24-7 Security Ltd

Registered number: 04253263

Statement of Financial Position

as at 31 July 2017

	Notes		2017		2016
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		757		1,009
Current assets					
Debtors	3	13,066		6,283	
Cash at bank and in hand	_	250		250	
		13,316		6,533	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	4	(13,363)		(7,525)	
Net current liabilities	•		(47)		(992)
Net assets		- -	710	_	17
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			4		4
Profit and loss account			706		13
Shareholder's funds		-	710	_	17

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mrs M Riddy

Director

Approved by the board on 9 November 2017

24-7 Security Ltd Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 July 2017

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102 Section 1a small entities, the financial reporting standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 August 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in the notes below.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Motor vehicles

25% reducing balance

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price. Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal

of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

2 Tangible fixed assets

	•				Motor vehicles £
	Cost				~
	At 1 August 2016				13,869
	At 31 July 2017				13,869
	Depreciation				
	At 1 August 2016				12,860
	Charge for the year				252
	At 31 July 2017			- -	13,112
	Net book value				
	At 31 July 2017			_	757
	At 31 July 2016			-	1,009
3	Debtors			2017	2016
				£	£
	Other debtors		-	13,066	6,283
4	Creditors: amounts falling due w	vithin one vear		2017	2016
•	ordaniora amounto rumnig auto v	inimi one your		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts			-	433
	Accruals			936	900
	Directors' current accounts			5,809	-
	Corporation tax			6,120	4,571
	Other creditors		_	498	1,621
			-	13,363	7,525
5	Loans to directors				
J	Description and conditions	B/fwd	Paid	Repaid	C/fwd
	Description and conditions	£	£	£	£
	Mrs M Riddy	~	~	~	~
	Repayable on demand	4,740	-	4,740	-

	4,740		4,740	-
6	Related party transactions		2017	2016
			£	£
	24-7 Home Serve Ltd			
	Mr and Mrs Riddy own 100% shares in 24-7 Security L	_td		
	Amount due from (to) the related party		12,674	(1,126)

7 Other information

24-7 Security Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

32A High Street

Bagshot

Surrey

GU19 5AZ

8 Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 August 2015.

No transitional adjustments were required in equity or profit or loss for the year.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.