Company Registration No. 4192467

3D SYSTEMS EUROPE LIMITED

Report and Financial Statements

Year ended

31 December 2019



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OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

A Johnson

SECRETARY

Hendricus Tolmay

REGISTERED OFFICE

2nd Floor, West & South Wing The Mayland Building 200, Maylands Avenue Hemel Hempstead Industrial Estate Hemel Hempstead Hertfordshire HP2 7TG

BANKERS

HSBC 60 Queen Victoria Street London EC4N 4TR

AUDITORS

BDO LLP 55 Baker Street London W1U 7EU

STRATEGIC REPORT

The directors present their strategic report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company is to market and service rapid 3-D printing, prototyping and manufacturing systems and related products and materials that enable complex three-dimensional objects to be produced directly from computer data without tooling, which greatly reduces the time and costs required to produce prototypes or customised production parts.

To satisfy our customers design-to-manufacturing requirements, we also provide custom manufacturing services via On Demand Manufacturing Services. Through our High Wycombe based facility we offer a broad range of precision parts capabilities.

RESULTS FOR THE YEAR

Revenue for the year was £19.3m compared with £19.9m in 2018 which represents a decrease of 3%. The decrease in revenue is primarily from a £0.73m decrease in systems sales, a £0.4m decrease in material sales and a £0.7m increase in revenue from services. The cost of sales is in line with expectations and the increase over the costs for 2019 is driven by revenue activity with gross margin staying consistent.

REVIEW OF THE DEVELOPMENT, PERFORMANCE AND POSITION OF THE BUSINESS

Within the expanding 3D Printing industry our US based parent continues to be cognisant of the increased competition from other manufacturers. The company monitors new products entering the market and develops its product offering accordingly.

The global approach is to pursue a strategy that focuses on offering a comprehensive ecosystem that provides solutions aimed at healthcare, aerospace, automotive and durable goods verticals to address professional and industrial applications. We believe we are at an inflection point for 3D printing and a shift from prototyping to production is underway. We are focused on innovation to drive expansion into 3D production through improving durability, reliability, repeatability and total cost operation of 3D printing solutions.

Our continued investment in the development of new products have put pressure on our operating expenses, the company however have in this year experienced the benefits of this investment as demonstrated in our growth in revenue. The company plans to continue the onward trajectory to stimulate new growth opportunities.

With the refocused product offering, the potential of the new systems and materials recently brought to market and the known healthy industry growth rate the directors believe the company is well positioned to grow its business within future years while maintaining margin.

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STRATEGIC REPORT (continued)

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

We are exposed to market risk from changes in interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates and commodity prices which may adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition. We seek to minimise these risks through regular operating activities as appropriate.

Where possible the company minimises its exposure to credit related losses. The company has implemented procedures that require appropriate credit checks on customers before sales commence.

We expect that future competition may arise from the development of allied or related techniques for equipment and materials that are not encompassed by our group companies patents. Some of our parent company patents have expired and others will expire in the coming years. Upon expiration we may see incremental competition as competitors introduce products using technology that was previously protected by the expired patents. Our parent will continue to follow a strategy of continuing product development to enhance our position to the extent practical.

We have historically made, strategic acquisitions that involved significant risks and uncertainties. We may not realise the anticipated benefits of these and the integration of these acquisitions may disrupt our business and divert management attention. To minimise ongoing risk all acquisitions are subject to 3D Systems internal controls and procedures with immediate effect.

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The business uses various KPI's to monitor the results of the business on an ongoing basis. Financial measures include Turnover, Gross Margin and Profit before tax, which are all line items disclosed on the face of the profit and loss account.

£,000	Revenue	Cost	GP Margin
2018	19,876	(-15,204)	24%
2019	19,328	(-13,020)	33%
Increase/(Decrease)	(-548)	(-2,184)	
Increase/(Decrease) %	-3%	-14%	

FUTURE PROSPECTS

We are pursuing a growth strategy that focuses on the following industries

- Healthcare
- Aerospace
- Automotive
- Durable Goods
- Industrial Manufacturing

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

A M Johnson

Date: 6th May 2021

DIRECTORS REPORT

The directors submit their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019.

STRATEGIC REPORT

A review of the business, future developments and principal risks and uncertainties of the company are included within the Strategic Report on page 4.

DIRECTORS

The directors who held office since 1 January 2019 were as follows: A Johnson

DIVIDENDS

The directors are not recommending a dividend (2018: £Nil)

POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

There are no Post Balance Sheet Events to report.

GOING CONCERN

The accounts have been prepared on a Going Concern basis (see Note 1).

PEOPLE WITH DISABILITIES

The company employs people regardless of disability.

The company makes every effort to make the working environment one which includes the needs of disabled people.

DIRECTORS INDEMNITIES

3D Systems Europe Limited has granted an indemnity to its directors against liability in respect of proceedings brought by third parties, subject to the conditions set out in the Companies Act 2006. The ultimate parent maintains and anticipates to continue maintaining directors and officers insurance for the aforementioned directors in an amount equal to \$100m. Such qualifying third party indemnity provision remains in force as at the date of approving the Directors Report.

EMPLOYEE INVOLVEMENT

Employees are kept up to date with developments in the company through regular group wide announcements and group briefings. There are regular forums to discuss company issues.

DIRECTORS REPORT (continued)

AUDITORS

All the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

BDO LLP have agreed to be reappointed as the company's auditors.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

A M Johnson

Date: 6th May 2021

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the strategic report, annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF 3D SYSTEMS EUROPE LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of 3D Systems Europe Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2019, which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice: and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties
 that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern
 basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial
 statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

3D Systems Europe Limited

Independent auditor's report (continued)

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic report and Directors' report for the financial year for which
 the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic report and Directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic report and Director's report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion;

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

3D Systems Europe Limited

Independent auditor's report

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

BROUP

Marc Reinecke (senior statutory auditor)
For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor
London

7 May 2021

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Year Ended 31 December 2019

	Note		
		2019	2018
		£000's	a'0003
TURNOVER	2	19,328	19,875
Cost of sales		(13,020)	(15,204)
GROSS PROFIT		6,308	4,870
Selling expenses		(2,019)	(1,830)
Other Income	2	6,144	4,352
Administrative expenses	_	(8,095)	(6,647)
OPERATING PROFIT ((LOSS)	3	2,338	545
Interest receivable & similar income	6	350	320
Interest payable and similar charges	7	•	-
PROFIT / (LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		2,688	865
Taxation (charge) /credit on ordinary activities	8:	(474)	(44)
PROFIT / (LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR AND TOTAL			
COMPREHENSIVE PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		2,214	821

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

The profit for the year represents the movement in shareholders' funds.

The notes on pages 15 to 24 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION as at 31 December 2019

Company number 4192467	Note	2019 £000's	2018 £000's
FIXED ASSETS Tangible Assets Intangible Fixed Assets Investment	9 10 11	1,102 (0)	2,460 200
CURRENT ASSETS Stock	12 13	1,101 321 10,092	2,660
Debtors due within one year Debtors due more than one year Cash in hand and at Bank	13	17,912 3,339	9,823 18,678 3,103
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	14	31,664 (10,503)	31,834 (15,091)
NET CURRENT ASSETS CREDITORS: Amounts falling due more than one year	14	21,161 (60)	16,742 (95)
NET ASSETS		22,202	19,308
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Share option reserve Profit and Loss account	16	57,578 3,145 (38,521)	57,578 2,465 (40,734)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		22,202	19,308

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 06 May 2021 Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

Andrew M Johnson Director

The notes on pages 15 to 24 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY as at 31 December 2019

	Called-up share capital £000's	Share option reserve £000's	Profit and loss account £000's	Total
At 31 December 2017	57,578	1,919	(41,555)	17,941
Total comprehensive profit for the year	-	•	821	821
Credit in respect of share-based payment	-	546	-	546
At 31 December 2018	57,578	2,465	(40,734)	19,309
Total comprehensive profit for the year	-	-	2,214	2,214
Credit in respect of share-based payment	- .	680	٠	680
At 31 December 2019	57,578	3,145	(38,521)	22,202

The notes on pages 15 to 24 form part of these financial statements.

Date: 5th May 2021

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year Ended 31 December 2019

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3D Systems Europe Limited is a private company incorporated in England & Wales under the Companies Act, limited by shares. The address of the registered office is given on the contents page and the nature of the group's operations and its principal activities are set out in the strategic report. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the Companies management to exercise judgement in applying the Companies accounting policies.

Company Disclosure Exemptions

As its results are included in 3D Systems Corporation's consolidated financial statements, the company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions available in FRS 102:

- The requirement to present a statement of cash balances and related notes;
- The requirement to disclose the company's financial instruments; and
- The requirement to disclose aggregate remuneration of the key personnel of the company as their remuneration is included in the total

Tangible Fixed Assets

The cost of tangible fixed assets is their purchase cost, together with any incidental expenses of acquisition.

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of tangible fixed assets, less their estimated residual values, on a straight line basis over the expected useful economic lives of the assets concerned. The estimated useful lives for the main categories of tangible fixed assets are:

	Year
mprovements to Leasehold Buildings	4
Plant & Equipment	4-5

Investments

Investments are held at the lower of cost or net realisable value. The carrying values of fixed asset investments are reviewed for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of a business combination over the fair value of the group's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired subsidiary at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries is included in 'intangible assets'. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold. Goodwill is carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill amortisation is calculated by applying the straight-line method to its estimated useful life. If a reliable estimate cannot be made, the useful life of goodwill is presumed to be 5 years.

Estimates of the useful economic life of goodwill are based on a variety of factors such as the expected use of the acquired business, the expected useful life of the cash generating units to which the goodwill is attributed, any legal, regulatory or contractual provisions that can limit useful life and assumptions that market participants would consider in respect of similar businesses.

Other Intangible Assets

Intangible assets other than goodwill represent acquired intangible assets including trade names, customer relationships and non-compete agreements. These intangible assets are amortised using the straight-line method over their useful life, which is determined by identifying the period over which most of the cash flows are expected to be generated.

	Year
Trade Names and Customer Relationships	4
Non-Compete Agreements	2

Basis of Consolidation

The company has taken the exemption conferred by Section 401 of the Companies Act 2008 not to produce consolidated accounts as it is a wholly-owned indirect subsidiary of 3D Systems Corporation. Copies of the consolidated accounts of 3D Systems Corporation are publicly available from 333 Three D Systems Circle, Rock Hill, SC 29730, USA or from the United States Securities and Exchange Commission website at www.sec.gov. These accounts therefore present the results of the company only.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year Ended 31 December 2019

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Foreign Currencies

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the group entity's functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial Assets

Financial assets, other than investments and derivatives, are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs) and subsequently held at cost, less any impairment.

Financial Liabilities and Equity

Financial liabilities and equity are classified according to the substance of the financial instrument's contractual obligations, rather than the financial instrument's legal form. Financial liabilities, excluding convertible debt and derivatives, are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs) and subsequently held at amortised cost.

Operating Leases

The rental charges of operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the life of the leases.

Finance Leases

Where the Group is required to account as though it were acting as a lessor in a finance lease, receivables disclosed under finance leases represent outstanding amounts due under notional finance lease arrangements less notional finance charges allocated to future periods. Notional finance lease interest is recognised over the primary period of the lease so as to produce a constant rate of return on the net cash investment.

Government Grants

Grants are accounted under the accruals model as permitted by FRS 102. Grants relating to expenditure on tangible fixed assets are credited to the profit and loss account at the same rate as the depreciation on the assets to which the grant relates. The deferred element of grants is included in creditors as deferred income.

Grants of a revenue nature are recognised in other income within profit or loss in the same period as the related expenditure.

The group has not directly benefited from any other forms of government assistance.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. In general, cost is determined on a first in, first out basis and includes all direct expenditure. Where necessary, provision is made for obsolete, slow moving or defective stocks.

Turnove

Turnover, which excludes value added tax and trade discounts, represents the invoiced value of the goods and services supplied. Revenue on maintenance contracts is taken to the profit and loss account on a monthly basis across the life of the contract.

Deferred Taxation

Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences that result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Pension Costs

The company contributes to certain employees' private pension schemes. The amount charged to the profit and loss represents the contributions payable in respect of the financial year.

Holiday Pay Accrua

No adjustment has been made for a holiday pay accrual as the company policy is that all holiday must be used by the end of the year and any unused holiday cannot be carried forward to a future year.

Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. In the case of interim dividends to equity shareholders this is when paid by the company. In the case of final dividends this is when approved by the shareholders.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year Ended 31 December 2019

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Reserves

The Company's reserves are as follows:

- Called up share capital reserve represents the nominal value of the shares issued.
- Share option reserves represents the value of 3D Systems Inc. shares held for the purpose of long-term incentive schemes for employees.
- Profit and loss account represents cumulative profits or losses, net of dividends paid and other adjustments.

Share-based payments

Where share-based awards are granted to employees, the fair value of the awards at the date of grant are charged to the income statement over the vesting period. Non-market vesting conditions are taken into account by adjusting the number of equity instruments expected to vest at each balance sheet date so that, ultimately, the cumulative amount recognised over the vesting period is based on the number of awards that eventually vest

The fair value of the award also takes into account non-vesting conditions. These are either factors beyond the control of either party (such as a target based on an index) or factors which are within the control of one or other of the parties (such as the company keeping the scheme open or the employee maintaining any contributions required by the scheme).

Where the terms and conditions of options are modified before they vest, the increase in the fair value of the options, measured immediately before and after the modification, is also charged to profit or loss over the remaining vesting period.

Going Concern

The accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis after considering the forward cashflows of the business. The company has received loans from the parent company which are due on demand. A letter of support has been provided by the parent company stating they will not demand repayments on the loans within twelve months from the date of signing the accounts.

Significant Accounting Estimates and Judgements

In determining the carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities, the company makes assumptions of the effects of uncertain, future events on those assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date. The companies estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience and expectation of future events and are reviewed periodically. This disclosure excludes uncertainty over future events and judgments in respect of measuring financial instruments.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year Ended 31 December 2019

2 ANALYSIS OF TURNOVER

ANALYSIS OF TURNOVER	2019 £000's	2018 £000's
The invoiced value (net of sales taxes) of the goods and services arising from the principal activity of the company can be attributable to the company's different geographical as follows:		
United Kingdom and Ireland Overseas	19,328 0	19,757 118
	19,328	19,875
Comparison of revenue by class:	2019 £000's	2018 £000's
Products Materials Services Grant Income	2,829 7,100 9,269 130	3,678 7,477 8,633 87
	19,328	19,875

The Company earn revenues from the sales of products, materials and services. The products category includes 3D printers, software, 3D scanners and haptic devices. The materials category includes a wide range of print materials to be used with our 3D printers, the majority of which are proprietary. The services category includes warranty and maintenance on 3D printers, software maintenance and on demand solutions.

Other operating income of £6,144k relates to Management Charges to other group companies.

3 OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS

	2019	2018
	£000°s	e'0003
Operating loss is after charging/(crediting):		
Depreciation	880	940
Impairment of Investments	-	0
Amortisation of intangible assets, including goodwill	200	199
Auditor's remuneration		
- audit fees	61	40
- taxation compliance services	8	8
Operating lease rentals		
- land & buildings	564	583
- other assets	-5	5
Loss on foreign exchange	634	67
Share based payments	680	546
Loss on disposal of Gentle Giant	548	0
-		

No additional Audit fees have been borne in 2019 (2018: £26,837) relating to other services provided by the parent company auditors, 3D Systems Corporation.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year Ended 31 December 2019

4 EMPLOYEES

7	EN FOLERO		
	The average number of employees employed by the company within each category of persons was:		
		2019 No.	2018 No.
		NO.	140.
	Sales and marketing	16	15
	Service and technical Administration staff	21 65	26 58
	Production	.28	.26
		130	125
		130	120
	The costs incurred in respect of these employees were:		
		2019	2018
		£000's	a'0003
	Wages and salaries	5,673	5,353
	Social security costs	797	658
	Pension costs - defined contribution scheme Commissions and bonuses	37.5 374	339 197
	Other benefits	326	271
		7,545	6,818
5	DIRECTORS		
		2019	2018
		£0003	£000's
	Emoluments of directors of the company included in staff costs were as follows:		
	Aggregate emoluments	84	138
	Company contributions to money purchase schemes	•	9
	Share based payments	10	.22
		94	169
	•		
6	INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME		
		2019	2018
		£000's	e'0003
	Interest receivable from other group companies	.337	308
	Other interest	13	12
		350	320
_			
7	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES		
		2019	2018
		£000's	£000's
	Interest payable to parent company	b.	-
	Other interest payable	•	•
		-	-

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year Ended 31 December 2019

8 TAXATION ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

	2019 £000's	2018 £000's
UK Corporation taxation Total current taxation	(474) (474)	(44) (44)
Deferred taxation (note 15)	-	0,
Total taxation charge	(474)	(44)

The tax assessed for the current year differs from the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The differences are explained below:

Total comprehensive Profit / (loss) for the year	2,688	865
Tax at 19% (2019 - 19%)	(512)	(164)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(6.12)	4.5 - 3.
Permanent differences	-	-
Other tax adjustments, reliefs and transfers	266	151
Group relief.	(38)	-
Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	(182)	(83)
Unrelieved tax losses		61
Under Provision of Prior year taxes	(8)	(9)
Income not assessable for tax purposes	-	•
Deferred Tax Asset Released		
Total current taxation	(474)	(44)

9 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Improvements to Leasehold Buildings £000's	Plant & Equipment	Total
Leasehold Buildings	& Equipment	Total
Buildings		
£000 S	COBO!A	a'0003
	£000's	2000 8
96		5,612
0	380	380
0.	(1,353)	(1,353)
96	4,543	4,639
95	3.058	3,153
		856
U	(472)	(472)
98	3,441	3,537
(0)	1.102	1,102
107	1,102	1,102
1	2.458	2,460
	96 95 1 0	0 380 0 (1,353) 96 4,543 95 3,058 1 855 0 (472) 98 3,441

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year Ended 31 December 2019

10 INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Goodwill arising on acquisition £000's	Trade names & customer relationships £000's	Non-compete agreements £000's	Totál Intangibles £000's
Cost or valuation At 1 January 2019	998	-	-	998
Additions Disposals]	-	.	-
At 31 December 2019	998	÷	-	998
Amortisation At 1 January 2019	798	-	-	798
Amortisation provided in the year Disposals	200	<u>.</u>	-	2 ⁰ 00 -
At 31 December 2019	998			998
Net book value At 31 December 2019	(0)		•	(0)
At 31 December 2018	200		-	200

11 INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKING

	2019 £000's
Cost At 1 January 2019	•
Write Off. Impairment charge	
At 31 December 2019	

All subsiduary investments are fully impaired.

12 STOCKS

	2019 £000's	2018 £000's
Stocks held for resale and servicing of customer machines	321	230
	321	230

In the opinion of the directors the replacement cost of stock is not materially different to the amount at which it is stated in the accounts.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year Ended 31 December 2019

13 DEBTORS

13 DEBTORS	2040	2040
	2019 £000's	2018 £000's
Debtors due within one year:	2000 5	£000 8
Trade debtors	2,799	3,533
Amounts owed by other group undertakings	6,791	5,746
Other debtors	108	.206
Prepayments and accrued income	394	338
Corporation tax debtor		-
	10,092	9,823
•	2019	2018
	s'0003	£000's
Debtors due more than one year:		
Amounts owed by other group undertakings	17,912	18,678
Deferred Tax	0	-
	17,912	18,678
14 CREDITORS : AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR.		
	2019	2018
	a'0003	2'0003
Trade creditors	268	250·
Amounts owed to parent undertaking	5,928	7,781
Amounts owed to other group undertakings	2,195	4,848
Other texation and social security	684	3,9
Accruals and deferred income	1,428	2,174
Other creditors	•	•
	10,503	15,091
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
·	2019	2018
	£000's	£000's
	2000.8	2000 5
Other creditors - 1-2 years	60	95
Intercompany loan - at least 1 year	•	-
Deferred Tax	•	-
	60	95

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year Ended 31 December 2019

15 DEFERRED TAXATION		£000's.
At 1 January 2019 Charge to the profit and loss account		- -
At 31 December 2019 (note 13)		-
	2019 £000's	2018 £000's
Tax effect of timing differences because of: Fixed asset timing differences	_	_
Short term timing differences	- -	•
Losses and other deductions	•	-
Effect of change of tax rate on opening balances	•	-
	-	

Deferred tax assets are recognised on tax losses carried forward to the extent that the realisation of the related tax benefit through future taxable profits is probable.

The company has excess non-trading loan relationship deficits of approximately £ 4,887,738 (2018: £6,003,845) to be carried forward.

16 CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	2019 £	2018 È
Called up, allottèd and fully paid: 1 ordinary share of £1 each	1	1
Additional Shares issued following capitalisation of loan with parent undertaking 57,577,647 ordinary share of £1 each	57,577,647	57 _i 577,647
	57,577,648	57,577,648

17 LEASE COMMITMENTS

At 31 December 2019 the company had total commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below:

	2019 Land and Buildings £000's	2019 Other £000's	2018 Land and Buildings £000's	2018 Other £000's
Not later than one year	169	10 13	374	13
Later than one year and not later than five years Later than 5 years	2,224 2,355	0	1,188 718	4
	4,748	23	2,280	17

18 ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

At December 2019 the Immediate parent undertaking is 3D European Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wates.

The ultimate parent and controlling party is 3D Systems Corporation, a public company incorporated in Delaware, United States of America. Copies of the 3D Systems Corporation consolidated financial statements may be obtained from 333 Three D Systems Circle, Rock Hill, SC 29730, USA or from the United States Securities and Exchange Commission website at www.sec.gov.

3D Systems Corporation and 3D Systems Inc. are the respective parent undertakings of the largest and smallest groups to consolidate these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year Ended 31 December 2019

19 SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

The company participates in 3D Systems Corporation's Stock Incentive Plans under which certain employees are provided with equity-settled share-based payments in the form of share awards.

Share awards

Share awards are granted to certain UK employees. Awards granted prior to 19 May 2015 will generally vest at the end of three years provided the awardse remains an employee of 3D Systems. Those awards granted after 19 May 2015 will vest one third each year for three years provided the awardee remains an employee of 3D Systems. The fair value of share awards is based on the number of shares granted and 3D Systems. Corporation's quoted share price at the date of grant less the amount paid by the recipient. The expense is recognised, net of estimated forfeitures, over the vesting period of the awards on a straight-line basis. The expense taken to the profit and loss account for 2019 was £680,187 (2018: £545,965).

Details of the share awards outstanding during the year are as follows:

	2019 Number of share awards	2019 Weighted average fair value (£)	2018 Number of share awards	2018 Welghted average fair value (£)
Outstanding at 1 January 2019 Vested	92,068 (45,095) 46,973	11.14. 10.68 _	103,345 (56,063) 47,282	8.12 8.15
Granted Forfeited	100,370 (13,128)	0.00 (9.41)	50,950 (6,164.00)	13.75 (9.07)
Outstanding at 31 December 2019	134,215	7.79	92,068	11.14

In 2019 awards were granted on 15 May with a total fair value of \$838,844 (£623,689) (2018 \$880,592 (£695,076)).

The weighted average of the remaining contractual life of the share based payments at the end of 2019 is 1.09 years (2018 was 1.32 years).

20 Related Party relationships and transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available under FRS 102 'Related party disclosures' whereby it has not disclosed transactions with ultimate parent company or any wholly owned subsidiary undertaking or group.