Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 December 2008

TUESDAY



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Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008

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Directors

J H Cahill

N J Cahill

D J Lott

J A Smith

P Keetch MP

Secretary and registered office

R J Odell, Lower Ground Floor, London Underwriting Centre, 3 Minster Court, London, EC3R 7DD.

Company number

04318122

Auditors

BDO Stoy Hayward LLP, 55 Baker Street, London, W1U 7EU.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2008

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008.

Results and dividends

The company profit for the year on ordinary activities after taxation was £8,684 (2007 - £42,693) as shown in the profit and loss account on page 6.

Following the injection of £600,000 of new share capital in December 2007, the directors were able to expand the business by investing in new production staff, create new insurance products, invest in appointed representative companies and as a result the turnover of the company advanced from £1,167,720 in 2007 to £1,497,358 in 2008 (28% increase). At the same time the net operating expenses of the company grew from £1,132,964 in 2007 to £1,505,135 in 2008 (33% increase). The growth in both revenue and net operating expenses was planned by the directors so as to achieve by the end of 2008 a Lloyd's broker platform with additional production and administrative staff and additional expertise capable of advising all existing and new international clients on all aspects of their insurance portfolio and arranging the placement of their insurance business with Lloyd's and the London company market at competitive rates but with first class security offered by the Lloyd's and London company insurance market. As we go forward in the early part of 2009 the objectives set by the Board have been realised and we are confident that our business will continue to grow and prosper in the future.

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

Principal activities, trading review and future developments

The principal activity of the company is that of a Lloyd's broker.

Both the level of business and the year end financial position were in line with expectations. The directors expect that the present level of activity will increase leading to 2009 being another profitable year.

The directors strategy and business model for 2009 and beyond, is to continue with the successful business plan which resulted in an increase in turnover during 2008 by 28%. We shall continue to develop further coverholder business and appointed representatives in countries around the world where the Board can justify the capital outlay in order to create a further series of profitable outlets. We will continue to source further producer brokers during 2009 in order to help secure the company's long term future.

Risks and uncertainties

The company follows a risk management policy the object of which is to identify and mitigate risk related to business operations.

Key performance indicators

Turnover for the current year increased by 28% compared to 2007. Staffing levels remained constant over the same periods.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2008 (Continued)

Directors

The directors of the company during the year were:

J H Cahill

D J Lott

J A Smith

N J Cahill

P S Keetch MP (appointed 1 May 2008)

None of the directors who served during the year have any interests in the share capital of the company.

J H Cahill and N J Cahill are both directors of the parent company, John Cahill & Company Limited, and their interests in that company are disclosed in its financial statements. None of the other directors who served during the year have any interests in the share capital of the Group.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2008 (Continued)

Indemnity provision for directors

The directors had the benefit of qualifying third party indemnity provision in force throughout the financial year and is currently in force.

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors

All of the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

BDO Stoy Hayward LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them as auditors will be proposed at the next annual general meeting.

This report of the directors has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

By order of the Board

R J Odell

Secretary

27 April 2009

Report of the independent auditors

To the shareholders of London Market Insurance Brokers Limited

We have audited the financial statements of London Market Insurance Brokers Limited for the year ended 31 December 2008 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the statement of directors' responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with those financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Our report has been prepared pursuant to the requirements of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. No person is entitled to rely on this report unless such a person is a person entitled to rely upon this report by virtue of and for the purpose of the Companies Act 1985 or has been expressly authorised to do so by our prior written consent. Save as above, we do not accept responsibility for this report to any other person or for any other purpose and we hereby expressly disclaim any and all such liability.

Basis of audit opinion

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 and whether the information given in the directors' report is consistent with those financial statements. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Report of the independent auditors (Continued)

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2008 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and
- the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

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BDO STOY HAYWARD LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors London

Date

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Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2008

	Note	2008 £	2007 £
Turnover	2	1,497,358	1,167,720
Net operating expenses		(1,505,135)	(1,132,964)
Operating (loss)/profit	5	(7,777)	34,756
Interest receivable and similar income	6	37,317	30,551
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		29,540	65,307
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	7	(20,856)	(22,614)
Profit for the financial year	13,14	8,684	42,693

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

All recognised gains and losses are included in the profit and loss account.

Balance sheet at 31 December 2008

	Note	2008 £	2007 £
Fixed assets	8	C4 CD4	
Tangible assets	8	61,604	-
Current assets			
Debtors	9	7,130,981	2,447,301
Cash at bank and in hand	10	1,130,263	4,736,425
		8,261,244	7,183,726
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	7,290,580	6,160,142
Total assets less current liabilities		1,032,268	1,023,584
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	12	1,000,000	1,000,000
Profit and loss account	13	32,268	23,584
Shareholders' funds - equity	14	1,032,268	1,023,584

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 27 April 2009.

J H Cahill **Director**

The notes on pages 8 to 13 form part of these financial statements.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008

1 **Accounting policies**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

Cash flow statement

The company is exempt from the requirement to produce a cash flow statement as it is part of a group under the definitions set out within the Company Act 1985 and has taken advantage of the provisions set out within Financial Reporting Standard 1 applicable to small entities.

Turnover

Turnover consists of brokerage income due to the company for the period. Credit is taken for brokerage upon inception of the policy and adjustments to brokerage arising from return or additional premiums, unless material, are taken into account when they occur.

Insurance broking debtors and creditors

The company acts as agent in broking the insurable risks of its clients and is not liable for premiums due to underwriters. Notwithstanding the legal relationship with clients and underwriters, the company has followed generally accepted accounting practice by showing cash, debtors and creditors relating to insurance business as assets and liabilities of the company itself.

The legal status of settling accounts on a net basis is uncertain and in the event of an insolvency is generally abandoned. FRS5 requires that offset of assets and liabilities should be recognised in financial statements where the offset would solve the insolvency of the other party. Accordingly, only such offsets have been recognised in stating insurance broking debtors and creditors.

Fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost, net of any provision for depreciation or impairment. Depreciation is provided evenly on the cost of tangible fixed assets, to write them down to their estimated residual values over their expected useful lives. It is calculated at the following rate:

Computer equipment - 25% per annum

Fixtures and fittings

- 25% per annum

Deferred taxation

The payment of taxation is deferred or accelerated because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for accounting and taxation purposes. Full provision for deferred taxation is made under the liability method, without discounting, on all timing differences that have arisen, but not reversed by the balance sheet date, unless such provision is not permitted by Financial Reporting Standard 19.

Foreign exchange

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the average rates of exchange for the year. Amounts receivable and payable in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at the rates of exchange prevailing at the end of the financial year. All exchange differences are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

2 **Turnover**

Turnover consists entirely of brokerage commission made in the United Kingdom.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008 (Continued)

	Employees	2008	2007
		£	3
	Staff costs, including directors, consist of:		
	Wages and salaries Social security costs	840,106 102,848	784,465 92,372
		942,954	876,837
	The average number of employees, including directors was:	Number	Number
	Production Administration	9 8	8 9
	Other than as disclosed below, no directors received remuneration from the copreceding period.	ompany in either	the current or
4	Directors .	2008 £	2007 £
	Emoluments of the company's directors:		
	Emoluments of the company's directors: Aggregate emoluments	137,329	100,673
		137,329	100,673
	Aggregate emoluments	108,729 n Cahill Group.	100,673 The directors
	Aggregate emoluments Emoluments to highest paid director Certain of the directors provide services to other companies within the Joh aggregate emoluments disclosed above includes only the amounts that have	108,729 n Cahill Group. been charged to	100,673 The directors
5	Aggregate emoluments Emoluments to highest paid director Certain of the directors provide services to other companies within the Joh aggregate emoluments disclosed above includes only the amounts that have in respect of the services provided to it.	108,729 n Cahill Group. been charged to	100,673 The directors
5	Aggregate emoluments Emoluments to highest paid director Certain of the directors provide services to other companies within the Joh aggregate emoluments disclosed above includes only the amounts that have in respect of the services provided to it. The company does not fund pension scheme arrangements on behalf of the other company does not fund pension scheme arrangements on behalf of the other company.	108,729 n Cahill Group. been charged to directors.	100,673 The directors this company

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008 (Continued)

	Interest receivable and similar income	2008	2007
	Bank interest	£ 37,317	30,551
7	Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	2008	2007
	Current tax	£	£
	Group relief payable	20,856	15,545
	Movement in deferred tax	•	7,069
	Total tax charge for the year	20,856	22,614
	The tax assessed for the year is different from the standard rate of corpordifferences are explained below:	oration tax in th	ne UK. The
		oration tax in th	ne UK. The 2007 £
		2008	2007
	differences are explained below:	2008 £	2007 £
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate	2008 £ 29,540	2007 £ 65,307 19,592 3,022
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28.5% (2007 - 30%) Effects of: Expenditure which is not tax deductible	2008 £ 29,540 ————————————————————————————————————	2007 £ 65,307 ————————————————————————————————————

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008 (Continued)

В	Tangible assets			
		Computer equipment £	Fixtures and fittings £	Total £
	Cost			
	At 1 January 2008 Additions – Asset transferred from JC & Co. Ltd Disposals	138,949 -	28,657 -	167,606 -
	At 31 December 2008	138,949	28,657	167,606
	Depreciation			
	At 1 January 2008 Charge transferred from JC & Co. Ltd Disposals	82,997 -	23,005 -	106,002 -
	At 31 December 2008	82,997	23,005	106,002
	Net book value			
	At 31 December 2008	55,952	5,652	61,604
	At 31 December 2007	-	-	

On 31 December 2008 the company transferred tangible assets, from John Cahill & Company Limited, at the written down value of £61,604.

9 Debtors

Debtors	2008 £	2007 £
Trade debtors Other debtors	7,010,886 8,112	1,924,366
Amounts owed by parent company Prepayments and accrued income	40,000 71,983	446,818 76,117
	7,130,981 ————	2,447,301

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008 (Continued)

10 Cash at bank and in hand

Included within cash in bank and in hand is £866,808 (2007 - £4,015,312), which is held in bank accounts designated as non-statutory trust accounts.

11	Creditors: amounts falling due within one	уеаг			
				2008 £	2007 £
	Trade creditors Group relief Other creditors including taxation and social Accruals	security		7,196,002 20,856 30,333 43,389	5,912,095 15,545 127,185 105,317
				7,290,580	6,160,142
12	Share capital		Autho	rised	
		2008 Number	2007 Number	2008 £	2007 £
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
		2008 Number	Allotted, called u 2007 Number	ip and fully pai 2008 £	2007 £
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
13	Profit and loss account			2008 £	2007 £
	At 1 January 2008 Profit for the financial year			23,584 8,684	(19,109) 42,693
	At 31 December 2008			32,268	23,584

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008 (Continued)

14	Reconciliation of movements in equity shareholders' funds		
		2008 £	2007 £
	Opening shareholders' funds Ordinary shares issued in year	1,023,584	380,891 600,000
	Profit for the financial year	8,684	42,693
	Closing shareholders' funds	1,032,268	1,023,584

15 Related party disclosures

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 8 "Related party disclosures" not to disclose transactions with members of the group headed by John Cahill & Company Limited on the grounds that at least 90% of the voting rights in the company are controlled within that group and the company is included in consolidated financial statements.

16 Ultimate parent undertaking

The directors regard John Cahill & Company Limited as the ultimate parent undertaking. At 31 December 2008, John Cahill & Company Limited had a 100% (2007 - 100%) interest in the ordinary share capital of the company. The results of this company are consolidated into those of the ultimate parent undertaking.

Mr J H Cahill, the chairman, is the ultimate controlling party by virtue of his controlling interest in the issued share capital of John Cahill & Company Limited.

Copies of the financial statements of John Cahill & Company Limited are available to the public on payment of the appropriate fee, from Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF4 3UZ.