# Reno (Moray) Limited Annual Report and Financial Statements 31 December 2018

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# **Annual Report and Financial Statements**

# Year Ended 31 December 2018

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## Officers and Professional Advisers

The Board of Directors David Gilmour

Nigel Paterson

Infrastructure Managers Limited **Company Secretary** 

Cannon Place **Registered Office** 

78, Cannon Street

London

United Kingdom EC4N 6AF

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP **Independent Auditors** 

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors

Level 4 Atria One

144 Morrison Street

Edinburgh EH3 8EX

**Solicitors** Dentons UKMEA LLP

Quartermile One 15 Lauriston Place

Edinburgh EH3 9EP

#### **Directors' Report**

#### Year Ended 31 December 2018

The directors present their report and the audited Annual Report and Financial Statements of Reno (Moray) Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2018.

#### **Principal Activities**

The principal activity of the Company during the year was that of an investment holding company.

#### **Performance Review**

No statement of comprehensive income has been presented for the Company as there were no transactions to report during the year.

The directors are satisfied with the overall performance of the Company and do not foresee any significant change in the Company's activities in the coming financial year.

#### **Directors**

The directors who served the company during the year and up to the date of this report were as follows:

David Gilmour Nigel Paterson

#### **Dividends**

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

#### **Qualifying Third Party Indemnity Provisions**

The Company has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors during the year. These provisions remain in force at the reporting date.

#### **Small Company Provisions**

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Disclosure of Information to Auditors**

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and
- they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

The auditors are deemed to have been re-appointed in accordance with section 487 of the Companies Act 2006.

**Directors' Report** (continued)

Year Ended 31 December 2018

Infrastructure Managers Limited Company Secretary

# **Directors' Responsibilities Statement**

#### Year Ended 31 December 2018

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the Annual Report and Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare the Annual Report and Financial Statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the Annual Report and Financial Statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102), and applicable law).

Under company law the directors must not approve the Annual Report and Financial Statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing the Annual Report and Financial Statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the Annual Report and Financial Statements; and
- prepare the Annual Report and Financial Statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the Annual Report and Financial Statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Reno (Moray) Limited

#### Year Ended 31 December 2018

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, Reno (Moray) Limited's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of its result for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2018 and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We remained independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

#### **Conclusions Relating to Going Concern**

ISAs (UK) require us to report to you when:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties
  that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern
  basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial
  statements are authorised for issue.

We have nothing to report in respect of the above matters.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern. For example, the terms on which the United Kingdom may withdraw from the European Union are not clear, and it is difficult to evaluate all of the potential implications on the company's trade, suppliers and the wider economy.

# Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Reno (Moray) Limited (continued)

#### Year Ended 31 December 2018

#### Reporting on Other Information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Directors' Report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on the responsibilities described above and our work undertaken in the course of the audit, ISAs (UK) require us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

#### **Directors' Report**

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Directors' Report for the year ended 31 December 2018 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

#### Responsibilities for the Financial Statements and the Audit

#### Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

#### Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Reno (Moray) Limited (continued)

#### Year Ended 31 December 2018

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

#### **Use of This Report**

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

#### Other Required Reporting

#### **Companies Act 2006 Exception Reporting**

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the Company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

#### **Entitlement to Exemptions**

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the Directors' Report and take advantage of the small companies exemption from preparing a strategic report. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Mark Hoskyns-Abrahal (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors

Edinburgh

#### **Statement of Financial Position**

#### As at 31 December 2018

		2018	2017
	Note	£	£
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	7	2	2
Share premium account	8	2,579,999	2,579,999
Retained earnings	8	(2,580,001)	(2,580,001)
Total shareholders' funds		_	

The Annual Report and Financial Statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on ... Z. & f. j.q., and are signed on behalf of the board by:

David Gilmour Director

Company registration number: 04141423

# **Statement of Changes in Equity**

# Year Ended 31 December 2018

At 1 January 2017	Called up share capital £ 2	Share premium account £ 2,579,999	Retained earnings £ (2,580,001)	Total £ –
Profit for the financial year			_	_
Result for the financial year			_	_
At 31 December 2018	2	2,579,999	(2,580,001)	_

#### **Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements**

#### Year Ended 31 December 2018

#### 1. General Information

Reno (Moray) Limited ("the Company") is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated and domiciled in the UK. The address of its registered office is Cannon Place, 78, Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF.

The principal activity of the Company during the year was that of an investment holding company.

The Company's functional and presentation currency is the pound sterling.

#### 2. Statement of Compliance

The individual financial statements of Reno (Moray) Limited have been prepared in compliance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006.

#### 3. Accounting Policies

#### (a) Basis of preparation

These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed further in the accounting policies.

The accounting policies stated below have been consistently applied to the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### (b) Going concern

The company borrowed funds from its parent undertakings (£nil as at 31 December 2018) which were later passed through to the associate company under matching terms, see note 6. The Company is therefore reliant on receipts from the associate entity (Catchment Moray Holdings Limited), which in turn is reliant on receipts from its subsidiary entity (Catchment Moray Limited), in respect of repayments on subordinated loans, in order to meet its ongoing financial commitments. However, the subsidiary is currently unable to make repayments of the subordinated loans for the reasons set out below which has resulted in both the company and the subsidiary being in breach of the terms of of their respective loans. The joint venture parent undertakings have confirmed that repayment will not be demanded for the entire subordinated loan within the next 12 months.

Expected cash flows from the associate entity's concession agreement with Scottish Water previously included a variable element based on chargeable flows of wastewater collected and treated which had declined as a result of unusually dry weather conditions experienced over the past years. This situation has led to breaches of the covenants in the associate's bank loan in previous periods. As a result this bank loan has been restructured in the current year and subsidiary company is now compliant with banking covenants. It is not expected however the associate company will be able to repay its subordinated loans due to the Company and as such these remain fully impaired as at the balance sheet date. As a result of the restructuring of the bank loan held by the associate company the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The Company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

#### Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year Ended 31 December 2018

#### 3. Accounting Policies (continued)

#### (c) Judgments and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgments are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Accounting estimates and assumptions are made concerning the future and, by their nature, will rarely equal the related actual outcome. The key assumptions and other sources of estimation uncertainty are as follows:

#### i) Impairment of assets

The carrying value of those assets recorded in the Company's Statement of Financial Position, at amortised cost, could be materially reduced where circumstances exist which might indicate that an asset has been impaired and an impairment review is performed. Impairment reviews consider the fair value and/or value in use of the potentially impaired asset or assets and compares that with the carrying value of the asset or assets in the Statement of Financial Position. Any reduction in value arising from such a review would be recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Impairment reviews involve the significant use of assumptions. Consideration has to be given as to the price that could be obtained for the asset or assets, or in relation to a consideration of value in use, estimates of the future cash flows that could be generated by the potentially impaired asset or assets, together with a consideration of an appropriate discount rate to apply to those cash flows.

#### (d) Income tax

Taxation expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### i) Current Tax

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the year or prior years. Tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end. The directors periodically evaluate positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

#### (e) Investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

#### Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year Ended 31 December 2018

#### 3. Accounting Policies (continued)

#### (f) Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

#### 4. Auditor's Remuneration

The audit fee of £2,985 (2017: £2,814) was borne by BIIF LP.

#### 5. Particulars of Employees and Directors

The average number of persons employed by the company during the financial year, including the directors, amounted to nil (2017: nil). The directors did not receive any remuneration from the Company during the year (2017: £nil).

#### 6. Investments

	Shares in group undertakings	Loans to group undertakings £	Total £
Cost At 1 January 2018 and 31 December 2018	1,000,001	1,580,000	2,580,001
Impairment At 1 January 2018 and 31 December 2018	1,000,001	1,580,000	2,580,001
Carrying amount At 31 December 2018	_	_	_
At 31 December 2017			

#### Subsidiaries, associates and other investments

The Company owns a 33.3% interest in Catchment Moray Holdings Limited, a Company incorporated in Scotland. Catchment Moray Holdings Limited is a holding company to Catchment Moray Limited. The principal activity of the subsidiary company is the provision of wastewater and sewage treatment related services.

The directors previously impaired the investment in Catchment Moray Holdings Limited to its recoverable amount of £nil.

## Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year Ended 31 December 2018

#### 7. Called Up Share Capital

Issued, called up and fully paid

	2018	•	2017	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £0.002 each	1,000	2	1,000	_2

#### 8. Reserves

Retained earnings records retained earnings and accumulated losses.

#### 9. Related Party Transactions

There were no transactions to report in the year.

## 10. Controlling Party

Reno (Moray) Limited is owned 45% by Veolia Water Enterprise Limited and 55% by BIIF Bidco Limited.

The intermediate parent undertaking is BIIF Holdco Limited, which is the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group to consolidate these financial statements. Copies of BIIF Holdco Limited consolidated financial statements can be obtained from the Company Secretary at Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF.

The ultimate parent and controlling party is BIIF L.P. BIIF L.P. is owned by a number of investors with no one investor having individual control.