Rule 4 223 - CVL

The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of **Receipts and Payments** Pursuant to Section 192 of The Insolvency Act 1986

To the Registrar of Companies

For Official Use			

Company Number

04221498

Name of Company

Abacus High Quality Builders & Maintenance Limited

I / We Martin Williamson 22 Highland Drive Stoke on Trent Staffordshire **ST3 4TB** 

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed

ıpd 22 Highland Drive Stoke on Trent Staffordshire **ST3 4TB** 

Ref AB9011/MW

For Official Use Insolvency Sect Post Room A15 14/04/2010 COMPANIES HOUSE

# Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

Abacus High Quality Builders & Maintenance Limited

Company Registered Number

04221498

State whether members' or

creditors' voluntary winding up

Creditors

Date of commencement of winding up

12 September 2008

Date to which this statement is

brought down

11 March 2010

Name and Address of Liquidator

Martin Williamson 22 Highland Drive Stoke on Trent Staffordshire ST3 4TB

#### NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

#### Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

#### **Trading Account**

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

#### Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor or contributory
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

## Liquidator's statement of account

under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

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Realisations			
Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
		Brought Forward	71,301 54
13/10/2009	Thomas Step	Book Debts	50 00
28/10/2009	Thomas Step	Book Debts	50 00
23/11/2009	A Jones	Book Debts	100 00
30/11/2009	Thomas Step	Book Debts	50 00
07/12/2009	Barclays Bank plc	Bank Interest Net of Tax	2 84
29/12/2009	Thomas Step	Book Debts	50 00
28/01/2010	Thomas Step	Book Debts	50 00
08/02/2010	Barclays Bank plc	Bank Interest Net of Tax	1 32
05/03/2010	Thomas Step	Book Debts	50 00
	1		
		Carried Forward	71,705 70

Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
		Brought Forward	40,515 58
07/12/2009 07/12/2009 07/12/2009 07/12/2009 11/01/2010 11/01/2010 19/01/2010 19/01/2010 14/02/2010 14/02/2010 14/02/2010	ipd ipd ipd ipd ipd ipd Distribution Distribution Tax Distribution NI ipd ipd ipd ipd ipd	Office Holders Fees Vat Receivable Office Holders Expenses Vat Receivable Office Holders Fees Vat Receivable Preferential Creditors PAYE & NI PAYE & NI Office Holders Fees Vat Receivable Office Holders Fees Vat Receivable Office Holders Expenses Vat Receivable	40,515 58  1,463 00 219 45 312 40 46 86 274 00 47 95 8,070 81 153 10 32 28 1,567 00 274 23 234 01 40 95

### Analysis of balance

Total realisations Total disbursements		£ 71,705 70 53,251 62
	Balance £	18,454 08
This balance is made up as follows  1 Cash in hands of liquidator  2 Balance at bank  3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0 00 18,454 08 0 00
<ul> <li>4 Amounts invested by liquidator</li> <li>Less The cost of investments realised</li> <li>Balance</li> <li>Accrued Items</li> </ul>	£ 0 00 00 0 00	0 00 0 00
Total Balance as shown above		18,454 08

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

The Liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors
Including the holders of floating charges)

Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors

Floating charge holders

Preferential creditors

13,654 57
Unsecured creditors

£

25,229 00

25,229 00

10 00

11 3,654 57

12 556,955 99

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash
0 00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

None

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Clearance of dividend cheques

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

3 months