**Cordrow Limited** 

**Abbreviated Statutory Accounts** 

For The Year Ended 30 November 2015

SATURDAY



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07/05/2016 COMPANIES HOUSE

£33

#### ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2015

	Notes		2015		2014
<b>Fixed Assets</b> Tangible Assets	2	£	<b>£</b> 397,834	£	<b>£</b> 397,834
Current Assets Debtors Cash at Bank		851,146 239		832,296 456	
<b>.</b>		851,385		832,752	
Creditors - amounts falling due within one year	3	(11,512)		(12,782)	
Net Current Assets			839,873		819,970
Total Assets less current liab	oilities		1,237,707		1,217,804
Creditors - amount falling due after more than one year	3		(804,815)		(804,885)
Net Assets			432,892		412,919
Capital and Reserves Called up Share Capital Share premium Profit and Loss Account	4 .		100 433,902 (1,110)		100 433,902 (21,083)
Shareholders' Funds			432,892		412,919

The directors consider that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to have an audit under the provisions of Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006. Members have not required the company, under Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006, to obtain an audit for the year ended 30 November 2015. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Section 386 of the Companies Act 2006, and for preparing accounts which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 30 November 2015 and of its results for the period then ended in accordance with the requirements of Section 396, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to the accounts so far as applicable to the company.

The abbreviated accounts, which have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 applicable to small companies, were approved by the board on 15 APRIL 2016 and signed on its behalf.

C. O. Humble

Director - Company Number 04317658

The notes on pages 2 to 4 form part of these abbreviated financial statements.

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2015

#### 1. Accounting policies

#### a. Basis of preparation of accounts

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

#### b. Turnover

Turnover represents the value, net of value added tax and discounts, of goods provided to customers and work carried out in respect of services provided to customers.

# c. Investment Properties

In accordance with Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities, paragraph 5.15 investment properties are revalued annually by the directors and the aggregate surplus or deficit is transferred to a revaluation reserve, unless the deficit on an individual investment property is expected to be permanent, in which case it is charged to the profit and loss account. No depreciation is provided in respect of the investment property. This treatment, as regards the company's investment property may be a departure from the requirements of the Companies Act concerning depreciation of fixed assets. However this property is held for investment and the directors consider that systematic annual depreciation would be inappropriate. The accounting policy adopted is therefore necessary for the financial statements to give a true and fair view. Depreciation is only one of many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount, which might otherwise have been shown cannot be separately identified or quantified.

## d. Leasing and hire purchase

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired by finance lease are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired by hire purchase are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss accounts so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

## e. Operating leases

Rental applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

## f. Deferred taxation

The charge for taxation takes into account taxation deferred as a result of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. In general, deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date. However, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred taxation is measured on a non-discounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

# **NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS**

# YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2015

# g. Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

2.	Fixed Assets		Tangible Fixed Assets		
	Cost At 1 December 2014		<b>£</b> 397,834		
	At 30 November 2015		397,834		
	Net Book Value At 30 November 2015		397,834		
	Net Book Value At 30 November 2014		397,834		
3.	Creditors:				
	Creditors includes the following amounts of secured liabilities:				
		2015	2014		
	Due after more than one year	<b>£</b> 804,815	804,885		
	Creditors repayable otherwise than by instalments and falling due after more than five years	804,815	804,885		
4.	Called up share capital	2015 £	2014 £		
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:	2	~		
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100		
		100	100		
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# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED)

## YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2015

## 5. Transactions with and loans to directors

Mr C. Humble also operates a sole trader, Arena Property Management, a property agent. During the year this business collected rent of £76,500 (2014 - £65,000) on behalf of the company and charged £34,200 (2014 - £16,250) for it's services. At the balance sheet date any amounts outstanding have been included in the directors loan account balance.

Included in debtors are the following loans to directors:

	At 1 December	Amounts	Amounts	At 30 November
	2014	Advanced	Repaid	2015
C. Humble	-	662,230	-	662,230

The above loan is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.