Registration number: 04331572

Abacus Direct Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

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Murray Harcourt Limited Elizabeth House 13-19 Queen Street Leeds LS1 2TW

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Abacus Direct Limited Company Information

Directors

I Pattison

S P Bradbury

Registered office

Abacus House Jubilee Court Copgrove Harrogate North Yorkshire HG3 3TB

Auditors

Murray Harcourt Limited Elizabeth House

13-19 Queen Street

Leeds LS1 2TW

Abacus Direct Limited Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2014.

Business review

Fair review of the business

The principal activity of the business is manufacture and specialist distribution of bathrooms and bathroom equipment.

Trading conditions improved during the period, with growth continuing to come from key customers and diversification.

The construction and own label markets continued to show signs of improvement in 2014 resulting in an increase in operating profit to £1,043,942 (2013: £827,806). The business continues to invest in technology to improve manufacturing processes and increase efficiency with a view to grow revenue as well as profit in the coming year. The company's strategic alliance with a number of its key customers continues to positively impact the company's results.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risks identified are Credit Risk and Liquidity Risk.

I Pattison Director

Abacus Direct Limited Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014.

Directors of the company

The directors who held office during the year were as follows:

I Pattison

S P Bradbury

Financial instruments

Objectives and policies

The business' principal financial instruments comprise investments, bank balances, trade debtors, trade creditors, loans, overdrafts, confidential invoice discounting and finance leases. The main purpose of these instruments is to finance the business' operations.

Price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow risk

Credit risk arises from customers failing to meet their obligation under contracts of sale to pay. In order to minimise this risk, deferred terms are only granted to those customers who demonstrate an appropriate payment history and satisfy credit worthiness procedures.

Liquidity risk arises from the difficulties the group may face in meeting obligations under financial liabilities as they fall due. The group mitigates liquidity risk by long, medium and short term forecasts, applying cash collection targets throughout the group and utilisation of full trading terms with its suppliers.

Disclosure of information to the auditor

Each director has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information. The directors confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and which they know the auditor is unaware of.

I Pattison Director

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Abacus Direct Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Abacus Direct Limited for the year ended 31 December 2014, set out on pages 7 to 19. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities (set out on page 4), the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report and Financial Statements to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2014 and of its profit for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Abacus Direct Limited

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Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Richard Bright FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Murray Harcourt Limited, Statutory Auditor

Elizabeth House 13-19 Queen Street Leeds LS1 2TW

Date: 5/8/15

Abacus Direct Limited Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

| | Note | 2014 £ | 2013 £ |
|-----------------------------------------------|------|-------------|-------------|
| Turnover | | 9,838,854 | 8,649,435 |
| Cost of sales | | (6,285,895) | (5,628,854) |
| Gross profit | | 3,552,959 | 3,020,581 |
| Administrative expenses | | (2,509,017) | (2,192,775) |
| Operating profit | 2 | 1,043,942 | 827,806 |
| Profit on ordinary activities before taxation | | 1,043,942 | 827,806 |
| Tax on profit on ordinary activities | 5 | (254,026) | (177,240) |
| Profit for the financial year | 14 | 789,916 | 650,566 |

Turnover and operating profit derive wholly from continuing operations.

The company has no recognised gains or losses for the year other than the results above.

(Registration number: 04331572)

Balance Sheet at 31 December 2014

| | Note | 2014 £ | 2013 £ |
|------------------------------------------------|------|-------------|-------------|
| Fixed assets | | | |
| Tangible fixed assets | 7 | 970,345 | 801,685 |
| Current assets | | | |
| Stocks | 8 | 2,068,078 | 1,869,272 |
| Debtors | 9 | 2,952,383 | 2,974,379 |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 128,239 | 140,405 |
| | | 5,148,700 | 4,984,056 |
| Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year | 10 | (2,785,878) | (3,218,656) |
| Net current assets | | 2,362,822 | 1,765,400 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | 3,333,167 | 2,567,085 |
| Provisions for liabilities | 11 | (43,666) | |
| Net assets | | 3,289,501 | 2,567,085 |
| Capital and reserves | | | |
| Called up share capital | 12 | 1,040 | 1,040 |
| Share premium account | 14 | 8,316 | 8,316 |
| Capital redemption reserve | 14 | 34 | 34 |
| Profit and loss account | 14 | 3,280,111 | 2,557,695 |
| Shareholders' funds | 15 | 3,289,501 | 2,567,085 |

S P Bradbury Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective of April 2008).

The company is exempt from preparing a cash flow statement as 90% or more of the voting rights are held within the group.

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts chargeable, net of value added tax and discounts, in respect of the sale of goods and services to customers less returns recieved. Sales are recognised at the point at which the company has fulfilled its contractual obligations and the risks and rewards attaching to the product, such as obsolescense, have been transferred to the customer.

Goodwill

Positive goodwill is capitalised, classified as an asset on the balance sheet and amortised on a straight line basis over its useful economic life. It is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full financial year following the acquisition and in other periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, net of anticipated disposal proceeds, over the estimated useful economic life of the asset as follows:

Asset class Amortisation method and rate Goodwill over 20 years

Depreciation

Asset class Depreciation method and rate

Leasehold improvements 5 to 10 years or life of lease which ever shorter Plant and machinery 2 to 5 years

Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after due regard for obsolete and slow moving stocks. Net realisable value is based on selling price less anticipated costs to completion and selling costs.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes, which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as required by FRS19.

Deferred tax is measured at the rates that are expected to apply in the periods when the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on the tax rates and law enacted at the balance sheet date.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

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Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the closing rates at the balance sheet date. All exchange differences are included in the profit and loss account.

Hire purchase and leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability in the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as interest expense in the profit and loss account.

Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund.

2 Operating profit

Operating profit is stated after charging:

| | 2014 £ | 2013 £ |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | |
| Operating leases - other assets | 78,259 | 58,617 |
| Auditor's remuneration - The audit of the company's annual accounts | 14,300 | 11,800 |
| Foreign currency losses | 6,196 | 11,665 |
| Loss on sale of tangible fixed assets | 2,155 | - |
| Depreciation of owned assets | 162,452 | 188,843 |

3 Particulars of employees

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, analysed by category was as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

..... continued

| | 2014 No. | 2013 No. |
|----------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Administration and support | 5 | 12 |
| Production | 21 | 18 |
| Sales | 12 | 8 |
| Distribution | 16 | 11 |
| Other departments | 7 | 5 |
| | 61 | 54 |
| The aggregate payroll costs were as follows: | | |
| | 2014 £ | 2013 £ |
| Wages and salaries | 1,617,581 | 1,239,706 |
| Social security costs | 138,542 | 120,953 |
| Staff pensions | 1,231 | 1,553 |
| | 1,757,354 | 1,362,212 |
| Directors' remuneration | | |
| The directors' remuneration for the year was as follows: | | |
| | 2014 £ | 2013 £ |
| Remuneration (including benefits in kind) | 4,599 | 12,525 |

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

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5 Taxation

Tax on profit on ordinary activities

| | 2014 £ | 2013 £ |
|----------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Current tax | | |
| Corporation tax charge | 201,348 | 138,239 |
| Adjustments in respect of previous years | 1,983 | (10,697) |
| UK Corporation tax | 203,331 | 127,542 |
| Deferred tax | | |
| Origination and reversal of timing differences | 19,035 | 49,698 |
| Deferred tax adjustment relating to previous years | 31,660 | |
| Total deferred tax | 50,695 | 49,698 |
| Total tax on profit on ordinary activities | 254,026 | 177,240 |

Factors affecting current tax charge for the year

Tax on profit on ordinary activities for the year is lower than (2013 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2013 - 23.25%).

The differences are reconciled below:

| | 2014 £ | 2013 £ |
|-----------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Profit on ordinary activities before taxation | 1,043,942 | 827,806 |
| Corporation tax at standard rate | 208,788 | 192,436 |
| Capital allowances in excess of depreciation | (19,023) | (35,629) |
| Marginal relief | 13,987 | (1,882) |
| Disallowable expenditure | (1,995) | 2,991 |
| Adjustment to prior year | 1,983 | (10,697) |
| R&D tax credit | - | (13,740) |
| Other tax adjustments | (409) | (5,937) |
| Total current tax | 203,331 | 127,542 |

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

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6 Intangible fixed assets

| | | | Goodwill £ | Total £ |
|---|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | Cost At 1 January 2014 | | 120,000 | 120,000 |
| | At 31 December 2014 | | 120,000 | 120,000 |
| | Amortisation At 1 January 2014 | | 120,000 | 120,000 |
| | At 31 December 2014 | | 120,000 | 120,000 |
| | Net book value | | | |
| | At 31 December 2014 | | <u>-</u> | - |
| | At 31 December 2013 | | | • |
| 7 | Tangible fixed assets | Freehold land and buildings | Plant and machinery | Total |
| | | £ | £ | £ |
| | Cost or valuation At 1 January 2014 Additions Disposals | 1,049,436 247,466 | 464,555 89,801 (22,000) | 1,513,991 337,267 (22,000) |
| | At 31 December 2014 | 1,296,902 | 532,356 | 1,829,258 |
| | Depreciation At 1 January 2014 Charge for the year Eliminated on disposals | 497,087 72,559 | 215,219 89,893 (15,845) | 712,306 162,452 (15,845) |
| | At 31 December 2014 | 569,646 | 289,267 | 858,913 |
| | Net book value | | | |
| | At 31 December 2014 | 727,256 | 243,089 | 970,345 |
| | At 31 December 2013 | 552,349 | 249,336 | 801,685 |
| | | | = | |

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

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| 8 Stocks | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-----------|
| | 2014 £ | 2013 £ |
| Stocks | 2,068,078 | 1,869,272 |
| 9 Debtors | | |
| | 2014 £ | 2013 £ |
| Trade debtors | 2,075,462 | 2,044,998 |
| Amounts owed by group undertakings | 446,763 | 45,000 |
| Other debtors | 105,301 | 136,878 |
| Deferred tax | · - | 7,029 |
| Directors' current accounts | 323,685 | 429,266 |
| Prepayments and accrued income | 1,172 | 311,208 |
| | 2,952,383 | 2,974,379 |
| Debtors includes £108,068 (2013 - £127,276) receivable after more than | one year. | |
| This can be analysed as follows: | | |
| | 2014 £ | 2013 £ |
| Amounts owed by group undertakings | 50,000 | 45,000 |
| Other debtors | 58,068 | 82,276 |
| | 108,068 | 127,276 |

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

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10 Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

| | 2014 £ | 2013 £ |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Trade creditors | 702,367 | 783,335 |
| Bank loans and overdrafts | 207,105 | 570,999 |
| Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts | - | 2,327 |
| Amounts owed to group undertakings | 20,732 | - |
| Corporation tax | 190,599 | 127,542 |
| Other taxes and social security | 213,321 | 169,615 |
| Other creditors | 1,050,845 | 1,260,027 |
| Accruals and deferred income | 400,909 | 304,811 |
| | 2,785,878 | 3,218,656 |

Creditors amounts falling due within one year includes the following liabilities, on which security has been given by the company:

| | 2014 £ | 2013 £ |
|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Bank loan and overdraft | 207,105 | 570,999 |
| Invoice financing loan | 1,050,845 | 1,259,576 |
| | 1,257,950 | 1,830,575 |

Secured by way of a debenture including fixed charge over all freehold and leasehold property; first fixed charge over book and other debts, chattels, goodwill and uncalled capital, both present and future; and first floating charge over all assets and undertaking both present and future.

Obligations under finance leases and HP contracts

Amounts repayable:

| | 2014 £ | 2013 £ |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | |
| In one year or less on demand | - | 2,327 |

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

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Current year interim dividend paid

11 Provisions

| | | | Deferred tax | Total £ |
|------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------|--------------|------------|
| At 1 January 2014 | | | (7,029) | (7,029) |
| Charged to the profit and loss account | | | 50,695 | 50,695 |
| At 31 December 2014 | | | 43,666 | 43,666 |
| Analysis of deferred tax | | | | |
| | | | 2014 £ | 2013 £ |
| Difference between accumulated depre capital allowances | eciation and amortisati | on and | 43,666 | 7,029 |
| 12 Share capital | | | | |
| Allotted, called up and fully paid sha | | | | |
| | 2014 | | 2013 | |
| | No. | £ | No. | £ |
| Ordinary A of £1 each | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| Ordinary B of £1 each | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 |
| Ordinary C of £1 each | 17 | 17 | 17 | 17 |
| | 1,040 | 1,040 | 1,040 | 1,040 |
| 13 Dividends | | | | |
| | | | 2014 £ | 2013 £ |
| Dividends paid | | | | |

67,500

10,000

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

..... continued

14 Reserves

| | Share premium account £ | Capital redemption reserve | Profit and loss account £ | Total £ |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| At 1 January 2014 | 8,316 | 34 | 2,557,695 | 2,566,045 |
| Profit for the year Dividends | <u> </u> | - | 789,916 (67,500) | 789,916 (67,500) |
| At 31 December 2014 | 8,316 | 34 | 3,280,111 | 3,288,461 |

15 Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds

| | 2014 £ | 2013 £ |
|---------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Profit attributable to the members of the company | 789,916 | 650,566 |
| Dividends | (67,500) | (10,000) |
| Purchase of own share capital | | (17) |
| Net addition to shareholders' funds | 722,416 | 640,549 |
| Shareholders' funds at 1 January | 2,567,085 | 1,926,536 |
| Shareholders' funds at 31 December | 3,289,501 | 2,567,085 |

16 Pension schemes

Defined contribution pension scheme

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The pension cost charge for the year represents contributions payable by the company to the scheme and amounted to £1,231 (2013 - £1,553).

17 Contingent liabilities

The company has entered into an unlimited multilateral guarantee with HSBC Bank plc dated 6 August 2010 in favour of Design Modules Limited in respect of secured bank loans. The amount guaranteed is £nil (2013 - £226,083).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

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18 Commitments

Operating lease commitments

As at 31 December 2014 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

Operating leases which expire:

| | 2014 £ | 2013 £ |
|---------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Other | | |
| Within one year | 10,315 | - |
| Within two and five years | 32,616 | 28,980 |
| | 42,931 | 28,980 |

19 Related party transactions

Directors' advances and credits

| | 2014 Advance/ Credit £ | 2014 Repaid £ | 2013 Advance/ Credit £ | 2013 Repaid £ |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| I Pattison | | | | |
| Interest free loan | 161,776 | | 221,114 | 221,114 |
| S P Bradbury | | | | |
| Interest free loan | 161,909 | | 208,152 | 208,152 |

Other related party transactions

During the year the company made the following related party transactions:

BDL Marketing Limited

(A company under common control)

During the year the company made sales and incurred costs of £nil and £15,662 (2013 - £300 and £14,787) respectively. At the balance sheet date the amount due to BDL Marketing Limited was £1,519 (2013 - £nil).

Mr S P Bradbury and Mr I D Pattison

(Directors of the company)

During the year the company incurred costs in relation to rent of £26,400 (2013 - £22,000). The company also made recharges of £5,966 (2013 - £6,566).

Included within other debtors are amounts due from Mr S P Bradbury of £161,909 (2013 - £208,152) and amounts due from Mr I D Pattinson of £161,776 (2013 - £221,114). At the balance sheet date the amount due from Mr S P Bradbury and Mr I D Pattison was £323,685 (2013 - £429,266).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

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Pattison and partners

(A business controlled by a director's father)

During the year the company paid consultancy fees of £nil (2013 - £4,800). At the balance sheet date the amount due to Pattison and partners was £nil (2013 - £nil).

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS8 "Related Party Disclosures" from disclosing transactions with other members of the group.

20 Control

The company is controlled by Abacus Direct Manufacturing Group Limited. Copies of parent company's group accounts are available at Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff. The ultimate controlling party is Mr I D Pattison and Mr S P Bradbury.