Registration number: 04230684

# Water Lane Trustees Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

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## **Strategic Report**

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2017.

#### Fair review of the business

The company did not trade during the current or preceding financial year and consequently made neither a profit nor a loss.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

There are no principal risks and uncertainties relevant to this business.

#### **Key performance indicators (KPIs)**

The company has not identified any key performance indicators as the company did not trade during the current or preceding financial year and consequently made neither a profit nor a loss.

Approved by the Board on 18 September 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

H A Wake

Director

## **Directors' Report**

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

#### **Principal activity**

There are no principal risks and uncertainties relevant to this business.

#### Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £nil (2016: £nil).

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2016: £nil).

#### Directors of the company

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of the directors' report were as follows:

A N MacCaig

S C Searle

H A Wake

#### **Directors' liabilities**

One or more of the directors have benefited from qualifying third party indemnity provisions in place during the financial year and subject to the conditions set out in section 234 of the Companies Act 2006. Such qualifying third party indemnity provisions remain in force as at the date of approving the directors' report.

## Disclosure of information to the auditor

Each director has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information. The directors confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditor is unaware.

#### Reappointment of auditor

The auditor, KPMG LLP, is deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved by the Board on 18 September 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

H À Wake

Director

## Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' ('FRS 101').

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

## Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Water Lane Trustees Limited

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Water Lane Trustees Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 December 2017, which comprise the Profit and Loss Account and Other Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 2.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2017 and of its results for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

#### Going concern

We are required to report to you if we have concluded that the use of the going concern basis of accounting is inappropriate or there is an undisclosed material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt over the use of that basis for a period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements. We have nothing to report in these respects.

#### Strategic Report and Directors' Report

The directors are responsible for the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover those reports and we do not express an audit opinion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- · we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report;
- in our opinion the information given in those reports for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion those reports have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

## Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Water Lane Trustees Limited

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

#### Directors' responsibilities

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

## Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Water Lane Trustees Limited

#### The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

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This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

David Burridge (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

**Chartered Accountants** 

Cambridge Office Botanic House 100 Hills Road Cambridge CB21AR

Date: 28 September 2018

Profit and Loss Account and Other Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Profit/(loss) before tax		-	-
Tax on profit	. <b>7</b>		
Profit/(loss) for the year		-	-
Other comprehensive income	. ·		•
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		_	-

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

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Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2017

		Note	2017 £	2016 £
Current assets				
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	•	8	1	1
Cash at bank and in hand	\	_	224,851	229,651
			224,852	229,652
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		9 _	(224,851)	(229,651)
Net current assets			1	1
Net assets		=	1	1
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital		10	. 1	1
Profit and loss account		_		
Shareholders' funds	!		1	1

Approved by the Board on 18 September 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

H A Wake

Director

# Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

·	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total E
At 1 January 2017	1	-	1
Comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	· <u></u>		<u>-</u>
Total comprehensive income for the year Dividends paid	- 	-	-
At 31 December 2017	1	-	1
•	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
At 1 January 2016	· 1	-	1
Comprehensive Income for the year Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	- -	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total comprehensive income			
At 31 December 2016	1	<u> </u>	1

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, registered in England, incorporated and domiciled in the United Kingdom.

The address of its registered office is: 3rd Floor 1 Ashley Road Altrincham Cheshire United Kingdom WA 14 2DT

#### 2 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' ('FRS 101') and the Companies Act 2006. The amendments to FRS 101 (2016/17 Cycle) issued in July 2017 have been applied.

In preparing these financial statements, the company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU ("Adopted IFRSs"), but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with Companies Act 2006 and has set out below where advantage of the FRS 101 disclosure exemptions has been taken.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the company's accounting policies (see note 3).

#### **Explanation of transition to FRS 101**

This is the first period that the company has presented its financial statements under Financial Reporting Standard 101 issued by the Financial Reporting Council. The last financial statements, prepared under FRS 102, were for the year ended 30 June 2016 and the date of transition to FRS 101 was therefore 1 July 2016. As a consequence of adopting FRS 101, a number of accounting policies have changed to comply with the standard. Despite the adoption of FRS 101, there has been no impact on the financial statements thus, no restatement is required.

The results of the company are included in the consolidated financial statements of General Electric Company which are available from 41 Farnsworth Street, Boston, MA-02210, USA or at www.ge.com.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Changes in accounting policy

#### New standards, interpretations and amendments effective

The following have been applied for the first time from 1 January 2017 and have had an effect on the financial statements:

#### FRS 100 and FRS 101

In the current period the company has adopted FRS 100 and FRS 101. In previous years the financial statements were prepared in accordance with FRS 102.

This change in the basis of preparation has not materially altered the recognition and measurement requirements previously applied in accordance with FRS 102. Consequently the principal accounting policies are unchanged from the prior year. The change in basis of preparation has enabled the company to take advantage of some of the available disclosure exemptions permitted by FRS 101 in the financial statements, the most significant of which are summarised below.

None of the other standards, interpretations and amendments effective for the first time from 1 January 2017 have had a material effect on the financial statements.

#### Summary of disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures;
- the requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' to present comparative information in respect of:
- paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1:
- the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f), 16, 38A, 38B, 38C, 38D, 40A, 40B, 40C, 40D, 111 and 134-136 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements;
- the requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors;
- the requirements of paragraph 17 of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures;
- the requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member.

## Going concern

On the basis of their assessment of the company's financial position and resources, the directors believe that the company is well placed to manage its business risks. Therefore the company's directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

#### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Foreign currency transactions and balances

The accounts are presented in sterling which is the company's functional and presentational currency.

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using a monthly average operating exchange rate. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rate ruling at the balance sheet date. The gains or losses arising are included in the profit and loss account.

#### Tax

Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the company operates and generates income.

Full provision is made for deferred tax liabilities arising from all temporary differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation.

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying temporary differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the temporary differences are expected to reverse.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### 3 Critical accounting judgments and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The directors consider there are no critical accounting estimates or judgments identified in preparation of the financial statements in compliance with FRS 101.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

#### 4 Staff costs

The company had no employees during the year (2016: nil).

#### 5 Directors' remuneration

No directors received any remuneration in respect of services to the company during the current or preceding financial year.

All of the directors are/were also directors of a group undertaking and do not specifically receive any remuneration in respect of the company. It was not possible to determine an appropriate proportion of their services on behalf of the company.

#### 6 Auditor's remuneration

Remuneration of £5,500 (2016: £nil) paid to the auditor for their services to the company was borne by a fellow group undertaking. All fees relate to audit services.

#### 7 Taxation

Tax charged/(credited) in the Profit and Loss Account

	2017 £	2016 £
Current taxation		
UK corporation tax		
The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK) of 19.25% (2016 - 20%)		the same as
The differences are reconciled below:		
	2017	2016
	Ľ	. <b>t</b>
Profit/(loss) before tax	-	•
Corporation tax at standard rate	·	
Total tax charge/(credit)	<u> </u>	_

## Notes to the Financial Statements

#### 7 Taxation (continued)

Factors that may affect future tax charges

The UK corporation tax rate was reduced from 20% to 19% on 1 April 2017. A further reduction to 17% (effective 1 April 2020) was substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. This will reduce any current tax charges accordingly.

There are no other factors that may significantly affect future tax charges.

There were no amounts of provided or unprovided deferred taxation as at 31 December 2017 or 31 December 2016.

#### 8 Debtors

Amounts owed by parent company	2017 £ 1	2016 £ 1
9 Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
	2017 £	2016 £
Amounts owed to members of the Radstone Technology Employee Trust	224,851	229,651

## Notes to the Financial Statements

10 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid sha	res			
•		2017	•	2016
	No.	£	No.	£
		•		
Ordinary shares of \$1 each	1	1	1	1

#### 11 Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The company's immediate parent is GE Intelligent Platforms Limited, a company registered at 1 Ashley Road, Altrincham, 3rd Floor, Cheshire, WA14 2DT, United Kingdom.

The smallest and largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by its ultimate parent undertaking, General Electric Company, a company registered at 41 Farnsworth Street, Boston, Massachusetts, 02210, USA. The consolidated financial statements of this company are available to the public and may be obtained from the registered address or at www.ge.com.