Registration number: 04316223

Taunton Kitchen Company Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

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(Registration number: 04316223)
Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	44,995	54,683
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>5</u>	5,374	3,110
Debtors	<u>6</u>	14,406	25,650
Cash at bank and in hand		4,359	<u>-</u>
		24,139	28,760
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>7</u>	(141,388)	(167,661)
Net current liabilities		(117,249)	(138,901)
Total assets less current liabilities		(72,254)	(84,218)
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	7	(19,702)	(10,815)
Net liabilities		(91,956)	(95,033)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		2	2
Profit and loss account		(91,958)	(95,035)
Shareholders' deficit		(91,956)	(95,033)

For the financial year ending 31 March 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 20 December 2021

(Registration number: 04316223) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2021

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Mr D Sanderson Director

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Freshford House Redcliffe Way Bristol Avon BS1 6NL England

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 20 December 2021.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company, and rounded to the nearest \mathfrak{L} .

Going concern

The company's balance sheet at 31 March 2021 shows that liabilities exceed assets by £91,956 (2020 - £95,033). The director is committed to ensure that the company is able to meet its liabilities on a day to day basis.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

- the amount of revenue can be reliably measured;
- it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity; and
- specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised as income over the periods necessary to match them with the related costs which they are intended to compensate.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

Finance income and costs policy

Interest income and expenses are recognised using the effective interest rate method.

Tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class
Plant and machinery
Motor vehicles

Depreciation method and rate 15% reducing balance 25% reducing balance

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year was 2 (2020 - 2).

4 Tangible assets

	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 April 2020 Additions	196,625 158	36,323	232,948 158
Additions		-	130
At 31 March 2021	196,783	36,323	233,106
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2020	158,138	20,127	178,265
Charge for the year	5,797	4,049	9,846
At 31 March 2021	163,935	24,176	188,111
Carrying amount			
At 31 March 2021	32,848	12,147	44,995
At 31 March 2020	38,487	16,196	54,683
5 Stocks			
5 Stocks		2021	2020
		£	£
Raw materials	=	5,374	3,110
6 Debtors			
		2021 £	2020 £
Trade debtors		3,697	13,405
Other debtors		2,535	-
Prepayments and accrued income	_	8,174	12,245
	=	14,406	25,650

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

7 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts	<u>8</u>	11,113	25,524
Trade creditors	-	9,708	15,682
Amounts owed to related parties		108,597	114,997
Taxation and social security		3,780	1,653
Other creditors		7,440	9,055
Accruals and deferred income		750	750
		141,388	167,661
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	8	19,702	10,815

Creditors include bank loans and borrowings which are secured over the assets to which they relate.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

8 Loans and borrowings

	2021 £	2020 £
Current loans and borrowings		
Bank borrowings	3,550	-
Bank overdrafts	-	11,896
Hire purchase contracts	7,563	13,628
	11,113	25,524
	2021 £	2020 £
Non-current loans and borrowings		
Bank borrowings	16,450	-
Hire purchase contracts	3,252	10,815
	19,702	10,815

9 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingencies

Amounts not provided for in the balance sheet

The total amount of financial commitments not included in the balance sheet is £2,400 (2020 - £2,400).

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.