

**Registered Number 04317465**

**A & C DESIGNS LIMITED**

**Abbreviated Accounts**

**31 March 2015**

## Abbreviated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2015

	Notes	2015	2014
		£	£
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Tangible assets	2	-	2
		<u>-</u>	<u>2</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors		100	100
Cash at bank and in hand		21,886	21,912
		<u>21,986</u>	<u>22,012</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>		<u>(3,562)</u>	<u>(4,721)</u>
<b>Net current assets (liabilities)</b>		<u>18,424</u>	<u>17,291</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>18,424</u>	<u>17,293</u>
<b>Total net assets (liabilities)</b>		<u>18,424</u>	<u>17,293</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital		1,000	1,000
Profit and loss account		17,424	16,293
<b>Shareholders' funds</b>		<u>18,424</u>	<u>17,293</u>

- For the year ending 31 March 2015 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the Board on 15 December 2015

And signed on their behalf by:

**Mrs C A Cooper, Director**

**Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the period ended 31 March 2015****1 Accounting Policies****Basis of measurement and preparation of accounts**

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities effective April 2008.

**Turnover policy**

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year.

**Tangible assets depreciation policy**

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Equipment - 33% on cost

**Other accounting policies****Financial instruments**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

**2 Tangible fixed assets**

	£
<b>Cost</b>	
At 1 April 2014	558
Additions	-
Disposals	-
Revaluations	-
Transfers	-
At 31 March 2015	<u>558</u>
<b>Depreciation</b>	
At 1 April 2014	556
Charge for the year	2
On disposals	-
At 31 March 2015	<u>558</u>
<b>Net book values</b>	

At 31 March 2015	<u>0</u>
At 31 March 2014	<u>2</u>

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