreed terms provided that the supplier has performed in accordance with the relevant terms and conditions. The average creditor days outstanding at 27 July 2012 were 74 (2011 – 76)

EMPLOYMENT POLICIES

The company is an Equal Opportunities Employer and no job applicant or employee receives less favourable treatment on the grounds of age, sex, marital status, race, colour, sexual orientation, religious or philosophical beliefs

It is the policy of the company that people with disabilities, whether registered disabled or not, should receive full and fair consideration for all job vacancies for which they are suitable applicants. Employees who become disabled during their working life will be retained in employment wherever possible and will be given help with any necessary rehabilitation and retraining. The company is prepared to modify procedures or equipment, wherever this is practicable, so that full use can be made of an individual's ability. It is the policy of the group and the company that the training, career development and promotion of disabled persons should, as far as possible, be identical to that of other employees.

Employees of the company are regularly consulted by the directors and managers and kept informed of matters affecting them and the overall development of the company

The company has a positive approach to health and safety at work and regards compliance with statutory requirements as a minimum standard. Resources are available to ensure that continuing progress is made towards achieving a healthier and safer working environment for all employees.

ENVIRONMENT

The St Ives group recognises the importance of its environmental responsibilities, monitors its impact on the environment, and designs and implements policies to reduce any damage that might be caused by the group's activities. The company operates in accordance with group policies, which are described in St Ives plc's Annual Report and Accounts which does not form part of this Report.

AUDITOR

Deloitte LLP have indicated their willingness to be reappointed for another term and appropriate arrangements are being made for them to be deemed reappointed as auditor in the absence of an Annual General Meeting

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently, make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent, state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and

the director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006

Approved by the board of directors and signed on its behalf by

P Harris

Secretary

19 November 2012

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SERVICE GRAPHICS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Service Graphics Limited for the fifty two weeks ended 27 July 2012 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 21. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the directors are responsible for preparing the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 27 July 2012 and of its loss for the fifty two weeks then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Kate J Houldsworth (Senior Statutory Audito

Kate J Houldsworth (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor London, United Kingdom

19 November 2012

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PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Fifty two weeks ended 27 July 2012

		52 weeks to 27 July 2012		52 wee	eks to 29 July	/ 2011	
	Note	Before restruct- uring, provision releases and other one-off items	Restruct- uring, provision releases and other one-off items (note 4)	Total £	Before restruct-uring, provision releases and other one-off items	Restruct- uring, provision releases and other one-off items (note 4)	Total £
TURNOVER Cost of sales	2	39,859,135 (28,424,798)	_ (118,443)	39,859,135 (28,543,241)	36,842,082 (26,038,171)	(9,107)	36,842,082 (26,047,278)
GROSS PROFIT/(LOSS)		11,434,337	(118,443)	11,315,894	10,803,911	(9,107)	10,794,804
Selling expenses		(5,388,206)	(176,730)	(5,564,936)	(6,399,006)	-	(6,399,006)
Administrative expenses		(6,108,566)	(291,993)	(6,400,559)	(6,367,932)	(1,392,772)	(7,760,704)
OPERATING LOSS	4	(62,435)	(587,166)	(649,601)	(1,963,027)	(1,401,879)	(3,364,906)
Profit/(loss) on disposal of fixed assets Interest receivable		-	(14,389)	(14,389)	19,257	(68,804)	(49,547)
and similar income Interest payable and	5	-	-	_	66	-	66
similar charges	6	(232,655)		(232,655)	(356,898)		(356,898)
LOSS BEFORE TAX Tax (charge)/credit on loss	7	(295,090) (145,566)	(601,555) 135,000	(896,645) (10,566)	(2,300,602)	(1,470,683) 356,801	(3,771,285) 693,389
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	16, 19	(440,656)	(466,555)	(907,211)	(1,964,014)	(1,113,882)	(3,077,896)

All transactions are derived from continuing operations

There are no recognised gains or losses in either the current or previous period other than the losses disclosed in the profit and loss account. Accordingly no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses is required.

Company Registration No. 4332146

BALANCE SHEET 27 July 2012

27 July 2012 29 July 2011

EWED AGGETG	Note	£	3
FIXED ASSETS Goodwill	8	2,967,039	3,376,286
Tangible assets	9	4,006,294	4,843,557
rangible assets	•		
		6,973,333	8,219,843
OUDDENT ACCETS			
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks	10	1,122,418	1,154,694
Debtors – amounts due within one year	11	9,919,384	10,307,323
Debtors – amounts due in greater than one year	11	233,937	539,529
Cash at bank and in hand		3,997	21,736
		11,279,736	12,023,282
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	13	(13,898,864)	(19,443,474)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(2,619,128)	(7,420,192)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		4,354,205	799,651
		.,	,
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	14	(975,500)	(1,513,735)
NET ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)		3,378,705	(714,084)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	15	800,000	800,000
Share premium account	16	1,167,963	1,167,963
Profit and loss account	16	(4,789,258)	(8,882,047)
Other reserves	16	6,200,000	6,200,000
SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS / (DEFICIT)	19	3,378,705	(714,084)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this balance sheet

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 19 November 2012 and signed on its behalf by

M. M. am

M Armitage Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Fifty two weeks ended 27 July 2012

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. The accounting policies, which have been adopted and applied consistently throughout the accounting period and the preceding period, are described below.

(a) Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention

Going concern

The group's treasury function is responsible for managing the liquidity of the group and the company. The ultimate parent of the company, St Ives plc, funds the operations of the company and other subsidiaries through a combination of equity, inter-company loans and bank overdrafts which it guarantees jointly with certain subsidiaries. The group has sufficient funding facilities to fund the company's operations for the twelve months following the date of approval of the financial statements and is committed to make this funding available to the company for the twelve months following the date of approval of the financial statements.

The company is exposed to a number of risks and uncertainties as outlined in the Directors' Report but, after making enquiries into the group's and the company's financial position, considering the forecast performance at a divisional level and having received written confirmation from St Ives plc that it will continue to support the company for a period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and financial statements.

(b) Accounting period

The financial statements are prepared for the fifty two weeks ended 27 July 2012 ("the financial year") Comparative figures are for the fifty two weeks ended 29 July 2011

(c) Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, net of trade discounts, VAT and other sales related taxes

Turnover is recognised when goods and services have been delivered and ownership has passed

(d) Distribution costs

Distribution costs are included within cost of sales on the face of the profit and loss account as these form an integral part of the company's service to its customers

(e) Goodwill

Acquired goodwill is written off in equal instalments over its estimated useful economic life of twenty years

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Fifty two weeks ended 27 July 2012

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation and provision for impairment. Depreciation is provided on cost, less estimated residual value, in equal annual instalments over the estimated useful economic lives of the assets. The annual rates of depreciation are as follows.

Leasehold properties

Period of lease

Plant and machinery

14 33% – 20%

Fixtures, fittings and equipment

20% – 50%

Motor vehicles

25%

(g) Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less provision for impairment in value

(h) Stocks

Stocks and work in progress are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost represents materials, direct labour and appropriate production overheads. Provision is made for obsolete, slow moving or defective items where appropriate.

(I) Tax

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in tax computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the financial statements.

(j) Provision for repairs

Where the company is committed under the terms of a lease to make repairs to leasehold premises, provision is made for the estimated cost of repairs over the lease period

(k) Foreign currencies

The transactions of the company denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Sterling at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Amounts receivable and payable denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at the rates ruling at that date. These exchange differences are included in loss on ordinary activities before tax.

(I) Share-based payments

St Ives plc makes equity-settled share-based payments to certain employees of the company, which are measured at fair value at the date of grant. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Company's estimate of shares that will eventually vest. The fair value of share options issued is measured using a binomial model. The expected life used in the model has been adjusted, based on management's best estimate, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions, and behavioural considerations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Fifty two weeks ended 27 July 2012

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(m) Pension costs

The Company operates defined contribution schemes for the benefit of its employees. Contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account during the financial year in which they are payable.

(n) Leases

Rental costs under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account in equal annual amounts over the period of the lease. The cost of assets held under finance leases is included under tangible fixed assets and depreciation is provided in accordance with the company's policy set out in the note above. The finance charges are allocated over the period of the lease in proportion to the capital amount outstanding.

(o) Cash flows

A statement of cash flows has not been prepared as, in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 1 (Revised) "Cash Flow Statements", cash flow information has been shown in the financial statements of the ultimate parent company

2 TURNOVER

The geographical analysis of turnover by destination is stated below

The geographical analysis of turnover by destination is stated below	2012 £	2011 £
United Kingdom Rest of the World	39,064,258 794,877	36,118,599 723,483
	39,859,135	36,842,082

The directors consider that the company has only one class of business and consequently no further analysis of turnover or loss is given

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Fifty two weeks ended 27 July 2012

3 INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

	2012 £	2011 £
Directors' remuneration: Emoluments (excluding pension contributions, share option gains and share		
options granted)	258,169	246,423
Pension contributions to a defined contribution scheme	15,670	14,094
-	273,839	260,517
Directors' emoluments include £52,814 (2011 - £nil) in respect of compensation f	or loss of office	
	2012 Number	2011 Number
Number of directors who:	2	2
Accrued benefits under a defined contribution scheme		<u>4</u>
	2012	2011
Highest paid director's remuneration:	£	£
Emoluments (excluding pension contributions, share option gains and share		
options granted)	97,740	123,712
Pension contributions to a defined contribution scheme	10,000	10,000
	107,740	133,712

Certain directors are remunerated by other group companies for their services to the group as a whole and it is not practicable to apportion their remuneration between the companies of which they are a director Consequently their remuneration has not been disclosed in the company's financial statements. The remuneration of P Martell and M Armitage is disclosed in the Annual Report and Accounts of St Ives plc

	2012 £	2011 £
Employee costs during the financial year (including directors): Wages and salaries Social security costs Pension costs – defined contribution	10,702,391 1,265,123 68,113	11,485,642 1,288,044 -
	12,035,627	12,773,686

The Company participates in a number of share-based payment schemes set up by St Ives plc Details on the schemes are included in St Ives plc's Annual Report and Accounts which does not form part of these financial statements

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Fifty two weeks ended 27 July 2012

3 INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES (continued)

	2012 Number	2011 Number
Monthly average number of persons employed (including directors):		
Production	209	170
Sales	68	89
Administration and management	45	38
	322	297
4 OPERATING LOSS		
The operating loss is stated after charging		
	2012	2011
	Σ	£
Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's annual		
financial statements	42,370	38,500
Depreciation	1,057,283	988,559
Goodwill amortisation	409,247	409,247
Operating lease rentals - land and buildings	435,952	620,270
Operating lease rentals - plant and machinery	11,695	-
Operating lease rentals – other	370,239	252,270
Repairs provision	184,000	84,000
Losses on foreign exchange	2,829	8,848
Charitable donations	550	2,723
Exceptional costs relating to restructuring *	587,166	1,401,879

^{* &#}x27;Restructuring, provision releases and other one-off items' included in the profit and loss account represent redundancy costs of £507,694 (2011 – £300,092) and property-related costs of £79,472 (2011 – £1,101,787) provided for in relation to restructuring activities

Fees paid to the company's auditor, Deloitte LLP, for services other than the statutory audit of the company are not disclosed in these financial statements since the consolidated accounts of the company's ultimate parent company, St Ives plc, are required to disclose non-audit fees on a consolidated basis

5 INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

	2012 £	2011 , £
Bank interest		66
6 INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARCE:	GES 2012 £	2011 , £
Bank interest Group interest	116,621 116,034	78,557 278,341
,	232,655	356,898

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Fifty two weeks ended 27 July 2012

7 TAX ON LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

(a) Analysis of tax charge/(credit)	2012	2011
Current tax:	£	3
UK corporation tax charge/(credit) at 25 35% (2011 – 27 33%) based on the loss for the financial year Adjustments in respect of prior periods	(227,121) (67,905)	(729,613) 22,785
Total current tax	(295,026)	(706,828)
Deferred tax (note 12): Timing differences, origination and reversal Adjustments in respect of prior periods	223,811 81,781	(75,441) 88,880
Total deferred tax charge to profit and loss account	305,592	13,439
Total tax on loss on ordinary activities	10,566	(693,389)
(b) Reconciliation of tax credit		
	2012 £	2011
Loss before tax	(896,645)	(3,771,285)
UK corporation tax credit at 25 35% (2011 – 27 33%) based on the loss for the financial year	(227,299)	(1,030,692)
Effects of: Disallowed expenses and non-taxable income Capital allowances in (excess)/deficit of depreciation Movement in short-term timing differences Depreciation on non-qualifying assets Adjustments in respect of prior periods	206,495 (25,727) (180,590) – (67,905)	161,013 3,845 116,208 20,013 22,785
Current tax credit	(295,026)	(706,828)

In March 2012, the UK Government announced a reduction in the standard rate of UK corporation tax to 24% effective 1 April 2012 and to 23% effective 1 April 2013. These rate reductions became substantively enacted in March 2012 and July 2012 respectively. The UK government also proposed to further reduce the standard rate of UK corporation tax to 22% effective 1 April 2014, but this change has not been substantively enacted. The effect of this tax rate reduction on the deferred tax balance will be accounted for in the period in which the tax rate reductions are substantively enacted.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Fifty two weeks ended 27 July 2012

8 GOODWILL

	3
Cost: At 30 July 2011 and 27 July 2012	6,885,281_
Accumulated amortisation: At 30 July 2011 Charge for the year	3,508,995 409,247
At 27 July 2012	3,918,242
Net book value: At 27 July 2012	<u>2,967,039</u>
At 29 July 2011	3,376,286

9 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Cont	Leasehold land & buildings £	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost.	0.400.460	E 400 007	010.006	20,000	9 001 600
At 30 July 2011 Additions	2,490,460	5,492,227	918,006	20,999	8,921,692
Reclassification	_	78,134	159,665	_	237,799
	/EE 600\	(82,350)	82,350	_	(420 2CE)
Disposals	(55,682)	(327,677) 	(55,006) 		(438,365)
At 27 July 2012	2,434,778	5,160,334	1,105,015	20,999	8,721,126
Accumulated depreciation:					
At 30 July 2011	346,219	3,579,648	132,180	20,088	4,078,135
Charge for the year	236,903	600,215	219,254	911	1,057,283
Reclassification	-	(57,253)	57,253	_	_
Disposals	(43,432)	(325,120)	(52,034)	_	(420,586)
At 27 July 2012	539,690	3,797,490	356,653	20,999	4,714,832
Net book value:					
At 27 July 2012	1,895,088	1,362,844	748,362		4,006,294
At 29 July 2011	2,144,241	1,912,579	785,826	911	4,843,557

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Fifty two weeks ended 27 July 2012

10 STOCKS

Raw materials and consumables Work in progress Finished goods 594,716 522,84 527,702 562,284 527,702 5	10 STOCKS	2012 £	2011 £
There are no material differences between replacement cost and the values shown above for all stock categories for either year 11 DEBTORS 2012 2011	Work in progress		562,264
Categories for either year Categories for	=	1,122,418	1,154,694
Amounts falling due within one year: 2012 g 2011 g Trade debtors 8,946,432 7,049,413 VAT and other taxes - 1,137,838 Group tax relief receivable 256,272 651,301 Amounts owed by group undertakings 320,406 441,304 Prepayments and accrued income 253,796 915,184 Other debtors 142,478 112,283 Amounts falling due after more than one year* 9,919,384 10,307,323 Amounts falling due after more than one year* 233,937 539,529 Deferred tax asset (note 12) 233,937 539,529 Balance at 30 July 2011 539,529 Charge to the profit and loss account (305,592) Balance at 27 July 2012 233,937 The amounts of deferred tax recognised in the financial statements are as follows 2012 2011 E £ Depreciation in excess of capital allowances 200,567 320,171 Short term timing differences 33,370 219,358		shown above	for all stock
### Amounts falling due within one year: Trade debtors	11 DEBTORS	0040	0044
Amounts falling due within one year: Trade debtors 8,946,432 7,049,413 VAT and other taxes - 1,137,838 Group tax relief receivable 256,272 651,301 Amounts owed by group undertakings 320,406 441,304 Prepayments and accrued income 253,995 915,184 Other debtors 142,478 112,283 Amounts falling due after more than one year* Deferred tax asset (note 12) 233,937 539,529 \$2 Balance at 30 July 2011 \$39,529 Charge to the profit and loss account (305,592) Balance at 27 July 2012 \$33,937 The amounts of deferred tax recognised in the financial statements are as follows 2012 2011 E £ Deprecuation in excess of capital allowances 200,567 320,171 Short term timing differences 33,370 219,358			
Group tax relief receivable	Trade debtors		
Amounts owed by group undertakings Prepayments and accrued income Other debtors 9,919,384 112,283 Amounts falling due after more than one year Deferred tax asset (note 12) 233,937 539,529 10,153,321 10,846,852 12 DEFERRED TAX ASSET Balance at 30 July 2011 Charge to the profit and loss account Charge to the profit and loss account Example 1 Balance at 27 July 2012 The amounts of deferred tax recognised in the financial statements are as follows Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Short term timing differences 200,567 320,171 Short term timing differences 33,370 219,358		- 256 272	
Prepayments and accrued income Other debtors 253,796 112,283 915,184 112,283 Amounts falling due after more than one year* 9,919,384 10,307,323 10,307,323 Amounts falling due after more than one year* 233,937 539,529 Deferred tax asset (note 12) 10,153,321 10,846,852 12 DEFERRED TAX ASSET £ Balance at 30 July 2011 Charge to the profit and loss account 539,529 (305,592) Balance at 27 July 2012 233,937 The amounts of deferred tax recognised in the financial statements are as follows 2012 233,937 Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Short term timing differences 200,567 320,171 219,358			
Amounts falling due after more than one year* Deferred tax asset (note 12) 233,937 539,529 10,153,321 10,846,852 12 DEFERRED TAX ASSET Balance at 30 July 2011 Charge to the profit and loss account Charge to the profit and loss account Balance at 27 July 2012 The amounts of deferred tax recognised in the financial statements are as follows Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Short term timing differences 200,567 320,171 Short term timing differences	Prepayments and accrued income	253,796	915,184
Amounts falling due after more than one year Deferred tax asset (note 12) 233,937 539,529 10,153,321 10,846,852 12 DEFERRED TAX ASSET Balance at 30 July 2011 Charge to the profit and loss account 539,529 Charge to the profit and loss account (305,592) Balance at 27 July 2012 The amounts of deferred tax recognised in the financial statements are as follows 2012 2011 £ Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Short term timing differences 200,567 320,171 Short term timing differences	Other debtors	142,478	112,283
Deferred tax asset (note 12) 233,937 539,529	Amounts falling due after more than one year:	9,919,384	10,307,323
Balance at 30 July 2011 Charge to the profit and loss account Balance at 27 July 2012 The amounts of deferred tax recognised in the financial statements are as follows Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Short term timing differences 200,567 320,171 Short term timing differences	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	233,937	539,529
Balance at 30 July 2011 Charge to the profit and loss account Balance at 27 July 2012 The amounts of deferred tax recognised in the financial statements are as follows Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Short term timing differences \$\frac{\fra		10,153,321	10,846,852
Balance at 30 July 2011 Charge to the profit and loss account Balance at 27 July 2012 The amounts of deferred tax recognised in the financial statements are as follows Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Short term timing differences 539,529 (305,592) 233,937 2012 £ 2011 £ 2017 £ 201,771 Short term timing differences	12 DEFERRED TAX ASSET		
Charge to the profit and loss account Balance at 27 July 2012 The amounts of deferred tax recognised in the financial statements are as follows 2012 E Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Short term timing differences (305,592) 233,937 2011 E 2017 201,711 219,358			3
Charge to the profit and loss account (305,592) Balance at 27 July 2012 233,937 The amounts of deferred tax recognised in the financial statements are as follows 2012 2011 £ Depreciation in excess of capital allowances 320,567 Short term timing differences 33,370 219,358	Balance at 30 July 2011		539,529
Balance at 27 July 2012 The amounts of deferred tax recognised in the financial statements are as follows 2012 £ Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Short term timing differences 200,567 320,171 219,358			(305,592)
Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Short term timing differences 2012 £ 2011 £ 2012 £ 2011 £ 2012 £	Balance at 27 July 2012	•	233,937
Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Short term timing differences 200,567 320,171 219,358	The amounts of deferred tax recognised in the financial statements are as follow	S	
Short term timing differences 33,370 219,358			_
233,937 539,529	Short term timing differences	33,370	219,358
		233,937	539,529

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Fifty two weeks ended 27 July 2012

13 CREDITORS. AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2012 £	2011 £
Bank overdraft	106,922	6,282,790
Trade creditors	4,661,067	4,150,280
Amounts owed to group undertakings	4,347,699	5,376,529
Other creditors	168,877	120,225
Other taxes and social security	1,737,433	1,892,305
Deferred income	276,611	128,009
Fixed asset creditors	52,849	35,500
Accruals	2,547,406	1,457,836
	13,898,864	19,443,474

Interest on the intercompany account is charged at 1% above the base rate and is repayable on demand. The company's overdraft is guaranteed by St Ives pic and certain other United Kingdom subsidiary undertakings.

The company guarantees the loans and overdrafts of St Ives plc and certain of its subsidiary undertakings. At 27 July 2012 the aggregate liability under this guarantee amounted to £25,609,075 (2011 – £23,710,648).

14 PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

	Restruct- uring £	Repairs £	Total £
Balance at 30 July 2011 Charge to the profit and loss account Utilised in the year	826,236 22,366 (611,394)	687,499 184,000 (133,207)	1,513,735 206,366 (744,601)
Balance at 27 July 2012	237,207	738,292	975,500

The restructuring provision relate to costs of site closures and is expected to be utilised within 12 months of the balance sheet date

The repairs provision relates to end of lease costs committed under the terms of various leasehold properties held by the company £638,175 is expected to be used within 12 months of the balance sheet date, and £99,977 in more than 12 months

15 CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of shares	2102 2	2011 £
Called up, allotted and fully paid: Ordinary shares of £1 00 each	800,000	800,000	800,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Fifty two weeks ended 27 July 2012

16 RESERVES

	Share premium £	Other capital reserves £	Profit and loss account £
Balance at 30 July 2011 Capital contribution	1,167,963 _	6,200,000 —	(8,882,047) 5,000,000
Loss for the financial year	_	-	(907,211)
Balance at 27 July 2012	1,167,963	6,200,000	(4,789,258)

A cash capital contribution of £5,000,000 was made in the period by the company's immediate parent, St Ives plc

17 OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

The following commitments in respect of operating leases are due for payment during the next year

	2012	2012	2011	2011
	Land and buildings £	Other £	Land and buildings £	Other £
Leases which expire: Within one year Within two to five years After five years	62,873 - 333,912	80,121 220,323 -	89,384 127,834 3,039,998	43,423 544,549 —
	396,785	300,444	3,257,216	587,972

18 PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company participates in the defined contribution schemes operated by St Ives plc

The pension costs of the company are disclosed in note 3

19 RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS / (DEFICIT)

	2012 £	2011 £
Opening shareholder's deficit Capital contribution (note 16) Loss for the financial year	(714,084) 5,000,000 (907,211)	(3,636,188) 6,000,000 (3,077,896)
Closing shareholder's funds/(deficit)	3,378,705	(714,084)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Fifty two weeks ended 27 July 2012

20 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company has taken advantage of the exemption granted by paragraph 3(c) of Financial Reporting Standard 8 "Related Party Transactions" not to disclose transactions with other wholly owned St Ives plc group companies

21 ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The company's immediate and ultimate parent company and ultimate controlling party is St Ives plc, a company incorporated and registered in England and Wales Copies of the financial statements of St Ives plc can be obtained from the Company Secretary at the registered office 1 Tudor Street, London EC4Y OAH

The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by St Ives plc