COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 04140365

Jimmy's Mazda RX7 Specialists Limited Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 31 January 2019

Jimmy's Mazda RX7 Specialists Limited Statement of Financial Position

31 January 2019

	2019			2018
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets				
Intangible assets	5		1,500	2,000
Tangible assets	6		205	153
			1,705	2,153
Current assets				
Stocks		5,000		9,000
Cash at bank and in hand		728		938
		5,728		9,938
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	2,432		3,442
Net current assets			3,296	6,496
Total assets less current liabilities			5,001	8,649
Net assets			5,001	8,649
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital			2	2
Profit and loss account			4,999	8,647
Shareholders funds			5,001	8,649

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 January 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

Jimmy's Mazda RX7 Specialists Limited

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

31 January 2019

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 23 October 2019, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Dr A J Cozens

Director

Company registration number: 04140365

Jimmy's Mazda RX7 Specialists Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 January 2019

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is The Spinney, Tunstead Road, Hoveton, Norwich, Norfolk, NR12 8QN.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill - 10% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery - 25% reducing balance
Fixtures and fittings - 25% reducing balance

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 1 (2018: 1).

5. Intangible assets

		Goodwill		
		£		
Cost				
At 1 February 2018 and 31 January 2019		10,000		
Amortisation				
At 1 February 2018		8,000		
Charge for the year		500		
At 31 January 2019		8,500		
Carrying amount				
At 31 January 2019		1,500		
At 31 January 2018	2,000			
6. Tangible assets				
	Plant and	Fixtures and	-	
	machinery	fittings	Total	
Cont	£	£	£	
Cost At 1 February 2018	1,350	1,555	2,905	
Additions	180	1,555	180	
At 31 January 2019	1,530	1,555 	3,085	
Depreciation				
At 1 February 2018	1,213	1,545	2,758	
Charge for the year	122	_	122	
At 31 January 2019	1,335	1,545	2,880	
Carrying amount				
At 31 January 2019	195	10	205	
At 31 January 2018	137	10	147	

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019	2018
	£	£
Trade creditors	_	534
Corporation tax	122	122
Social security and other taxes	416	789
Other creditors	1,894	1,997
	2,432	3,442

8. Related party transactions

No transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under the FRSSE.

9. Other spare note 99 heading

SPAREB99 USER DEFINED HEADING

The company......

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