COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 4257717

Interactive Digital Sales Limited
Financial Statements
31 December 2009

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Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2009

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Company Information

The board of directors

R C Gale

R M Mackenzie

Company secretary

G E James

Registered office

160 Great Portland Street

London

W1W 5QA

Auditor

Ernst & Young LLP
1 More London Place

London

SEI 2AF

The Directors' Report

Year ended 31 December 2009

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2009

Principal activities and business review

The principal activity of the company during the year was to act as agent in the sale of advertising airtime on behalf of channels within the Virgin Media Television group, UKTV and external companies

On 4 June 2010, Virgin Media Inc announced that an agreement had been reached for the acquisition by British Sky Broadcasting Limited (Sky) of Virgin Media Television (VMtv) See post balance sheet event below

The company is a wholly-owned subsidiary undertaking of Virgin Media Inc. The Virgin Media group is a leading provider of entertainment and communications services in the UK, offering "quad-play" television, broadband internet, fixed line telephony and mobile telephony services

As at 31 December 2009, the Virgin Media group provided services to approximately 4.8 million residential cable customers on its network. The group is also one of the UK's largest mobile virtual network operators by number of customers and at 31 December 2009 provided mobile telephone services to 2.2 million prepay mobile customers and approximately 950,000 contract mobile customers over third party networks. As of 31 December 2009, approximately 60.5% of residential customers on the group's cable network were "triple play" customers, receiving broadband internet, television and fixed line telephone services from the group and approximately 10.7% were "quad play" customers, also receiving the group's mobile telephone services.

The Virgin Media group believes that its advanced, deep fibre access network enables it to offer faster and higher quality broadband services than its digital subscriber line, or DSL, competitors. As a result it provides its customers with a leading next generation broadband service and one of the most advanced TV on-demand services available in the UK market.

Through Virgin Media Business, the Virgin Media group provides a complete portfolio of voice, data and internet solutions to leading businesses, public sector organisations and service providers in the UK

During the year the Virgin Media group also provided a broad range of television programming through its wholly-owned channels, such as Virgin1, Living and Bravo, through Virgin Media Television (VMtv) An agreement was reached to sell the channels, but not the Virgin brand, on 4 June 2010 See post balance sheet event below

The Virgin Media group continues to provide television programming through UKTV, its joint ventures with BBC Worldwide

Turnover represents costs recharged to other companies for which the company acts as agent, and as such is dependent on the amount of costs incurred to generate the revenue for those companies. Turnover and gross profit for the year ended 31 December 2009 were consistent with the year ended 31 December 2008.

Distribution costs have increased by 7 5% to £3,403,000 for the year ended 31 December 2009 from £3,165,000 in 2008. This was predominantly due to an increase in the staff costs recharged by a fellow group undertaking

Administrative expenses have increased by 4.7% to £5,826,000 for the year ended 31 December 2009 from £5,565,000 in 2008. This was predominantly due to an increase in the staff costs recharged by a fellow group undertaking

The company reported an increase in net current liabilities and net liabilities as at 31 December 2009 as a result of normal operations. No external finance was arranged or settled and there was no movement in the called up equity share capital of the company as at 31 December 2009. Operations were financed through the company's own working capital and inter-company balances with fellow group undertakings.

The Directors' Report (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2009

Results and dividends

The loss for the financial year amounted to £103,000 (2008 - profit of £379,000) The directors have not recommended an ordinary dividend (2008 - £nil)

Financial risk management

The company's operations expose it to a variety of financial risks that include liquidity and credit risks

Liquidity risk

The Virgin Media group manages its financial risk via secure, long-dated and cost-effective funding for the group's operations in order to minimise the adverse effects of fluctuations in the financial markets on the value of its financial assets and liabilities, profitability and cash flows

The Virgin Media group's external debt is used to satisfy the funding requirements of group undertakings via inter-company loans on terms which generally match those of the external debt. In addition, working capital is managed centrally within the Virgin Media group creating further inter-company trading balances, on terms which are generally interest free

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a transaction will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The company's policies are aimed at minimising such losses, by generally requiring that customers satisfy credit worthiness criteria.

The group's inter-company funding arrangements are managed centrally. Recoverability of inter-company receivables is assessed annually. The provision for non-recoverability may increase or decrease as a result of that review.

The directors will revisit the appropriateness of these policies should the company's operations change in size or nature

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year and thereafter were as follows

R M Mackenzie (appointed 30 April 2010)

R C Gale (appointed 30 April 2010)

Virgin Media Directors Limited (resigned 30 April 2010)

Virgin Media Secretaries Limited (resigned 30 April 2010)

Virgin Media Inc has indemnified the directors of the company against liability in respect of proceedings brought by third parties, subject to the conditions set out in the Companies Act 2006 Such qualifying third party indemnity provision is in force as at the date of approving the directors' report

Post balance sheet event

On 4 June 2010, Virgin Media Inc announced that an agreement had been reached for the acquisition by British Sky Broadcasting Limited (Sky) of Virgin Media Television (VMtv) The acquisition is conditional upon receiving regulatory clearance in the Republic of Ireland. The acquisition of VMtv involves Sky acquiring the Living, Challenge, Bravo and Virgin! channels but not the Virgin brand. Following completion of this agreement Sky will takeover responsibility for selling advertising on the acquired VMtv channels from January 2011.

The Directors' Report (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2009

Disclosure of information to the auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information, being information needed by the auditor in connection with preparing its report, of which the auditor is unaware. Having made enquiries of fellow directors and the company's auditor, each director has taken all the steps that he is obliged to take as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information

Auditor

Ernst & Young LLP are deemed to be re-appointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006

Signed on behalf of the directors

R M Mackenzie

Director

Approved by the directors on 22 June 2010

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Year ended 31 December 2009

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,

make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,

state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,

prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Member of Interactive Digital Sales Limited

Year ended 31 December 2009

We have audited the financial statements of Interactive Digital Sales Limited for the year ended 31 December 2009 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, Balance Sheet and the related notes The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's member in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's member those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's member, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 5, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Member of Interactive Digital Sales Limited (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2009

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2009 and of its loss for the year then ended,

have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and

have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or

the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or

certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or

we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Michael Rudberg (Senior Statutory Auditor)

Emit & Young UP

For and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP, Statutory Auditor

London

35 June 2010

Profit and Loss Account

Year ended 31 December 2009

	Note	2009 £000	2008 £000
Turnover		11,190	11,362
Cost of sales		(2,064)	(2,253)
Gross profit		9,126	9,109
Distribution costs Administrative expenses		(3,403) (5,826)	(3,165) (5,565)
Operating (loss)/profit	2	(103)	379
Attributable to Operating (loss)/profit before exceptional items Exceptional items	2	(102) (1) (103)	$ \begin{array}{r} 353 \\ \underline{26} \\ 379 \end{array} $
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation		(103)	379
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	4	_	_
(Loss)/profit for the financial year		(103)	379

All of the activities of the company are classed as continuing

Statement of total recognised gains and losses

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the loss of £103,000 attributable to the shareholder for the year ended 31 December 2009 (2008 - profit of £379,000)

The notes on pages 10 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 4257717

Interactive Digital Sales Limited

Balance Sheet

31 December 2009

Fixed assets	Note	2009 £000	2008 £000
Tangible assets	5	487	507
Investments	6	487 19	307 19
nive strictus	v		
		506	526
Current assets			
Debtors due within one year	7	5,349	5,479
Secretary with the year	,	3,347	3,477
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	8	(7,279)	(7,326)
-		<u></u> -	
Net current liabilities		(1,930)	(1,847)
		(1,550)	(1,047)
Total appets loss annuant habilities		(1.45.4)	(1.221)
Total assets less current habilities		$\underbrace{(1,424)}$	(1,321)
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	11	_	_
Profit and loss account	12	(1,424)	(1,321)
Deficit	12	(1,424)	(1,321)
	1 2	(1,121)	(1,521)

These financial statements were approved by the directors on 22 June 2010 and are signed on their behalf by

R C Gale

K. Calm

Director

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2009

1. Accounting policies

Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards

Fundamental accounting concept

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis because the ultimate parent undertaking has given the necessary assurances that sufficient resources will be made available, so that the company can meet its liabilities as and when they fall due, for at least twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements

Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are at cost less any provision for impairment

Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under FRS 1 (revised) not to prepare a cash flow statement as it is a subsidiary which is at least 90% controlled by the ultimate parent undertaking (see note 13)

Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts re-charged to fellow subsidiary undertakings and external companies for costs incurred by the company on their behalf during the year

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than land, so as to write off the cost of a tangible fixed asset, less it estimated residual value, on a straight line basis over the expected useful economic life of that asset as follows

Fixtures & Fittings 4 - 6 years Electronic Equipment 4 years

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions

- provision is made for deferred tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold, and
- deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2009

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are stated at their recoverable amount. Provision is made when the amount receivable is not considered recoverable and the full amount is written off when the probability for recovery of a balance is assessed as being remote.

2 Operating (loss)/profit

Operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging/(crediting)

	2009	2008
	£000	£000
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	289	402
Auditor's remuneration		
- as auditor	2	1
Release of impairment provision against amounts due from group		
undertakings	(5)	(26)
Realisation of loss on impaired balances due from group undertakings	6	
•		

The group's inter-company funding arrangements are managed centrally Recoverability of inter-company receivables is assessed annually The provision for non-recoverability may decrease or increase as a result of that review The impairment review of inter-company indebtedness as at 31 December 2009 concluded that no change in the provision against amounts due from group undertakings should be made (2008 - release of £26,000)

During the year the amounts due from a group undertaking totalling £19,000 were transferred to a different group undertaking at their fair value of £13,000. As a result of this transaction the company realised a loss on the impaired balance of £6,000, which was partially offset by a release of the impairment provision of £5,000.

The company had corporate directors throughout the year, which received no remuneration

Certain expenses are specifically attributable to the company Where costs are incurred by other group companies on behalf of the company, expenses are allocated to the company on a basis that, in the opinion of the directors, is reasonable

Auditor's remuneration disclosed above represents costs allocated to the company by the fellow group undertakings that pay all auditor's remuneration on behalf of the Virgin Media group Following guidance from Statutory Instrument 2008/489(6)(2)-(3), the company is not required to disclose amounts in respect of non-audit services, as it is a subsidiary of Virgin Media Finance PLC and the group accounts of Virgin Media Finance PLC are required to disclose this information on a consolidated basis

3. Staff costs

Virgin Media Television Limited, a fellow group undertaking, employs most of the employees of the content segment of the Virgin Media Group Details of staff numbers and staff costs that include those of the company are disclosed in the financial statements of Virgin Media Television Limited The company does not have any directly employed staff

Depreciation in excess of capital allowances

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2009

Faxation on ordinary activities		
(a) Analysis of charge in the year		
The tax charge is made up as follows	2009 £000	200 £00
Current tax charge: Current tax on (loss)/profit for the year		200
Deferred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences	-	
Total tax (credit)/charge on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities		_
(b) Factors affecting current tax charge		
The tax assessed on the (loss)/profit on ordinary activities for the	waar sa higher than the stan	dard rate
corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2008 - 28 50%)	year is migner man me stan	daru rate
corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2008 - 28 50%) The difference between the effective statutory rate and the act	ual current tax charge is re	conciled
corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2008 - 28 50%) The difference between the effective statutory rate and the act	ual current tax charge is re	conciled 200 £00
corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2008 - 28 50%) The difference between the effective statutory rate and the act follows (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities multiplied by rate of tax Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	2009 £000 (103) (29) 96	conciled
corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2008 - 28 50%) The difference between the effective statutory rate and the act follows (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities multiplied by rate of tax	2009 £000 (103)	200 £00 37 10 24
Corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2008 - 28 50%) The difference between the effective statutory rate and the act follows (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities multiplied by rate of tax Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Accelerated capital allowances Income not taxable	2009 £000 (103) (29) 96 81 (1)	200 £00 37
Corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2008 - 28 50%) The difference between the effective statutory rate and the act follows (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities multiplied by rate of tax Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Accelerated capital allowances Income not taxable Group relief claimed without payment	2009 £000 (103) (29) 96 81 (1)	200 £00 37 10 24
Corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2008 - 28 50%) The difference between the effective statutory rate and the act follows (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities multiplied by rate of tax (Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Accelerated capital allowances Income not taxable Group relief claimed without payment Total current tax (note 4(a))	2009 £000 (103) (29) 96 81 (1) (147) —	200 £00 37 10 24 (34

1,661

1,742

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2009

5.	Tangible fixed assets			
		Fixtures & Fittings £000	Electronic equipment £000	Total £000
	Cost At 1 January 2009 Additions	12	6,901 269	6,913 269
	At 31 December 2009	12	7,170	7,182
	Depreciation At 1 January 2009 Charge for the year At 31 December 2009	5 	6,401 288 6,689	6,406 289 6,695
	Net book value At 31 December 2009	6	481	487
	At 31 December 2008		500	507
6.	Investments			
				Investment
	Cost			£000
	At 1 January 2009 and 31 December 2009			
	Net book value At 31 December 2009 and 31 December 2008			19

The investment is a 12 5% share of Clearcast Limited, a company providing support and regulatory clearance of television advertisements to broadcasters and media agencies

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2009

7 Debtors		
	2009	2008
	£000	£000
Amounts owed by group undertakings	4,305	3,704
Other debtors	354	321
Other prepayments and accrued income	690	1,454
	5,349	5,479
Amounts owed by group undertakings are -		
	2009	2008
	000£	£000
Amounts owed by group undertakings	4,305	3,709
Impairment provision	, <u> </u>	(5)
	4,305	3,704

Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and are repayable on demand

8. Creditors Amounts falling due within one year

	2009	2008
	£000	£000
Trade creditors	901	-
Amounts owed to group undertakings	1,126	_
Other creditors	920	2,304
Accruals and deferred income	4,332	5,022
	7,279	7,326

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand

9. Contingent habilities

The company, along with fellow group undertakings, is party to a senior secured credit facility with a syndicate of banks under which it has guaranteed the amount outstanding, which as at 31 December 2009 amounted to approximately £3,213 million (2008 - £4,289 million) Borrowings under the facility are secured against the assets of certain members of the group including those of the company

On 19 January 2010 Virgin Media Secured Finance PLC, a fellow group undertaking, issued \$1 0 billion aggregate principal amount of 6 50% senior secured notes due 2018 and £875 million aggregate principal amount of 7 00% senior secured notes due 2018. Subject to certain exceptions the senior secured notes due 2018 share in the same guarantees and security which have been granted in favour of the senior credit facility. The net proceeds from the issuance of the senior secured notes were used to repay £1,453 million of the group's obligations under its senior credit facility.

On 19 April 2010, the group drew down an aggregate principal amount of £1,675 million under its new senior credit facility dated 16 March 2010, and applied the proceeds towards the repayment of all amounts outstanding under its old senior credit facility and for general corporate purposes. The new senior credit facility comprises a term loan A facility in an aggregate principal amount of £1,000 million, a term loan B facility in an aggregate principal amount of £675 million and a revolving credit facility in aggregate principal amount of £250 million. The group also utilised £20.4 million of the new revolving credit facility for bank guarantees and standby letters of credit

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2009

9 Contingent liabilities (continued)

The company has joint and several liabilities under a group VAT registration

10. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under FRS 8 not to disclose transactions with group undertakings as it is a subsidiary undertaking which is 100% controlled by the ultimate parent undertaking

During the year, the company acted as an agent for channels operating under the UKTV brand name, selling advertising space on their channels. The UKTV companies are owned 50% by a fellow group undertaking and 50% by BBC Worldwide Limited. The value of advertising space sold on behalf of the UKTV portfolio of channels was £116,712,000 (2008 - £118,490,000). Costs of £6,463,000 (2008-£6,308,000) were recharged by the company to UKTV. There were no amounts due to or from UKTV companies at 31 December 2009 (2008 - £nil).

As the company acts as an agent, the revenue disclosed above is not reflected in the Profit and Loss Account of the company

11. Share capital

Authorised share capital:

£000	£000
1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	
Allotted, called up and fully paid:	
2009 2008	
No £000 No	£000
Ordinary shares of £1 each 2 - 2	-

2000

2008

12. Reconciliation of shareholder's deficit and movement on reserves

	Profit and loss
	account
	£000
At 1 January 2008	(1,700)
Profit for the year	379
At 31 December 2008 and 1 January 2009	(1,321)
Loss for the year	(103)
At 31 December 2009	(1,424)

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2009

13. Parent undertaking and controlling party

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Flextech Broadband Limited

The smallest and largest groups of which the company is a member and for which group accounts have been drawn up are those headed by Virgin Media Finance PLC and Virgin Media Inc, respectively

The company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party at 31 December 2009 was Virgin Media Inc., a company incorporated in the state of Delaware, United States of America

Copies of all sets of group accounts which include the results of the company are available from the Secretary, Virgin Media, 160 Great Portland Street, London, WIW 5QA

14 Post balance sheet event

On 4 June 2010, Virgin Media Inc. announced that an agreement had been reached for the acquisition by British Sky Broadcasting Limited (Sky) of Virgin Media Television (VMtv). The acquisition is conditional upon receiving regulatory clearance in the Republic of Ireland. The acquisition of VMtv involves Sky acquiring the Living, Challenge, Bravo and Virgin1 channels but not the Virgin brand. Following completion of this agreement Sky will takeover responsibility for selling advertising on the acquired VMtv channels from January 2011.