COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 4114093

COBE CONSULTING LIMITED
ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS
31 MARCH 2006



COBE CONSULTING LIMITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2006

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COBE CONSULTING LIMITED

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 MARCH 2006

		2006		2005	
FIXED ASSETS	Note 2	£	£	£	£
Tangible assets	_		286,038		297,259
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		245,279		10,000	
Debtors		145,411		451,224	
Cash at bank and in hand		154,026		188,736	
	*** *	544,716		649,960	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling d	ue within			440.400	
one year		301,776		440,188	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			242,940		209,772
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURREN	T LIABILITIES		528,978		507,031
CREDITORS: Amounts falling d	ue after				
more than one year			172,598		180,245
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	AND CHARGES		4,017		4,017
			352,363		322,769
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called-up equity share capital	3		45		45
Profit and loss account			352,318		322,724
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			352,363		322,769

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 249A(1), and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 249B(2) of the Act

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for

- (i) ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Act, and
- (II) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors on behalf by.

and are signed on their

COBE CONSULTING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2006

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2005)

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Long Leasehold Property - 2% per annum straight line Office Equipment - 25% per annum reducing balance Computer Equipment - 33% per annum reducing balance

Work in progress

Work in progress is valued on the basis of direct costs plus attributable overheads based on normal level of activity. Provision is made for any foreseeable losses where appropriate. No element of profit is included in the valuation of work in progress.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax arises as a result of including items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the company's accounts. Deferred tax is provided in full on an undiscounted basis on timing differences which result in an obligation to pay more (or less) tax at a future date, at the average tax rates that are expected to apply when the timing differences reverse, based on current tax rates and laws.

Deferred tax is not provided on the timing differences arising from the revaluation of fixed assets where there is no commitment to sell the asset

Tangible

COBE CONSULTING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2006

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the group after deducting all of its liabilities.

2. FIXED ASSETS

					Assets
	COST At 1 April 2005 Additions				331,128 1,584
	At 31 March 2006				332,712
	DEPRECIATION At 1 April 2005 Charge for year				33,869 12,805
	At 31 March 2006				46,674
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31 March 2006				286,038
	At 31 March 2005				297,259
3.	SHARE CAPITAL				
	Authorised share capital:				
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each		2006 £ 100		2005 £ 100
	Allotted, called up and fully paid.				
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	2006 No 45	£ 45	2005 No 45	£ 45
			_	_	********