Rule 4.223 - CVL

The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of **Receipts and Payments** Pursuant to Section 192 of The Insolvency Act 1986

S.192

To the Registrar of Companies

For Official Use

Company Number

04214242

Name of Company

Abrasives Direct Ltd

We Neil Henry and Michael Simister Sixth Floor, Grafton Tower Stamford New Road Altrincham **WA14 1DQ** 

the liquidators of the company attach a copy of our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Date

Lines Henry Sixth Floor, Grafton Tower Stamford New Road Altrincham **WA14 1DQ** 

Ref A218/NH/MS/LM





17/03/2010 COMPANIES HOUSE

# Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

Abrasives Direct Ltd

Company Registered Number

04214242

State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up

Creditors

Date of commencement of winding up

26 October 2006

Date to which this statement is

brought down

11 March 2010

Name and Address of Liquidator

Neil Henry and Michael Simister Sixth Floor, Grafton Tower Stamford New Road Altrincham WA14 1DQ

#### NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies.

#### Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges, and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carned forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

### **Trading Account**

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

### Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one surn, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor or contributory.
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

 Liquidator's statement of account under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
		Brought Forward	2,819 80
07/01/2010 11/03/2010	Abrasives Direct Ltd Inland Revenue - JSG	Book Debts VAT Control Account	367 60 99 47

Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
		Brought Forward	2,598 99
24/11/2009 14/01/2010 14/01/2010 08/02/2010 08/02/2010	Lockton Companies International Ltd Lines Henry - S-O-A Lines Henry - S-O-A Thorpes Advertising - Inv no 280359 Thorpes Advertising - Inv no 280359	Specific Bond Preparation of S of A VAT Receivable Public Notices VAT Receivable	20 00 500 91 87 66 67 50 11 81

## Analysis of balance

Total realisations Total disbursements	£ 3,286 87 3,286 87	
	Balance £	0 00
This balance is made up as follows	İ	
1 Cash in hands of liquidator	0 00	
2 Balance at bank		0 00
3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0 00
	£	
4 Amounts invested by liquidator	0 00	
Less The cost of investments realised	0 00	
Balance		0 00
5 Accrued Items		0 00
Total Balance as shown above		0 00

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

The Liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors including the holders of floating charges)

Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors

Floating charge holders

Preferential creditors

Unsecured creditors

£

82,681 00

0 00

157,631 00

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash
0 00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

None

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Final Meeting Held 11 03 2010

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

Final Meeting Held 11 03 2010