# REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2006

Company Registration No. 04197152 (England and Wales)

BERKELEY TOWNSEND CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

MONDAY

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# **COMPANY INFORMATION**

Directors Mr M Harris

Mr G Gough

Secretary Mr M Harris

Company number 04197152

Registered office Hunter House

150 Hutton Road

Shenfield Essex CM15 8NL

Auditors Berkeley Townsend Chartered Accountants

Hunter House 150 Hutton Road

Shenfield Essex CM15 8NL

Business address Hunter House

150 Hutton Road

Shenfield Essex CM15 8NL

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### DIRECTORS' REPORT

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2006

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2006.

#### Principal activities and review of the business

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of recruitments consultants.

No significant change in the nature of these activities occurred during the year.

The results for the year and the financial position at the year end were considered satisfactory by the directors who expect continued growth in the foreseeable future.

The key financial highlights are as follows:

	2006	2005	2004
Turnover	£10.5m	£7.4m	£3.8m
Gross profit margin	23,4%	25.7%	27.1%
Profit before tax	£0.91m	£0.76m	£0.47m

The company has continued to make placements in the medical industry and in social services from four office locations in the UK. New contracts are continually being sought to further advance the key financial indicators provided above. Gross profit margin has decreased over the three years, which is due to the continually increasing temporary staff costs. However, the number of temporary staff on the books of the company continues to increase. The company keeps a tight control over administrative costs and overheads.

The company faces the risk of the medical sector and social services altering the way in which they recruit their staff. At the present time, there would appear to be no reason to suggest that this is likely to occur. The company also faces the risk that when a contract comes up for tender, it may not be won or retained by them. With the recruitment industry being highly competitive, the directors believe that continued expansion will strengthen their position in the market place.

The companies principal financial instruments comprise bank balances, invoice factoring arrangements, trade debtors, trade creditors and loans to the company. The main purpose of these instruments is to raise funds for the company's operations and to finance the company's operations.

The company's approach to managing risks applicable to the financial instruments concerned is shown below.

In respect of bank balances the liquidity risk is managed by maintaining a balance between the continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of invoice factoring arrangements.

In respect of loans these comprise loans from the directors. These loans are interest free and are repayable on demand. The directors are aware of the company's required finance and have determined that these will only be repaid, in whole or in part, when finance is available.

Trade debtors are managed in respect of credit and cash flow risk by policies concerning the credit offered to customers and the regular monitoring of amounts outstanding for both time and credit limits.

Trade creditors liquidity risk is managed by ensuring sufficient funds are available to meet amounts due.

The company plans to continue to expand in the following year and financially remains in a reasonable position, with net assets of £650,563.

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2006

#### Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 5.

An interim ordinary dividend was paid amounting to £553,620. The directors do not recommend payment of a final dividend.

### **Future developments**

The directors aim to continue to increase the number of temporary staff that the company holds on its files, with a view to increasing turnover.

#### **Directors**

The following directors have held office since 1 September 2005:

Mr M Harris

Mr G Gough

#### Directors' interests

The directors' interests in the shares of the company were as stated below:

	Ordinary shares of £1 each		
	31 August 2006	1 September 2005	
Mr M Harris	100	100	
Mr G Gough	100	100	

### Introduction of the euro

As the company is UK based, the Euro is not the base currency and therefore the impact of the introduction of the Euro on the business is minimal. Any exchange rate differences for the year will be taken to the profit and loss account.

### **Auditors**

In accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution proposing that Berkeley Townsend Chartered Accountants be reappointed as auditors of the company will be put to the Annual General Meeting.

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2006

### Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### Statement of disclosure to auditor

- (a) so far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- (b) they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

On behalf of the board

Mr M Harris Director

9 March 2007

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

### TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF MAXXIMA LTD

We have audited the financial statements of Maxxima Ltd on pages 5 to 13 for the year ended 31 August 2006. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out therein. This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

### Respective responsibilities of the directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities on page 3 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 August 2006 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and
- the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

**Berkeley Townsend Chartered Accountants** 

9 March 2007

**Registered Auditor** 

**Hunter House** 

150 Hutton Road

Shenfield

Essex

**CM15 8NL** 

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2006

	Notes	2006 £	2005 £
Turnover	2	10,512,788	7,406,831
Cost of sales		(8,051,671)	(5,501,057)
Gross profit		2,461,117	1,905,774
Administrative expenses		(1,553,416)	(1,151,094)
Operating profit	3	907,701	754,680
Profit on disposal of tangible assets		-	3,013
Profit on ordinary activities before interest		907,701	757,693
Other interest receivable and similar		A 500	
income Interest payable and similar charges	4 5	2,680 (1,131)	1,261 -
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		909,250	758,954
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	(258,887)	(205,336)
Profit for the year	12	650,363	553,618

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account.

# **BALANCE SHEET**

# AS AT 31 AUGUST 2006

		200	16	200	5
	Notes	£	£	£	į
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	8		36,798		49,063
Current assets					
Debtors	9	1,344,715		953,230	
Cash at bank and in hand		167,015		57,536	
		1,511,730		1,010,766	
Creditors: amounts falling due within					
one year	10	(897,965)		(506,011)	
Net current assets			613,765		504,755
Total assets less current liabilities			650,563		553,818
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	11		200		200
Profit and loss account	12		650,363		553,618
Shareholders' funds	13		650,563		553,818

Approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 9 March 2007

Mr-M Harris

Director

Mr G Gough

Director

# **CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2006

	£	2006 £	£	2005 £
Net cash inflow from operating activities		866,892		126,340
Returns on investments and servicing of finance				
Interest received	2,680		1,261	
Interest paid	(1,131)			
Net cash inflow for returns on investments and servicing of finance		1,549		1,261
Taxation		(205,335)		(114,279)
Capital expenditure				
Payments to acquire tangible assets	-		(31,122)	
Receipts from sales of tangible assets	-		20,650	
Net cash outflow for capital expenditure		-		(10,472)
Equity dividends paid		(553,620)		<u>.</u>
Net cash inflow before management of liquid resources and financing		109,485		2,850
Financing Capital element of hire purchase contracts	-		(26,438)	
Net cash outflow from financing		-		(26,438)
Increase/(decrease) in cash in the year		109,486		(23,588)
Taxation  Capital expenditure Payments to acquire tangible assets Receipts from sales of tangible assets  Net cash outflow for capital expenditure  Equity dividends paid  Net cash inflow before management of liquid resources and financing  Financing Capital element of hire purchase contracts  Net cash outflow from financing	- - -	(205,335)	20,650	(104

# NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2006

1	Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflov	v from operatii	ng activities	2006	2005
				£	£
	Operating profit			907,701	754,680
	Depreciation of tangible assets			12,266	16,354
	Increase in debtors			(391,485)	(408,632)
	Increase/(decrease) in creditors within one year			338,410	(236,062)
	Net cash inflow from operating activities			866,892	126,340
2	Analysis of net funds	1 September 2005	Cash flow	Other non-cash changes	31 August 2006
		£	£	£	£
	Net cash:	55 507	100 470		1/7 015
	Cash at bank and in hand	57,536	109,479	~	167,015
	Bank overdrafts	(7)	7		
		57,529	109,486	-	167,015
	Bank deposits	-	-		-
	Net funds	57,529	109,486	-	167,015
3	Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net	funds		2006	2005
				£	£
	Increase/(decrease) in cash in the year			109,486	(23,588)
	Cash (inflow)/outflow from (increase)/decrease in deb	t		-	26,438
	Movement in net funds in the year			109,486	2,850
	Opening net funds			57,529	54,679
	Closing net funds			167,015	57,529

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2006

### 1 Accounting policies

### 1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts.

### 1.3 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Fixtures, fittings & equipment 25% reducing balance per annum Motor vehicles 25% reducing balance per annum

#### 1.4 Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided at appropriate rates on all timing differences using the liability method only to the extent that, in the opinion of the directors, there is a reasonable probability that a liability or asset will crystallise in the foreseeable future.

### 2 Turnover

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity.

3	Operating profit	2006	2005
		£	£
	Operating profit is stated after charging:		
	Depreciation of tangible assets	12,266	16,354
	Auditors' remuneration	5,000	5,450
4	Investment income	2006	2005
		£	£
	Bank interest	2,589	1,162
	Other interest	91	99
		2,680	1,261
5	Interest payable	2006	2005
-		£	£
	On overdue tax	1,131	-
		<del></del>	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2006

6	Taxation	2006 £	2005 £
	Domestic current year tax	*	dk.
	U.K. corporation tax	258,887	205,336
	Current tax charge	258,887	205,336
	Factors affecting the tax charge for the year		
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	909,250	758,954
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 28.25% (2005 - 27.27%)	256,863	206,967
	Effects of:		
	Non deductible expenses	662	1,105
	Depreciation add back	3,456	3,638
	Capital allowances	(2,094)	(6,374)
		2,024	(1,631)
	Current tax charge	258,887	205,336
~	District Acceptance of the Control o	2007	<b>*</b>
7	Dividends	2006 £	2005 £
		æ.	ı.
	Ordinary interim paid	553,620	-

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2006

8	Tangible fixed assets		Fixtures,
			fittings &
			equipment £
	Cost		•
	At 1 September 2005 & at 31 August 2006		86,228
	Depreciation		
	At 1 September 2005		37,164
	Charge for the year		12,266
	At 31 August 2006		49,430
	Net book value		
	At 31 August 2006		36,798
	At 31 August 2005		49,063
9	Debtors	2006	2005
		£	£
	Trade debtors	1,331,979	939,515
	Prepayments and accrued income	12,736	13,715
		1,344,715	953,230
10	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2006 £	2005 £
		ı.	a.
	Bank loans and overdrafts	-	7
	Trade creditors	310,085	113,132
	Corporation tax	258,887	205,336
	Other taxes and social security costs	129,689	74,175
	Directors' current accounts	175,618	108,961
	Other creditors	18,686	-
	Accruals and deferred income	5,000	4,400
		897,965	506,011
		<del></del>	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2006

11	Share capital	2006 £	2005 £
	Authorised		
	200 Ordinary shares of £1 each	200	200
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	200 Ordinary shares of £1 each	200	200
12	Statement of movements on profit and loss account		
			Profit and loss account
			£
	Balance at 1 September 2005		553,620
	Profit for the year		650,363
	Dividends paid		(553,620)
13	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2006	2005
13	Acconcination of movements in snateholders funds	£	£
	Profit for the financial year	650,363	553,618
	Dividends	(553,620)	-
	Net addition to shareholders' funds	96,743	553,618
	Opening shareholders' funds	553,818	200
	Closing shareholders' funds	650,563	553,818

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2006

### 14 Financial commitments

At 31 August 2006 the company was committed to making the following payments under non-cancellable operating leases in the year to 31 August 2007:

		Land and buildings		
		2006	2005	
		£	£	
	Operating leases which expire:			
	Within one year	35,081	38,746	
	Between two and five years	41,878	21,403	
		76,959	60,149	
15	Directors' emoluments	2006 £	2005 £	
	Emoluments for qualifying services	50,000	50,000	
			====	

### 16 Employees

### Number of employees

The average monthly number of employees (including directors) during the year was:

	2006 Number	2005 Number
Permanent staff	31	23
Temporary staff	154	60
	185	83
Employment costs	2006 €	2005 £
Wages and salaries	1,912,720	1,173,778

### 17 Control

The ultimate controlling party of the company is the directors.