COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 4199184

ABC DIGITAL SOLUTIONS LIMITED UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 31 MAY 2008



DEAN STATHAM LLP

Chartered Accountants 29 King Street Newcastle-under-Lyme Staffordshire ST5 1ER

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2008

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ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 MAY 2008

		2008	}	2007	
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2				
Intangible assets			127,148		147,485
Tangible assets			713,851		494,726
Investments			100		100
			841,099		642,311
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		137,406		105,296	
Debtors		946,356		377,702	
Cash at bank and in hand		45,837		47	
		1,129,599		483,045	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due					
within one year	3	1,285,030		629,217	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(155,431)		(146,172)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			(05 ((0		406 120
LIABILITIES			685,668		496,139
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due					
after more than one year	4		280,729		315,724
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			6,000		5,813
			398,939		174,602
					
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called-up equity share capital	6		1,000		1,000
Share premium account			4,830		4,830
Revaluation reserve			241,711		-
Other reserves			230		230
Profit and loss account			151,168		168,542
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			398,939		174,602

The Balance sheet continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 3 to 8 form part of these abbreviated accounts

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

31 MAY 2008

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 249A(1), and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 249B(2) of the Act

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for

- (1) ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Act, and
- (11) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 3/11/0%, and are signed on their behalf by

S B BURGESS

Director

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2008

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets, and in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards

Consolidation

In the opinion of the directors, the company and its subsidiary undertakings comprise a small group. The company has therefore taken advantage of the exemption provided by Section 248 of the Companies Act 1985 not to prepare group accounts.

Cash flow statement

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is small

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax

Goodwill

Positive purchased goodwill arising on acquisitions is capitalised, classified as an asset on the Balance Sheet and amortised over its estimated useful life up to a maximum of 20 years. This length of time is presumed to be the maximum useful life of purchased goodwill because it is difficult to make projections beyond this period. Goodwill is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full financial year following each acquisition and subsequently as and when necessary if circumstances emerge that indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Goodwill

10% straight line

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2008

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Freehold Property

2% on revalued amount

Plant & Machinery

25% on cost

Fixtures & Fittings

15% reducing balance 25% reducing balance

Motor Vehicles

- 25% reducing bar

Equipment

50% on cost

Depreciation is charged on assets from the month of acquisition to the month of disposal

An amount equal to the excess of the annual depreciation charge on revalued assets over the notional historical cost depreciation charge on those assets is transferred annually from the revaluation reserve to the profit and loss reserve

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

Cost represents the purchase price of goods and services

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

Finance lease agreements

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease. The asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed asset and is depreciated in accordance with the above depreciation policies. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included within creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis, and the capital element which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2008

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2008

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Intangible	Tangıble		
	Assets	Assets	Investments	Total
	£	£	£	£
COST OR VALUATION				
At 1 June 2007	164,484	665,670	125,000	955,154
Additions		7,759	-	7,759
Disposals	-	(10,728)	_	(10,728)
Revaluation	_	206,957		206,957
At 31 May 2008	164,484	869,658	125,000	1,159,142
DEPRECIATION AND AMOUN		F		
At 1 June 2007	16,999	170,944	124,900	312,843
Charge for year	20,337	28,184	-	48,521
On disposals	_	(7,877)		(7,877)
Revaluation adjustment		(35,444)		(35,444)
At 31 May 2008	37,336	155,807	124,900	318,043
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31 May 2008	127,148	713,851	100	841,099
At 31 May 2007	147,485	494,726	100	642,311

The company owns 100% of the issued share capital of the companies listed below,

Aggregate capital and reserves

	2008 £	2007 £
ABC Inoffice Technology Limited	100	100
Profit and (loss) for the year		
ABC Inoffice Technology Limited		

Under the provision of section 248 of the Companies Act 1985 the company is exempt from preparing consolidated accounts and has not done so, therefore the accounts show information about the company as an individual entity

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2008

3. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due within one year are secured by the company

2008	2007
£	£
31,794	106,374
3,500	11,375
35,294	117,749
	£ 31,794 3,500

4. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due after more than one year are secured by the company

	2008	2007
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	280,729	312,224
Hire purchase and finance leases	-	3,500
	280,729	315,724
		-

Included within creditors falling due after more than one year is an amount of £172,770 (2007 -£215,130) in respect of liabilities which fall due for payment after more than five years from the balance sheet date

5. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE DIRECTORS

The following directors had interest free loans during the year The movement on these loans are as follows -

	Balance at	Balance at	Maxımum
	31 May 2008	31 May 2007	balance
	£	£	£
S B Burgess	6,624	16,455	16,455

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2008

6. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised share capital.

	2008	2007
	£	£
73,000 A Ordinary shares of £0 01 each	730	730
11,500 B Ordinary shares of £0 01 each	115	115
3,500 E Ordinary shares of £0 01 each	35	35
3,500 F Ordinary shares of £0 01 each	35	35
2,000 G Ordinary shares of £0 01 each	20	20
3,000 H Ordinary shares of £0 01 each	30	30
3,500 I Ordinary shares of £0 01 each	35	35
900,000 Ordinary shares of £0 01 each	9,000	9,000
	10,000	10,000

Allotted and called up:

	2008		2007	
	No	£	No	£
A Ordinary shares of £0 01 each	73,000	730	73,000	730
B Ordinary shares of £0 01 each	11,500	115	11,500	115
E Ordinary shares of £0 01 each	3,500	35	3,500	35
F Ordinary shares of £0 01 each	3,500	35	3,500	35
G Ordinary shares of £0 01 each	2,000	20	2,000	20
H Ordinary shares of £0 01 each	3,000	30	3,000	30
I Ordinary shares of £0 01 each	3,500	35	3,500	35
	100,000	1,000	100,000	1,000

All shares rank parı passu except discretionary rights to dividends