COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 04176450

ABBEYGATE LIMITED FILLETED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2017

THURSDAY



A09 21/12/2017 COMPANIES HOUSE

#286

ABBEYGATE LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

CONTENTS	PAGES
Balance sheet	1 to 2
Notes to the financial statements	3 to 6

BALANCE SHEET

31 MARCH 2017

	2017		2016		
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	5		2,691		1,704
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	6	292,700 479,042 ————————————————————————————————————		235,780 373,505 25,156 634,441	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	7	(560,762)		(450,772)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			210,980		183,669
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			213,671		185,373
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Profit and loss account	8		100 213,571		100 185,273
MEMBERS FUNDS			213,671		185,373

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the profit and loss account has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 March 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The balance sheet continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET (continued)

31 MARCH 2017

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 21 December 2017, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr Schreiber

Director

Company registration number: 04176450

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is New Burlington House, 1075 Finchley Road, London, NW11 0PU.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 April 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 11.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures and Fittings

20% reducing balance

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities.

4. EMPLOYEE NUMBERS

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 4 (2016: 4).

5. TANGIBLE ASSETS

		Fixtures and fittings	Total £
	Fair value At 1 April 2016 Additions	19,258 1,660	19,258 1,660
	At 31 March 2017	20,918	20,918
	Depreciation At 1 April 2016 Charge for the year	17,554 673	17,554 673
	At 31 March 2017	18,227	18,227
	Carrying amount At 31 March 2017	2,691	2,691
	At 31 March 2016	1,704	1,704
6.	DEBTORS		
		2017 £	2016 £
	Trade debtors	459,564	351,790
	Other debtors	19,478	21,715
		479,042	373,505

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

7. CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year

	2017	2016
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	48,063	_
Trade creditors	234,114	118,488
Corporation tax	8,500	14,000
Social security and other taxes	43,821	33,898
Accruals and deferred income	4,100	24,804
Other creditors	222,164	259,582
	560,762	450,772

8. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Issued, called up and fully paid

	2017		2017		2016	
•	No.	£	No.	£		
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100		

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Included in Other debtors is an amount of £6,000 (2016: £6,000) due from Castlewood Estates Limited and an amount of £9,000 (2016: £17,500) due from Granby Investments Limited. Mr Jacob Schreiber, director of Castlewood Estates Limited, is also director of this company. Mr Joel Schreiber and Mrs R Schreiber, directors of Granby Investments Limited, are also directors of this company.

Included in Other creditors is an amount of £37,736 (2016: £37,736) due to Maylord Properties Limited. Mr Joel Schreiber, director of Maylord Properties Limited, is also director of this company.

The amounts are interest free and repayable on demand.

10. CONTROLLING PARTY

The company is controlled by Mr Joel Schreiber.

11. TRANSITION TO FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 April 2015.

No transitional adjustments were required in equity or profit or loss for the year.