Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

for

Hayman Norton Limited

Contents of the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

	Page
Company Information	1
Abridged Balance Sheet	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	4

Hayman Norton Limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

DIRECTORS: R. J. Hayman J.P. Hayman

SECRETARY: J.P. Hayman

REGISTERED OFFICE: Ashmole & Co

Williamston House

7 Goat Street

HAVERFORDWEST Pembrokeshire SA61 1PX

REGISTERED NUMBER: 04309615 (England and Wales)

BANKERS: Lloyds TSB

7 Victoria Place Haverfordwest Pembrokeshire SA61 2JZ

Abridged Balance Sheet 31 March 2017

	31.3.17		31.3.1	31.3.16	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	4		1,212,172		1,193,827
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		751,589		740,466	
Debtors		140,511		133,083	
Cash at bank		10	-	10	
CREDITORS		892,110		873,559	
Amounts falling due within one year		734,637		803,908	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			157,473		69,651
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT				•	<u> </u>
LIABILITIES			1,369,645		1,263,478
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one					
year			(251,438)		(207,495)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES NET ASSETS			(196,199) 922,008		(189,148) 866,835
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Retained earnings			2 922,006		2 866,833
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			922,008		866,835

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2017.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

statements, so far as applicable to the company.

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial

Page 2 continued...

Abridged Balance Sheet - continued 31 March 2017

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

All the members have consented to the preparation of an abridged Balance Sheet for the year ended 31 March 2017 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 22 December 2017 and were signed on its behalf by:

R. J. Hayman - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Hayman Norton Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life or, if held under a finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

Improvements to property - 4% on cost
Plant and machinery - 10% on cost
Windturbine - 5% on cost

Stocks

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Cost is calculated using the first-in, first-out method and includes all purchase, transport, and handling costs in bringing stocks to their present location and condition.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Page 4 continued...

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to profit or loss over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 11.

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Totals £
COST	r.
At 1 April 2016	2,150,241
Additions	243,851
Disposals	(74,000)
At 31 March 2017	2,320,092
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 April 2016	956,414
Charge for year	188,506
Eliminated on disposal	(37,000)
At 31 March 2017	1,107,920
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2017	1,212,172
At 31 March 2016	1,193,827

Page 5 continued...

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

Fixed assets, included in the above, which are held under hire purchase contracts are as follows:

	Totals
	${f \pounds}$
COST	
At 1 April 2016	613,093
Additions	126,800
Transfer to ownership	(133,500)
At 31 March 2017	606,393
DEPRECIATION	
At I April 2016	147,170
Charge for year	60,639
Transfer to ownership	(26,700)
At 31 March 2017	181,109
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2017	425,284
At 31 March 2016	465,923

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.