Registered Number: 4236804

Gaz de France Marketing Limited

Report and Financial Statements

31 December 2004



Registered No. 4236804

Directors

Mr J C Depail (Chairman) Mr E Stab

Secretary Mr D Park

Auditors

Ernst & Young LLP Cloth Hall Court 14 King Street Leeds LS1 2JN

Bankers

Barclays Bank PLC 50 Pall Mall London SW1A 1QF

Registered Office

1 City Walk Leeds West Yorkshire LS11 9DX

Directors' report

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the period ended 31 December 2004.

Results and dividends

The results for the period ended 31 December 2004 are shown in the profit and loss account on page 6. The loss for the period after taxation was £8,723,195 (2003 – £11,162,029 loss).

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

Principal activities, review of the business and future developments

The principal activities of the company are the generation, purchase, supply and management of electricity to industrial and commercial customers.

During the period ended 31 December 2003, the company and certain of its fellow subsidiary undertakings moved their headquarters and operations from Telford to Leeds. The company continued to incur exceptional costs in respect of this relocation during the course of the year amounting to £32,342 (2003 - £908,093).

The result for the period reflects the company's investment in the growth of the business. The implementation of growth plans has achieved improved turnover during the course of the year. With this growth and the continued support of the parent company, the directors are confident that the future prospects of the company and its fellow subsidiary undertakings are very good.

Directors and their interests

The directors who served during the period were:

Mr J C Depail (Chairman)

Ms E R Stein

Mr J L Over

Ms M D Bucher

Mr J C Marouby

Mr P Persuy

Mr E Stab

Mr N Abensour

There are no directors' interests requiring disclosure under the Companies Act 1985.

Auditors

A resolution to reappoint Ernst & Young LLP as auditors will be put to the members at the Annual General Meeting.

On behalf of the Board

Director

23rd March 2005

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditors' report

to the members of Gaz de France Marketing Limited

We have audited the company's financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2004 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 21. These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Independent auditors' report

To the members of Gaz de France Marketing Limited (continued)

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31 December 2004 and of its loss for the period then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Ernst & Young LLP Registered Auditor

Grast & Young LLP

Leeds

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Profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 December 2004

		Year	Period ended
		enaea 31 December .	
		2004	
		Total	Total
	Notes	£	£
Turnover		301,616,110	
Cost of sales	I	(294,649,672)	(91,537,687)
Gross profit/(loss)		6,966,438	(1,342,902)
Administrative expenses - ongoing		(16,520,368)	
- exceptional	4	(32,342)	(908,093)
Operating loss	3	(9,586,272)	(10,746,790)
Interest receivable	6	272,850	19,965
Interest payable and similar charges	7	(750,528)	(435,204)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(10,063,950)	(11,162,029)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	8	1,340,755	-
Loss for the financial period	16	(8,723,195)	(11,162,029)

All activities derive from continuing operations.

Statement of total recognised gains and losses for the year ended 31 December 2004

There are no recognised gains or losses attributable to the shareholders of the company other than the loss for the period ended 31 December 2004 of £8,723,195 (2003 – £11,162,029 loss).

Balance sheet

at 31 December 2004

	31 December 31 December			
		2004	2003	
	Notes	£	£	
Fixed assets	10	27 (02 200	42.060.670	
Tangible assets	10	37,603,289	42,060,670	
Current assets				
Stock	11	77,765	77,765	
Debtors	12	174,243,893		
Cash at bank and in hand			1,942,159	
Cash on deposit		27,849	3,900,000	
		178,705,468	35,782,510	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	(232,906,981)	(90,357,850)	
Net current liabilities		(54,201,513)	(54,575,340)	
Total assets less current liabilities		(16,598,224)	(12,514,670)	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	14	(4,639,641)	-	
Net Liabilities		(21,237,865)	(12,514,670)	
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital	15	1	1	
Profit and loss account	16	(21,237,866)	(12,514,671)	
Equity shareholders' deficit	16	(21,237,865)	(12,514,670)	

Director
23rd March 2005

at 31 December 2004

1. Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below:

Going concern

The company is dependent on financial support being made available by its parent company to enable it to continue in operational existence and to meet its debts as they fall due. Gaz de France International S.A. which is the immediate parent company of Gaz de France ESS (UK) Limited which itself is the company's immediate parent company, has authorised and committed sufficient guarantees and letters of support to provide the necessary banking facilities on an ongoing basis. The directors believe that it is therefore appropriate to prepare financial statements on a going concern basis.

Statement of cash flows

The company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 1 ("Revised") as a subsidiary undertaking where 90% or more of the voting rights are controlled within the group and has not presented a statement of cash flows in these financial statements.

Tangible fixed assets

Fixed assets are shown at cost or valuation less accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation is provided on the assets on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives. The rates of depreciation are as follows:

Long leasehold property - over the remaining life of the power plant (to March 2031)

Plant & Machinery - over the remaining life of the power plant (to March 2031)

or hours utilised which ever is the most appropriate

Fixtures, fittings and office equipment - 3 years

IT equipment and software - 3 to 5 years

Motor vehicles - 5 years

Stocks

Stocks, which comprise fuel oil used at the power station, have been valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the exception that deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Operating Leases and Hire Purchase Contracts

Operating lease rentals are charged to income in equal annual amounts over the lease term.

at 31 December 2004

Assets acquired under hire purchase agreements and finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet and are depreciated in accordance with the company's normal policy. The outstanding liabilities under such agreements, less any interest not yet due, are included in creditors. Interest on such agreements is charged in the profit and loss account over the term of each agreement.

Pension costs

Contributions to the defined contribution scheme are charged in the period in which they arise.

2. Turnover

Turnover represents amounts derived from the company's ordinary activities, excluding value added tax. The turnover and profit are attributable to the principal activities of the company.

3. Operating loss

	This is stated after charging:		2004	2003
			£	£
	Depreciation and amortisation:			
	Owned assets		6,524,348	2,536,350
	Assets held under finance leases		40,000	41,666
	Auditors' remuneration in respect of	- audit services	28,000	30,000
	•	- non-audit services	22,703	24,413
	Operating lease rentals	- land & buildings	207,106	108,292
		- other	44,056	69,905
4.	Exceptional items			
	•		2004	2003
			£	£
	Cost of relocating continuing operation	ons	32,342	908,093

During the year ended 31 December 2003, the company and certain of its fellow subsidiary undertakings moved their headquarters and operations from Telford to Leeds and the costs incurred have been charged to profit in accordance with FRS 12. The charges in 2004 represent the costs incurred in completing this.

5. Directors' remuneration and staff costs

	2004	2003
	£	£
Wages and salaries	3,887,780	3,141,256
Social security costs	422,283	305,539
Other pension costs	175,983	112,744
	4,486,046	3,559,539

at 31 December 2004

5. Directors' remuneration and staff costs - continued

The monthly average	number	of employees	(including	directors)	during	the	year	was	126	(At	31
December $2003 - 61$).											

	2004 Number	2003 Number
Sales and Marketing Administration	37 89	16 45
	126	61

One director was remunerated during 2004 and received £146,667 inclusive of £27,618 company contributions paid to the parent company defined benefit pension scheme pension (2003 - £335,382 pension £11,873). Other group companies paid all other directors.

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6.	Interest	receiv	able

		2004	2003
		£	£
	Bank and other interest	272,850	19,965
7.	Interest payable and similar charges		
		2004	2003
		£	£
	Bank loans, overdrafts and other loans repayable within 5 years	206,189	8,082
	Finance lease interest	1,000	3,000
	Inter-company loan interest	543,339	424,122
		750,528	435,204
0	Tay on loss on audinomy activities		
8.	Tax on loss on ordinary activities		
	(a) Analysis of credit in period		
		2004	2003
		£	£
	Current tax: UK corporation tax on profits in the period		
	Group relief recoverable	(498,720)	<u>-</u>
	Adjustment in respect of prior periods	(842,035)	_
		(3 (2,000)	
	Tax on loss on ordinary activities	(1,340,755)	-

at 31 December 2004

8. Tax on loss on ordinary activities - continued

(b) Factors affecting tax credit for the period

The tax assessed for the period is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30%. The differences are explained below:

	2004	2003
	£	£
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(10,063,950)	(11,162,029)
Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by		
standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (30%)	(3,019,185)	(3,348,609)
Effect of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	360,083	3,096
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	1,602,416	767,348
Other timing differences	88,956	-
Adjustments in respect of previous periods	(842,036)	-
Unrelieved tax losses	469,011	2,578,165
Current tax credit for the period	(1,340,755)	
		

(c) Factors affecting future tax charges

The company has tax losses of £10,851,031 (2003 - £10,372,644) to be carried forward into future periods that will be offset against available taxable profits from the same trade.

A net deferred tax asset of £4,770,081 in respect of these losses and other timing differences has not been recognised due to uncertainty of future profits (2003 - £3,695,617)

at 31 December 2004

10. Tangible fixed assets

	Long Leasehold	Plant &	Fixtures, fittings and	IT software and	Motor vehicles	
	Property	Machinery	office equipment	equipment		Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Cost:						
At 1 January 2004	1,212,807	36,641,688	393,469	6,588,048	50,000	44,886,012
Additions	65,325	1,641,580	15,516	384,546	-	2,106,968
Disposals	-	(966,043)	-	-	-	(966,043)
At 31 December 2004	1,278,132	37,317,225	408,985	6,972,594	50,000	46,026,936
7						
Depreciation: At 1 January 2004	10,318	950,083	9,819	1,852,622	2,500	2,825,342
Charge for the year	45,462	4,204,559	51,160	2,253,262	9,905	6,564,348
Disposals	-	(966,043)	-	-	-	(966,043)
At 31 December 2004	55,780	4,188,599	60,979	4,105,884	12,405	8,423,647
Net book value:						
At 31 December 2004	1,222,352	33,128,626	348,006	2,866,710	37,595	37,603,289
At 31 December 2003	1,202,489	35,691,605	383,650	4,735,426	47,500	42,060,670

At 31 December 2004, IT software and equipment included leased assets with a net book value of £28,463 (2003 - £68,463).

11. Stock

		2004	2003
		£	£
	Fuel Oil	77,765	77,765
			
12.	Debtors: amounts falling due within one year		
	-	2004	2003
		£	£
	Trade debtors	59,917,197	24,737,770
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	28,587,479	3,675,603
	Amounts owed by fellow subsidiary undertakings	81,124,862	-
	Other debtors	8,249	721,598
	Prepayments and accrued income	580,443	727,615
	Other taxes and social security	4,025,663	-
		174,243,893	29,862,586
			====

at 31 December 2004

13.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	,	2004	2003
		£	£
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	-	25,500
	Bank loans and overdrafts	4,517,296	-
	Trade creditors	1,561,859	1,295,956
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	63,311,940	80,460,852
	Amounts owed to fellow subsidiary undertakings	138,789,224	- - 920
	Corporation tax creditor Other creditors	324	5,820 60,953
	Other taxes and social security	13,759,763	2,330,329
	Accruals and deferred income	10,966,575	6,178,440
	Accordance and described module	10,200,372	0,170,110
		232,906,981	90,357,850
14.	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year		
		2004	2003
		£	£
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	4,639,641	-
		4,639,641	-
15.	Share capital	•••	
		2004	2003
	Authorised	£	£
	1000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
		==	=====
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	£	£
	1 ordinary share of £1	1	1

at 31 December 2004

16. Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholders' Funds and Movement on Reserves

	Share Capital	Profit and Loss Account	Total Shareholders' Funds	
	£	£	£	
At 1 January 2003	1	(1,352,642)	(1,352,641)	
Loss for the year	-	(11,162,029)	(11,162,029)	
At 31 December 2003	1	(12,514,671)	(12,514,670)	
Loss for the year	-	(8,723,195)	(8,723,195)	
At 31 December 2004	1	(21,237,866)	(21,237,865)	
	<u></u> _	=====		

17. Pension arrangements

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme, the assets of which are held separately from those of the company. Employer's contributions to the scheme during the year were £175,983 (2003 - £112,744). At 31 December 2004, contributions of £nil (2003 - £6,956) were unpaid.

18. Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts

The maturity of these amounts is as follows;

	2004	2003
	£	£
Amounts due within 1 year	-	25,500
Amounts due within $2-5$ years	-	-
		25,500
Less finance charge allocated to future periods	-	-
	-	25,500
	= 	

at 31 December 2004

19. Other financial commitments

(ii) Operating leases

Annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows;

	Land and building		Other	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
	£	£	£	£
Operating leases which expire:				
within one year	-	-	15,835	191
in two to five years	-	-	49,409	80,502
after five years	451,099	340,440	_	-
	451,099	340,440	65,245	80,693
			=======	

Land & Building commitments include three leases relating to 1 City Walk, Leeds. Gaz de France ESS (UK) Limited acts as joint guarantor with GDF International SA on both of these leases.

(iii) Electricity purchase commitments

At 31 December 2004 the company was committed to paying £254,374,680 (2003 – £65,492,892) during the next year under certain electricity purchase contracts.

20. Related party transactions

Advantage has been taken of Financial Reporting Standard 8 not to disclose transactions with entities that are part of the group. This is on the basis that 90% or more of the voting rights are controlled within the Gaz de France group and consolidated accounts that include these companies are available to the public.

21. Ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Gaz de France ESS (UK) Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

The ultimate parent undertaking of the group is Gaz de France, a company registered in France. Copies of the group financial statements can be obtained from Gaz de France, 23 rue Philibert Delorme, 75840, Paris, Cedex 17, France.