REGISTERED NUMBER: 04287449 (England and Wales)

LOCALIS RESEARCH LIMITED

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

CONTENTS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

	Page
Company Information	1
Statement of Financial Position	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	4

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

DIRECTORS: P D Bettison P B Carter

Sir M R Cockell D C Renard Cllr D T Simmonds

REGISTERED OFFICE: Bank Chambers

1 Central Avenue Sittingbourne

Kent ME10 4AE

BUSINESS ADDRESS: Vox Studios

V.311

1-45 Durham Street

LONDON SE11 5JH

REGISTERED NUMBER: 04287449 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: McCabe Ford Williams

Chartered Accountants Bank Chambers 1 Central Avenue Sittingbourne

Kent ME10 4AE

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

		30.9.21		30.9.20	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	-		1.000		4.000
Tangible assets	5		1,036		1,389
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	6	75,298		30,832	
Cash at bank		92,337		83,652	
		167,635		114,484	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	7	<u> 104,494</u>		<u>75,407</u>	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			63,141		<u>39,077</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIE	S		64,177		40,466
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			197		264
NET ASSETS			63,980		40,202
NET ASSETS			03,300		40,202
RESERVES					
Income and expenditure account			63,980		40,202
•			63.980		40,202

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 30 September 2021.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2021 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its surplus or deficit for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

Page 2 continued...

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION - continued 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 5 January 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

Sir M R Cockell - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Localis Research Limited is a private company, limited by guarantee, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Significant judgements and estimates

In the application of the company's accounting policies, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period to which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. The key sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are the depreciation charges that are calculated with reference to the useful economic life of fixed assets.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery etc - 33.33% on cost and 25% on cost

Government grants

Government grants are recognised in the period they relate to once the conditions of the grant are met and it is probable the grant will be received and measured reliably. During the year, the company received Government grants in the form of the Coronavirus Statutory Sick Pay Rebate Scheme and the Employment Allowance, the grants are shown within other operating income.

Page 4 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

The company enters into basic financial instruments that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and other third parties and loans to related parties.

a) Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases, the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

b) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand.

c) Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the best estimate, which is an approximation, of the amount that the company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

d) Trade and other creditors

Debt instruments like loans and other accounts payable are initially measured at present value of the future payments and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable within one year, typically trade payables, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an outright short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset is measured, initially and subsequently, at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Page 5 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date non-financial assets not carried at fair value, like plant and equipment, are reviewed to determine whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If there is an indication of possible impairment, the recoverable amount of any asset or group of related assets, which is the higher of value in use and the fair value less cost to sell, is estimated and compared with its carrying amount. If the recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit and loss.

If an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the asset or group of related assets is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but not to exceed the amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset or group of related assets in prior periods. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit and loss.

4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 5 (2020 - 5).

Page 6 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

5. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

o. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			
	Fixtures		
	and	Computer	
	fittings	equipment	Totals
	£	£	£
COST			
At 1 October 2020	5,477	7 7,931	13,408
Additions		- 709	709
At 30 September 2021	5,477	7 8,640	14,117
DEPRECIATION			
At 1 October 2020	5,24	4 6,775	12,019
Charge for year	78	8 984	1,062
At 30 September 2021	5,322	7,759	13,081
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 30 September 2021	158	<u>881</u>	1,036
At 30 September 2020	233	<u>1,156</u>	1,389
6. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLIN	DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		30.9.21	30.9.20
		£	£
Trade debtors		59,932	22,800
Other debtors		5,763	5,763
Prepayments		9,603	2,269
		<u>75,298</u>	30,832
7. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALL	G DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		30.9.21	30.9.20
		£	£
Trade creditors		2,869	3,659
Other creditors		2,070	1,322
Other taxes and PAYE		34,851	33,904
Accruals and deferred income		64,704	36,522
		<u>104,494</u>	<u>75,407</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.