Caduceus Limited Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 31 March 2017

Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2017

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Officers and Professional Advisers

The board of directors Mr C J Cambray

Mrs R E Cambray

Company secretary Mrs R E Cambray

Registered office Upper Wacton

Bredenbury Bromyard Herefordshire United Kingdom

HR7 4TG

Accountants Meadows & Co Limited

Chartered Accountants Headlands House 1 Kings Court Kettering Parkway

Kettering NN15 6WJ

Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2017

	2017		2016		
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets Tangible assets	4		28,191		35,056
Current assets		•			
Debtors	5	1,116		2,282	•
Cash at bank and in hand		4,441		4,393	
		5,557		6,675	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	72,133		70,701	
Net current liabilities			66,576		64,026
Total assets less current liabilities			(38,385)		(28,970)
Net liabilities			(38,385)		(28,970)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		2		2
Profit and loss account			(38,387)		(28,972).
Members deficit			(38,385)		(28,970)

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 March 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The statement of financial position continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 4 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

31 March 2017

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 23 November 2017, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr C J Cambray Director

Company registration number: 04194780

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Upper Wacton, Bredenbury, Bromyard, Herefordshire, HR7 4TG, United Kingdom.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Going concern

The company currently meets its daily working capital requirements through operating revenues, banking facilities and financial support from the directors.

On this basis, the directors consider it appropriate to prepare the accounts on the going concern basis. The accounts do not include any adjustments that would result from the failure to raise any additional finance that may prove necessary.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 April 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 9.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Revenue recognition

Turnover represents the amount derived from the provision of goods and services within the company's ordinary activities after deduction of value added tax.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2017

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Tangible assets (continued)

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery

25% reducing balance

Tractors & Vehicles

Fixtures and Fittings an

25% reducing balance

Fixtures and Fittings and

15% reducing balance

Equipment

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Financial instruments

Basic financial instruments are recognised at amortised cost, except for investments in non-convertible preference and non-puttable ordinary shares which are measured at fair value, with changes recognised in profit and loss. Derivative financial instruments are initially recorded at cost and thereafter at fair value with changes recognised in profit and loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2017

4. Tangible assets

₹.	rangible accets				
		Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Equipment £	Total £
	Cost At 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2017	21,305	33,080	45,030	99,415
	Depreciation At 1 April 2016 Charge for the year	13,970 1,834	24,342 2,184	26,047 2,847	64,359 6,865
	At 31 March 2017	15,804	26,526	28,894	71,224
٠	Carrying amount At 31 March 2017	5,501	6,554	16,136	28,191
	At 31 March 2016	7,335	8,738	18,983	35,056
5.	Debtors		•		
	Trade debtors Other debtors			2017 £ 1,116 1,116	2016 £ 934 1,348 2,282
6.	Creditors: amounts falling due within	one year			
	Trade creditors Other creditors			2017 £ 36 72,097 72,133	2016 £ 36 70,665 70,701
7.	Called up share capital				
	Issued, called up and fully paid				
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	2017 No. 2	£ 2	2016 No2	£2
				20. Mar. 1912	

8. Related party transactions

During the year the company undertook the following transactions with related parties:

The directors have advanced monies to the company. At 31 March 2017 the amount due from the company was £34,810 (2016 - £35,015).

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2017

9. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 April 2015.

No transitional adjustments were required in equity or profit or loss for the year.

10. Going concern

The directors have considered the period to November 2016 when assessing he company's ability to continue as a going concern. It is believed that the company will either be able to satisfy its liabilities as these become payable, or alternatively will be sold as a going concern.