COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 04127703

J KERR FLOORS LIMITED UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

COMPANIES HOUSE

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

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ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

31 MARCH 2015

For the year ended 31 March 2015 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

J R KERR Director

Company Registration Number: 04127703

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 MARCH 2015

		2015		2014	
	Note	£	£	£	
FIXED ASSETS	2				
Tangible assets			12,599	16,800	
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		18,457		25,390	
Debtors		50,088		64,052	
Cash at bank and in hand		27,912		385	
•		96,457		89,827	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one		, , , , ,		0,02	
year	3	65,847		68,315	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			30,610	21,512	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIE	ES		43,209	38,312	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more					
than one year	4		4,148	8,209	
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			1,541	2,054	
			37,520	28,049	
			37,320	20,047	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		_			
Called-up equity share capital	7	·	1	1	
Profit and loss account			37,519	28,048	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			37,520	28,049	
			-		

The Balance sheet continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents the value of all work done during the period, exclusive of Value Added Tax. Turnover is recognised at the point at which the company has fulfilled its contractual obligations and the risks and rewards attaching to the sale have been transferred to the customer.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery Motor Vehicles 25% Reducing Balance25% Reducing Balance25% Reducing Balance

Stocks

Equipment

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, on a first-in-first-out basis, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items. Cost is based on purchase price.

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

Finance lease agreements

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease. The asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed asset and is depreciated in accordance with the above depreciation policies. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included within creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis, and the capital element which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all material timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax.

The only exception is that deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible Assets £
COST	
At 1 April 2014 and 31 March 2015	69,807
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 April 2014	53,007
Charge for year	4,201
At 31 March 2015	57,208
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2015	12,599
At 31 March 2014	16,800

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

3. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due within one year are secured by the company:

	2015	2014
•	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	_	4,092
Hire purchase and finance lease agreements	4,061	7,421
	4,061	11,513

Hire purchase and finance lease agreements are secured on the assets to which they relate.

4. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due after more than one year are secured by the company:

•	2015	2014
	£	£
Hire purchase and finance lease agreements	4,148	8,209

Hire purchase and finance lease agreements are secured on the assets to which they relate.

5. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE DIRECTOR

During the year the company paid £27,000 (2014 - £26,520) to the director in respect of rent for the use of the premises.

During the year the company paid £45,000 dividends (2014 - £40,000) to the director.

During the year the Directors loan account remained overdrawn. The director withdrew cash from the company totalling £21,000 (2014 - £21,200) and private expenses were paid on behalf of the director totalling £26,788 (2014 - £24,029). The director also repaid £20,000 of the loan account during the year. The balance outstanding at the year end date was £26,466 (2014 - £43,678). The maximum balance outstanding during the year was £80,466. No interest has been charged on this balance and there is no fixed repayment date.

6. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate controlling party is the director J R Kerr.

7. SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2015		2014	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1
	_		MIN. A. A. A.	