Registered number: 04241040

# STEDMAN C SOT LTD

# UNAUDITED

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

# STEDMAN C SOT LTD REGISTERED NUMBER:04241040

# BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 JULY 2019

|  | Note |           | 2019<br>£      |                   | 2018<br>£ |
|--|------|-----------|----------------|-------------------|-----------|
| Fixed assets                                   |      |           |                |                   |           |
| Intangible assets                              | 4    |           | 1,125          |                   | 1,500     |
| Tangible assets                                | 5    |           | 13,1 <b>11</b> |                   | 13,162    |
| Investment property                            | 6    |           | 330,000        |                   | 330,000   |
|  |      | -         | 344,236        | -                 | 344,662   |
| Current assets                                 |      |           |                |                   |           |
| Stocks   |      | 254,162   |                | 221,171           |           |
| Debtors: amounts falling due within one year   | 7    | 116,877   |                | 107,720           |           |
| Cash at bank and in hand                       | 8    | 674,831   |                | 545,846           |           |
|  | -    | 1,045,870 | _              | 874,737           |           |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 9    | (344,322) |                | (306,740)         |           |
| Net current assets                             | -    |           | 701,548        |                   | 567,997   |
| Total assets less current liabilities          |      | •         | 1,045,784      | -                 | 912,659   |
| Provisions for liabilities                     |      |           |                |                   |           |
| Deferred tax                                   |      | (2,491)   |                | (2,501)           |           |
|  | -    |           | (2,491)        |                   | (2,501)   |
| Net assets                                     |      | -         | 1,043,293      | <del>-</del><br>= | 910,158   |
| Capital and reserves                           |      |           |                |                   |           |
| Called up share capital                        | 10   |           | 100            |                   | 100       |
| Profit and loss account                        |      |           | 1,043,193      |                   | 910,058   |
|  |      | -         | 1,043,293      | -                 | 910,158   |
|  |      | =         |                | =                 |           |

## STEDMAN C SOT LTD REGISTERED NUMBER:04241040

# BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 JULY 2019

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the profit and loss account in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

### **Clive Stedman**

Director

Date: 7 January 2020

The notes on form part of these financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

#### 1. General information

Stedman C SOT Limited (04241040), is a private limited company limited by shares, incorporated in England and Wales, with its registered office and principal place of business at Beech House, Hine Heath Stanton Upon Hine Heath, Shrewsbury, Shropshire, SY4 4NA.

#### 2. Accounting policies

### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 2.2 Revenue

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of the sale of tools and equipment to the motor industry and the rental of flats during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

#### 2.3 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Profit and loss account using the effective interest method.

## 2.4 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Profit and loss account over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

#### 2.5 Pensions

#### Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Profit and loss account when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.6 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Profit and loss account, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

### 2.7 Intangible assets

#### Goodwill

Goodwill represents the difference between amounts paid on the cost of a business combination and the acquirer's interest in the fair value of its identifiable assets and liabilities of the acquiree at the date of acquisition. Subsequent to initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is amortised on a straight line basis to the Profit and loss account over its useful economic life.

## Other intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. If a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made, the useful life shall not exceed ten years.

## 2.8 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model, other than investment properties, are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.8 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, on a reducing balance basis.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Motor vehicles -25% reducing balance Fixtures & fittings -25% reducing balance

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Profit and loss account.

#### 2.9 Investment property

Investment property is carried at fair value determined annually by external valuers and derived from the current market rents and investment property yields for comparable real estate, adjusted if necessary for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. No depreciation is provided. Changes in fair value are recognised in the Profit and loss account.

## 2.10 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each balance sheet date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### 2.11 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

## 2.12 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

#### 2.13 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 2.14 Financial instruments

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.14 Financial instruments (continued)

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in the case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Investments in non-convertible preference shares and in non-puttable ordinary and preference shares are measured:

- at fair value with changes recognised in the Profit and loss account if the shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably;
- at cost less impairment for all other investments.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Profit and loss account.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the Company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the balance sheet date.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

# 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.15 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Profit and loss account in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance sheet.

## 2.16 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

#### 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 3 (2018 - 3).

## 4. Intangible assets

|                     | Goodwill |
|---------------------|----------|
|                     | £        |
| Cost                |          |
| At 1 August 2018    | 7,500    |
| At 31 July 2019     | 7,500    |
| Amortisation        |          |
| At 1 August 2018    | 6,000    |
| Charge for the year | 375      |
| At 31 July 2019     | 6,375    |
| Net book value      |          |
| At 31 July 2019     | 1,125    |
| At 31 July 2018     | 1,500    |

Goodwill is amortised over 20 years.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

| 5. | <b>Tangible</b> | fixed | assets |
|----|-----------------|-------|--------|
|    |                 |       |        |

6.

At 31 July 2019

|                                     |                | First 9             |            |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|------------|
|                                     | Motor vehicles | Fixtures & fittings | Total      |
|                                     | £              | £                   | £          |
| Cost or valuation                   |                |                     |            |
| At 1 August 2018                    | 50,350         | 23,025              | 73,375     |
| Additions                           | •              | 4,325               | 4,325      |
| At 31 July 2019                     | 50,350         | 27,350              | 77,700     |
| Depreciation                        |                |                     |            |
| At 1 August 2018                    | 42,657         | 17,556              | 60,213     |
| Charge for the year on owned assets | 1,924          | 2,452               | 4,376      |
| At 31 July 2019                     | 44,581         | 20,008              | 64,589     |
| Net book value                      |                |                     |            |
| At 31 July 2019                     | 5,769          | 7,342               | 13,111     |
| At 31 July 2018                     | 7,693          | 5,469               | 13,162     |
| Investment property                 |                |                     |            |
|                                     |                |                     | Freehold   |
|                                     |                |                     | investment |
|                                     |                |                     | property   |
|                                     |                |                     | £          |
| Valuation                           |                |                     |            |
| At 1 August 2018                    |                |                     | 330,000    |

330,000

The 2019 valuations were made by the directors, on an open market value for existing use basis.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

| Trade debtors         2019 €         2018 €           Trade debtors         116,877         107,720           8. Cash and cash equivalents         2019 €         2018 €           Cash at bank and in hand         674,831         545,846           6,74,831         545,846           9. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year         2019 €         £           Trade creditors         27,570         35,243           Corporation tax         46,529 €         41,858           Other traditions and social security         18,373 €         9,924           Other creditiors         246,450 €         214,415           Accruals and deferred income         5,400 €         5,300           10. Share capital         £         £           Allotted, called up and fully paid         £         £           100 (2018 - 100) Ordinary shares of £1,00 each         160 €         160         160  | 7.  | Debtors  |         |         |
|--|-----|--|---------|---------|
| 116,877       107,720         8. Cash and cash equivalents       2019       2018       £   |     |  |         |         |
| 8. Cash and cash equivalents  Cash at bank and in hand  Cash at bank and in hand  674,831  674,831  545,846  674,831  545,846  674,831  545,846  2019  2018  £ £ £ Trade creditors  Corporation tax  Corporation tax  Other taxation and social security  Other creditors  Accruals and deferred income  10. Share capital  Allotted, called up and fully paid   |     | Trade debtors                                  | 116,877 | 107,720 |
| Cash at bank and in hand   674,831   545,846   674,831 |     |  | 116,877 | 107,720 |
| Cash at bank and in hand         £ 674,831 (674,831)         £ 545,846 (674,831)         £ 545,846 (674,831)         £ 545,846 (674,831)         £ 545,846 (674,831)         545,846 (67   | 8.  | Cash and cash equivalents                      |         |         |
| Cash at bank and in hand         674,831         545,846           674,831         545,846           9. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year           2019         2018         £         £           1 Trade creditors         27,570         35,243         35,243         200 46,529         41,858         41,858         46,529         41,858         41,858         44,450         214,415         44,450         214,415         44,450         214,415         44,450         214,415         44,450         214,415         44,450         2,300         5,300  |     |  |         |         |
| 9. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year    2019   2018   |     |  |         |         |
| 9. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year  2019 2018 £ £ £ Trade creditors 27,570 35,243 Corporation tax 46,529 41,858 Other taxation and social security 18,373 9,924 Other creditors 246,450 214,415 Accruals and deferred income 5,400 5,300  10. Share capital  2019 2018 £ £ £ Allotted, called up and fully paid   |     | Cash at bank and in hand                       | 674,831 | 545,846 |
| 10.   2019   2018   £  |     |  | 674,831 | 545,846 |
| Trade creditors       £       £         Corporation tax       46,529       41,858         Other taxation and social security       18,373       9,924         Other creditors       246,450       214,415         Accruals and deferred income       5,400       5,300         344,322       306,740         10. Share capital       2019       2018         Allotted, called up and fully paid       £       £  | 9.  | Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year |         |         |
| Corporation tax       46,529       41,858         Other taxation and social security       18,373       9,924         Other creditors       246,450       214,415         Accruals and deferred income       5,400       5,300         344,322       306,740         10. Share capital       2019       2018         £       £         Allotted, called up and fully paid       10.2019       20.18  |     |  |         |         |
| Other taxation and social security       18,373       9,924         Other creditors       246,450       214,415         Accruals and deferred income       5,400       5,300         344,322       306,740         10. Share capital       2019       2018         £       £         Allotted, called up and fully paid       £  |     | Trade creditors                                | 27,570  | 35,243  |
| Other creditors         246,450         214,415           Accruals and deferred income         5,400         5,300           344,322         306,740           10. Share capital           Allotted, called up and fully paid         2019         2018  |     | Corporation tax                                | 46,529  | 41,858  |
| Accruals and deferred income 5,400 5,300  344,322 306,740  10. Share capital  2019 2018 £ £ Allotted, called up and fully paid   |     | Other taxation and social security             | 18,373  | 9,924   |
| 10. Share capital  2019 2018 £ £ Allotted, called up and fully paid  |     | Other creditors                                | 246,450 | 214,415 |
| 10. Share capital  2019 2018 £ £  Allotted, called up and fully paid   |     | Accruals and deferred income                   | 5,400   | 5,300   |
| 2019 2018 £ £  Allotted, called up and fully paid  |     |  | 344,322 | 306,740 |
| 2019 2018 £ £  Allotted, called up and fully paid  | 10. | Share capital                                  |         |         |
| £ £ Allotted, called up and fully paid   |     |  |         |         |
| Allotted, called up and fully paid   |     |  |         |         |
|  |     | Allotted, called up and fully paid             | £       | L       |
|  |     |  | 100     | 100     |

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