REGISTRAR'S COPY

S & M CAFE LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 SEPTEMBER 2004

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Registered number

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors K M Finch R Haddow J Kinn Secretary J Kinn **Auditors** Spofforths Courtyard House 30 Worthing Road Horsham West Sussex RH12 1SL Registered office 48 Brushfield Street London E1 6AG

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CONTENTS

	Page	
Directors' report	1	
Auditors' report	2	
Profit and loss account	3	
Balance sheet	4	
Notes to the accounts	5 to 11	
The following pages do not form part of the statutory ac	ccounts:	
Management profit and loss account	12 to 13	

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 SEPTEMBER 2004

The directors present their report and accounts for the year ended 5 September 2004.

Principal activities

The company's principal activity during the year continued to be the operation of restaurants.

Directors

K M Finch R Haddow J Kinn

The directors who served during the year and their interests in the share capital of the company were as follows:

£1 Oran	£1 Ordinary shares			
5	8			
September	September			
2004	2003			
735	800			
-	=			

£1 Ordinani charoc

Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing those accounts, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for maintaining proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors

A resolution to reappoint Spofforths as auditors will be put to the members at the Annual General Meeting.

Small company special provisions

The report of the directors has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

This report was approved by the board or

K M Finch

Director

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF

S & M CAFE LIMITED

We have audited the accounts of S & M Café Limited for the year ended 5 September 2004 on pages 3 to 11.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the accounts in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the accounts give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the accounts, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

Fundamental uncertainity - going concern

In forming our opinion, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosures made in note 2 of the financial statements concerning the directors' efforts to renegotiate loans and raise further capital. In view of the significance of the fact that the preparation of the financial statements on the going concern basis assumes the successful conclusion of these matters, we consider that these disclosures should be brought to your attention. Our opinion is not qualified in this respect.

Opinion

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 5 September 2004 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Spofforths,

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Courtyard House 30 Worthing Road Horsham

West Sussex RH12 1SL

Date: 19 January 2005

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 SEPTEMBER 2004

	Notes	2004 £	2003
		ž	£
Turnover		1,255,553	799,434
Cost of sales		(1,123,529)	(767,049)
Gross profit		132,024	32,385
Administrative expenses		(722,352)	(652,411)
Administrative expenses - exceptional items	18	(22,500)	(154,713)
Operating loss	3	(612,828)	(774,739)
Interest receivable		-	483
Interest payable		(66,891)	(36,670)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(679,719)	(810,926)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities		-	-
Loss for the financial year		(679,719)	(810,926)
Retained loss for the financial year	14	(679,719)	(810,926)

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 5 SEPTEMBER 2004

	Natas		2004		2002
	Notes	£	2004 £	£	2003 £
Fixed assets		_	-	4	_
Intangible assets	4		_		23,334
Tangible assets	5		578,841		520,249
Investments	6	_	2	_	2
			578,843		543,585
Current assets					
Stocks		6,921		6,921	
Debtors	8	47,717		9,510	
Cash at bank and in hand		9,752		9,197	
		64,390		25,628	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(1,127,971)		(575,997)	
Net current liabilities			(1,063,581)	_	(550,369)
Total assets less current liabilities			(484,738)		(6,784)
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	10		(178,493)		(378,228)
Provisions for liabilities and charges	11		(16,500)		-
Net liabilities			(679,731)	-	(385,012)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	12		3,219		2,354
Share premium	13		964,120		<i>579,985</i>
Profit and loss account	14		(1,647,070)	_	(967,351)
Shareholders' funds			(679,731)	.	(385,012)

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies within Part VII of the

Companies Act 1985.

K M Findi

Approved by the board on

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 SEPTEMBER 2004

1 Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective June 2002).

Consolidation

The company and its subsidiary comprise a small group. The company has therefore taken advantage of the exemption provided by section 248 of the Companies Act 1985 not to prepare group accounts.

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, net of trade discounts, VAT and other sales related taxes.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Short leasehold improvements
Fixtures, fittings and equipment

10% per annum 10 - 20% per annum

Lease premiums are capitalised at the fair values of the premium, and amortised over the length of the lease on a straight line basis as follows:

Acton
Brushfield Street

over 25 years

over 12 years

Amortisation

Goodwill is the difference between the fair value of the consideration paid and the fair value of the assets and liabilities acquired. It is amortised through the profit and loss account over the directors' estimate of its useful economic life of 3 years.

Stocks

Stocks are consistently valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Provision is made for obsolete, slow-moving or defective items where appropriate.

Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial information that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial information.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only whe, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 SEPTEMBER 2004

Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts, which are those where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, are capitalised in the balance sheet and depreciated over their useful lives.

The interest element of the rental obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2 Going concern

The company meets its day to day working capital requirements through an overdraft facility and two bank loans. In addition, the company had made arrangements with certain key creditors for deferral of payment. In the absence of additional fundraising the directors expect that the company will be unable to trade within its current facilities. However, the directors' plans for raising funds of a minimum of £900,000 (net of expenses) from a share issue ("the Offer") are at an advanced stage. In addition the directors are currently negotiating with the lenders to the company for new terms for amounts borrowed totalling £518,000. The lenders to the company have confirmed in writing to the directors that they will, subject only to the successful completion of the Offer, provide facilities to the company at that level, although the precise terms of those facilities have yet to be agreed.

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis which assumes that the company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The validity of this assumption depends on the successful conclusion of the Offer and negotiations with the company's lenders. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result if the Offer were not concluded successfully.

Whilst the directors are presently uncertain as to the outcome of the matters mentioned above, they believe it is appropriate for the financial statements to be prepared on the going concern basis.

3 Operating loss	2004	2003
This is stated after charging:	£	£
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	70,160	42,736
Depreciation of assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	15,283	5, 444
Amortisation of goodwill	23,334	23,333
Directors' emoluments	126,686	148,417
Exceptional impairment of tangible fixed assets (see note 18)	6,000	135,646
Exceptional costs relating to onerous contracts (see note 18)	16,500	-
Exceptional impairment of lease premium (see note 18)	-	19,067
Operating lease rentals - land and buildings	190,012	85,478
Auditors' remuneration	9,500_	4,250

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 SEPTEMBER 2004

	Intangible fixed assets				Goodwill £
	•				_
	At beginning of year				70,000
	At beginning of year At end of year				70,000
	At end of year				70,000
	Amortisation				
	At beginning of year				46,666
	Provided during the year				23,334
	At end of year				70,000
	Net book value				
	At 5 September 2004				
	At 7 September 2003				23,334
5	Tangible fixed assets				
				Short	
		Short leasehold	Fixtures fittings	leasehold	
		improvements	and equipment	buildings	Total
	Cost	£	£	£	£
	At beginning of year	508,515	127,511	95,000	731,026
	Additions	113,763	36,272	-	150,035
	At end of year	622,278	163,783	95,000	881,061
	Depreciation				
	At beginning of year	169,289	16,904	24,584	210,777
	Charge for the year	63,286	15,974	6,183	85,443
	Exceptional impairment	6,000		-	6,000
	At end of year	238,575	32,878	30,767	302,220
	Net book value				
		383,703	130,905	64,233	578,841
	At 5 September 2004			,	,
	At 5 September 2004		110 607	70.416	520 240
	At 7 September 2003	339,226	110,607	70,416	520,249
	•		110,607		
	•	339,226		70,416 2004 £	520,249 2003 £

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 SEPTEMBER 2004

6	Investments				
				I	nvestments in
					subsidiary
					undertaking
					£
	Cost				3
	At beginning of year				2
	At beginning and end of year				2
7	Investment in subsidiary undertakir	ngs			
			Proportion of voting rights and	Aggregate capital and	
	Name of Company	Holding	shares held	reserves	
	S & M Café (Islington) Limited	Ordinary shares	100%	1	
	S & M (Brushfield Street) Limited	Ordinary shares	100%	1	
8	Debtors			2004	2003
				£	£
	Trade debtors			1,788	-
	Other debtors			45,929	9,510
				47,717	9,510
			•		
9	Creditors: amounts falling due with	ìn one year		2004	2003
				£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts (secured)			410,874	165,810
	Obligations under finance lease and hire	purchase contracts		39,291	21,971
	Trade creditors			170,136	194,443
	Other taxes and social security costs			332,552	101,569
	Other loans			50,000	-
	Other creditors			125,118	92,204
				1,127,971	<i>575,997</i>

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 SEPTEMBER 2004

10	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2004	2003
		£	£
	Bank loans (secured)	95,083	237,766
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	33,410	40,462
	Other loans	50,000	100,000
		178,493	378,228
11	Provisions for liabilities and charges Vacant property	2004 £	2003 £
	Charged to the profit and loss account	16,500	-
	At end of year	16,500	<u> </u>

A provision has been made in respect of the lease of the Acton unit. The directors expect that this lease will be assigned to another tenant in January 2005. This has been charged to the profit and loss account as an exceptional item.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 SEPTEMBER 2004

Share capital			2004	2003
			£	£
Authorised:				
Ordinary shares of £1 each			4,911	4,911
"A" Ordinary shares of £1 each		<u></u>	89	89
			5,000	5,000
		_		
	2004	2003	2004	2003
	No	No	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
Ordinary shares of £1 each	3,181	2,316	3,181	2,316
"A" Ordinary shares of £1 each	38	38	38	38_
	3,219	2,354	3,219	2,354
	Ordinary shares of £1 each "A" Ordinary shares of £1 each Allotted, called up and fully paid: Ordinary shares of £1 each	Authorised: Ordinary shares of £1 each "A" Ordinary shares of £1 each 2004 No Allotted, called up and fully paid: Ordinary shares of £1 each 3,181 "A" Ordinary shares of £1 each 38	Authorised: Ordinary shares of £1 each "A" Ordinary shares of £1 each 2004 2003 No No Allotted, called up and fully paid: Ordinary shares of £1 each "A" Ordinary shares of £1 each 3,181 2,316 "A" Ordinary shares of £1 each 38 38	Authorised: Ordinary shares of £1 each "A" Ordinary shares of £1 each 2004 No No No Allotted, called up and fully paid: Ordinary shares of £1 each 3,181 "A" Ordinary shares of £1 each 3,181 2,316 3,181 3,181

During the period 865 ordinary £1 shares were issued at premiums as follows:

	Shares	Nominal value	Premium	Total
Date	No	£	£	£
09 October 2003	78	78	49,844	49,922
10 October 2003	65	65	-	65
22 April 2004	145	145	-	145
23 April 2004	347	347	384,423	384,770
23 April 2004	230	230	<u>-</u> _	230
	865	865	434,267	435,132

The "A" Ordinary shares rank pari pasu with the Ordinary shares except as detailed below:

- The "A" ordinary shares carry no voting rights.
- The "A" ordinary shares carry no entitlement to any dividend.
- The "A" ordinary shares may be converted into ordinary shares.
- Any "A" ordinary shares transferred to an existing member of the company shall automatically convert to the class of share already held by that member.

13 Reserves

	Share
	premium
	account
	£
ALL SALE AND AND	F70.00F
At beginning of year	579,985
Arising on share issue	434,267
Expenses of issue	(50,132)
At end of year	964,120
	

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 SEPTEMBER 2004

14 Profit and loss account 2004 £ At beginning of year (967,351) Retained loss (679,719) At end of year (1,647,070)

15 Post balance sheet events

On 1 October 2004 the Company was acquired by S&M Cafes Group plc by way of a share for share exchange and is now a 100% subsidiary undertaking of that company.

16	Other financial commitments	2004	2003
		£	£
	At the year end the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below:		
	Operating leases which expire:		
	within two to five years	20,000	20,000
	in over five years	155,000	<u> 155,000</u>
		175,000	175,000

17 Transactions with directors

During the year the company provided a loan to K Finch, a director. The balance at the start of the period was £13,228. The maximum during the year was £25,820. The balance at the end of the year was £25,820. In addition to this loan, a gross unpaid salary of £18,590 has been accrued. This has been disclosed separately from the directors loan balance as part of other creditors.

K Finch has provided security over the balances due to HSBC Bank plc and Dr Rickards.

18 Exceptional items

Subsequent to the period end, the Acton branch of the business was closed. As a consequence an impairment review was carried out on assets held at the period end. Tangible fixed assets with a net book value prior to adjustment of £6,000 have been written down to their net realisable value of £nil (2003: £135,646 was written down to £nil). In the prior year, the lease premium relating to the branch which had a net book value of £39,067 prior to adjustment was written down to its net realisable value of £20,000. No further adjustments in respect of impairment have been made to the capitalised value of lease premiums in the current year.

A provision has been recognised in respect of an onerous contract of £16,500 (see note 11).