UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

30 APRIL 2012

WEDNESDAY

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30/01/2013 COMPANIES HOUSE

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2012

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ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE DIRECTOR OF BECON (PRECISION) ENGINEERING MANUFACTURERS LIMITED YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2012

In accordance with our terms of engagement, and in order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have compiled the financial statements of the company set out on pages 2 to 4 from the accounting records and information and explanations you have given to us

This report is made to the Company's Director, in accordance with the terms of our engagement. Our work has been undertaken so that we might compile the financial statements that we have been engaged to compile, report to the Company's Director that we have done so, and state those matters that we have agreed to state to him in this report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's Director, for our work or for this report

We have carried out this engagement in accordance with technical guidance issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales and have complied with the ethical guidance laid down by the Institute relating to members undertaking the compilation of financial statements

You have acknowledged on the balance sheet as at 30 April 2012 your duty to ensure that the company has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare financial statements that give a true and fair view under the Companies Act 2006 You consider that the company is exempt from the statutory requirement for an audit for the year

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit of the financial statements. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the financial statements

MENZIES LLP

Chartered Accountants

Mercie L.S.

Ashcombe House 5 The Crescent Leatherhead Surrey KT22 9DY
30 Juny lon

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

30 APRIL 2012

		2012		2011	
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	2		432,162		458,344
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand		13,265 242,639 134,434		17,050 216,969 21,685	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within year	one	390,338 244,411		255,704 186,918	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			145,927		68,786
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIE	:S		578,089		527,130
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after m than one year	nore		177,948		268,352
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			57,883		20,191
			342,258		238,587
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called-up equity share capital Profit and loss account	3		100 342,158		100 238,487
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			342,258		238,587

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 477, and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 476 of the Act

The director acknowledges his responsibility for

- (i) ensuring that the company keeps adequate accounting records which comply with section 386 of the Act, and
- (II) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 393, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006

These approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on

R D Clark

Company Registration Number 04194219

The notes on pages 3 to 4 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2012

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts receivable for goods and services provided during the year in the normal course of business, net of trade discounts, VAT and other sales and related taxes

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Plant and Machinery Motor Vehicles 10% reducing balance

25% straight line

Office Equipment

20% reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

Work in progress

Work in progress is valued on the basis of direct costs plus attributable overheads based on normal level of activity. Provision is made for any foreseeable losses where appropriate. No element of profit is included in the valuation of work in progress.

Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets held under finance leases, which are leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, and hire purchase contracts, are capitalised in the balance sheet and are depreciated over their useful lives. The capital elements of future obligations under the leases and hire purchase contracts are included as liabilities in the balance sheet.

The interest elements of the rental obligations are charged in the profit and loss account over the periods of the leases and hire purchase contracts and represent a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2012

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the director considers that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

2. FIXED ASSETS

					Assets £
	COST At 1 May 2011				637,389
	Additions				22,104
	At 30 April 2012				659,493
	DEPRECIATION				
	At 1 May 2011				179,045
	Charge for year				48,286
	At 30 April 2012				227,331
	NET BOOK VALUE				
	At 30 April 2012				432,162
	At 30 April 2011				458,344
3.	SHARE CAPITAL				
	Authorised share capital:				
			2012		2011
			£		£
	1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each		1,000		1,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
		2012		2011	
		No	£	No	£
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100
			• • •		

Tangible