
BLSSP (Cash Management) Limited

Annual Report and Accounts

Year ended 31 March 2014



Company number: 4104050

BLSSP (Cash Management) Limited

**STRATEGIC REPORT
for the year ended 31 March 2014**

Business review and principal activities

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of BLSSP Property Holdings Limited and operates as a constituent of the BL Sainsbury Superstores Limited group of companies ("the group"). BL Sainsbury Superstores Limited operates as a joint venture between Linestair Limited, a subsidiary of The British Land Company PLC, and Sainsbury Property Investments Limited, a subsidiary of J Sainsbury plc. The company's principal activity is to provide cash management services to the BLSSP Property Holdings Limited group companies in the United Kingdom (UK).

As shown in the company's profit and loss account on page 5, the company's turnover is £nil compared to a turnover of £nil in the prior year and profit before tax is £nil compared to a profit before tax of £nil in the prior year.

Dividends of £nil (2013: £nil) were paid in the year. Dividends paid are shown in note 11.

The balance sheet on page 7 shows that the company's financial position at the year end is, in net asset terms, consistent with the prior year.

Principal risks and uncertainties

This company is part of a large property investment group. As such, the fundamental underlying risks for this company are those of the property group as discussed below.

The company generates returns to shareholders through long-term investment decisions requiring the evaluation of opportunities arising in the following areas:

- demand for space from occupiers against available supply;
- identification and execution of investment and development strategies which are value enhancing;
- availability of financing or refinancing at an acceptable cost;
- economic cycles, including their impact on tenant covenant quality, interest rates, inflation and property values;
- legislative changes, including planning consents and taxation;
- engagement of development contractors with strong covenants; and
- environmental and health and safety policies.

These opportunities also represent risks, the most significant being change to the value of the property portfolio. This risk has high visibility to senior executives and is considered and managed on a continuous basis. Executives use their knowledge and experience to knowingly accept a measured degree of market risk.

The company's preference for prime assets and their secure long term contracted rental income, primarily with upward only rent review clauses, presents lower risks than many other property portfolios.

This report was approved by the Board on *24 September 2014*



N Ekpo
Secretary

BLSSP (Cash Management) Limited

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS **for the year ended 31 March 2014**

The directors present their annual report on the affairs of the company, together with the financial statements and auditor's report for the year ended 31 March 2014.

Environment

The company recognises the importance of its environmental responsibilities, monitors its impact on the environment, and designs and implements policies to reduce any damage that might be caused by the company's activities. The company operates in accordance with best practice policies and initiatives designed to minimise the company's impact on the environment include safe disposal of manufacturing waste, recycling and reducing energy consumption.

Directors

The directors who served during the year and appointed subsequent to year end were:

P Bell-Brown (appointed 20 March 2014, resigned 04 July 2014)

M S Burke

S G Carter

D Clegg (appointed 04 July 2014)

A J V D Hoorn (resigned 09 August 2013)

R J Learmont (appointed 09 August 2013)

B Lewis

C S A Maudsley

V J Prior

N Sachdev (resigned 20 March 2014)

H Shah

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Subsequent events

Details of significant events since the balance sheet date, if any, are contained in note 15.

Going concern

The directors consider the company to be a going concern and the accounts are prepared on this basis. Details of this are shown in note 1 of the financial statements.

BLSSP (Cash Management) Limited

**REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS
for the year ended 31 March 2014**

Disclosure of information to Auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- (a) so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- (b) the director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Auditor

Deloitte LLP was the auditor of the company for the year ended 31 March 2014. Subsequent to the year end PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP was appointed auditor for the year ending 31 March 2015.

This report was approved by the Board on *24 September 2014*



N Ekpo
Secretary

BLSSP (Cash Management) Limited

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF
BLSSP (Cash Management) Limited
for the year ended 31 March 2014**

We have audited the financial statements of BLSSP (Cash Management) Limited for the year ended 31 March 2014 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 16. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2014 and of its nil profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

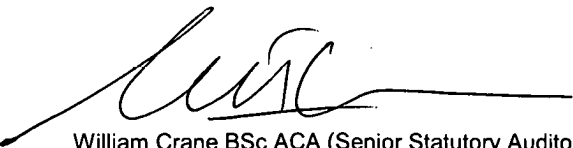
Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.


William Crane BSc ACA (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor
Cambridge, UK

29 September 2014

BLSSP (Cash Management) Limited**PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT
for the year ended 31 March 2014**

	Note	2014 £	2013 £
Turnover			
Rental income		-	-
Fees and commissions		-	-
Total turnover		<hr/>	<hr/>
Cost of sales		-	-
Gross profit		<hr/>	<hr/>
Administrative expenses		-	-
Write up of investments in subsidiaries		-	-
Operating profit		<hr/>	<hr/>
Profit on disposal of properties		-	-
Profit on disposal of investments		-	-
Group transfer of investments		-	-
Dividends receivable		-	-
Profit on ordinary activities before interest		<hr/>	<hr/>
Interest receivable			
Group		-	-
Associated companies		-	-
External - other		-	-
Interest payable			
Group		-	-
Associated companies		-	-
Amortisation of issue costs		-	-
External - bank overdrafts and loans		-	-
- other loans		-	-
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2	<hr/>	<hr/>
Taxation	4	-	-
Profit for the financial year	11	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

Turnover and results are derived from continuing operations within the United Kingdom. The company has only one significant class of business, that of to provide cash management services to the BLSSP Property Holdings Limited group companies in the United Kingdom.

BLSSP (Cash Management) Limited

**STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES
for the year ended 31 March 2014**

	2014	2013
	£	£
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation	-	-
Unrealised surplus (deficit) on revaluation of investment properties	-	-
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the financial year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

BLSSP (Cash Management) Limited**BALANCE SHEET
as at 31 March 2014**

	Note	2014 £	2013 £
Fixed assets			
Investment properties	5	-	-
Investments	6	-	-
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Current assets			
Debtors - due within one year	7	125,476	125,476
Cash and deposits		-	-
		<hr/>	<hr/>
		125,476	125,476
Creditors due within one year	8	-	-
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Net current assets (includes long term debtors)		125,476	125,476
Total assets less current liabilities		<hr/>	<hr/>
		125,476	125,476
Creditors due after one year	9	-	-
Net assets		<hr/>	<hr/>
		125,476	125,476
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10	1	1
Revaluation reserve	11	-	-
Profit and loss account	11	125,475	125,475
Shareholders' funds	11	<hr/>	<hr/>
		125,476	125,476

The financial statements of BLSSP (Cash Management) Limited, company number 4104050, were approved by the Board of Directors on *24 September* 2014 and signed on its behalf by:



K. SHAN

Director

BLSSP (Cash Management) Limited

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 31 March 2014

1. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted by the directors are summarised below. They have been applied consistently throughout the current and previous year.

These financial statements are designed to cover a wide variety of companies and circumstances. As a result some notes or some entries in the primary statements or the notes may not be relevant for this company and so may be left blank intentionally.

Accounting basis

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and Accounting Standards and under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of investment properties and other fixed asset investments.

Where the company has subsidiaries, it has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing consolidated financial statements afforded by Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 because it is a wholly owned subsidiary of another company. Group financial statements, which include the company, for BL Sainsbury Superstores Limited are publicly available (see note 16).

Basis of preparation

Having reviewed the company's forecast working capital and cash flow requirements, in addition to making enquiries and examining areas which could give risk to financial exposure, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue its operations for the foreseeable future. As a result they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the accounts.

Cash flow statement

The company is exempt under FRS 1 (Revised) from preparing a cash flow statement.

Properties

Properties are externally valued on an open market basis at the balance sheet date. Investment and development properties are recorded at valuation. Any surplus or deficit arising is transferred to revaluation reserve, unless a deficit is expected to be permanent, in which case it is charged to the profit and loss account. Disposals are recognised on completion or unconditional exchange of contracts: profit on disposal is determined as the difference between sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset at the commencement of the accounting period plus additions in the period.

In accordance with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice 19, no depreciation is provided in respect of investment property. The directors consider that this accounting policy, which represents a departure from the statutory accounting rules, is necessary to provide a true and fair view. The financial effect of the departure from these rules cannot reasonably be quantified as depreciation is only one of the many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount which might otherwise have been shown cannot be separately identified or quantified.

In determining whether leases and related properties represent operating or finance leases, consideration is given to whether the tenant or landlord bears the risks and rewards of ownership.

BLSSP (Cash Management) Limited

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 31 March 2014

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at the lower of cost and the underlying net asset value of the investments.

Taxation

Current tax is based on taxable profit for the year and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are not taxable (or tax deductible). In particular the group (including this company) became a REIT on 1 January 2007 where income and gains on qualifying assets are exempt from taxation. On 26 March 2008, the sale of 50% of the group to a non-REIT entity resulted in now only 50% of the income and gains on qualifying assets being exempt from taxation.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements. A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Net rental income

Rental income is recognised on an accruals basis. A rent adjustment based on open market estimated rental value is recognised from the rent review date in relation to unsettled rent reviews. Where a rent free period is included in a lease, the rental income foregone is allocated evenly over the period from the date of lease commencement to the next rent review date. Rental income from fixed and minimum guaranteed rent reviews is recognised on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the entire lease term or the period to the first break option. Where such rental income is recognised ahead of the related cash flow, an adjustment is made to ensure the carrying value of the related property including the accrued rent does not exceed the external valuation.

Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging a new lease are amortised on a straight-line basis over the period from the date of lease commencement to the next rent review date.

Where a lease incentive payment, including surrender premiums paid, does not enhance the value of a property, it is amortised on a straight-line basis over the period from the date of lease commencement to the next rent review date. Upon receipt of a surrender premium for the early determination of a lease, the profit, net of dilapidations and non-recoverable outgoings relating to the lease concerned is immediately reflected in income.

BLSSP (Cash Management) Limited**Notes to the accounts
for the year ended 31 March 2014****2. Profit on ordinary activities before taxation****Auditor's remuneration**

A notional charge of £1,688 (2013: £1,688) is deemed payable to Deloitte LLP in respect of the audit of the financial statements. Actual amounts payable to Deloitte LLP are paid by BL Sainsburys Superstores Limited.

No non-audit fees (2013 : £nil) were paid to Deloitte LLP.

3. Staff costs

No director received any remuneration for services to the company in either year.

Average number of employees, excluding directors, of the company during the year was nil (2013 : nil).

4. Taxation

	2014 £	2013 £
Current tax		
UK corporation tax	-	-
Adjustments in respect of prior years	-	-
Total current taxation charge (credit)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	-	-
Total deferred tax charge (credit)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total taxation charge (credit)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Tax reconciliation		
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Tax on profit on ordinary activities at UK corporation tax rate of 23% (2013: 24%)	-	-
Effects of:		
REIT conversion charge	-	-
REIT exempt income and gains	-	-
Capital allowances	-	-
Tax losses and other timing differences	-	-
(Income not taxable) expenses not deductible for tax purposes	-	-
Transfer pricing adjustments	-	-
Group relief (claimed) surrendered for nil consideration	-	-
Adjustments in respect of prior years	-	-
Current tax charge (credit)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

The Finance Act 2013, which provides for reductions in the main rate of corporation tax from 23% to 21% effective from 1 April 2014 and to 20% from 1 April 2015, was substantively enacted on 2 July 2013. These rate reductions have been reflected in the calculation of deferred tax at the balance sheet date.

BLSSP (Cash Management) Limited**Notes to the accounts
for the year ended 31 March 2014****5. Investment properties**

	Development £	Freehold £	Long leasehold £	Short leasehold £	Total £
At valuation					
1 April 2013	-	-	-	-	-
Additions	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
Revaluation surplus (deficit)	-	-	-	-	-
31 March 2014	-	-	-	-	-
Analysis of cost and valuation					
31 March 2014					
Cost	-	-	-	-	-
Revaluation	-	-	-	-	-
Net book value	-	-	-	-	-
1 April 2013					
Cost	-	-	-	-	-
Revaluation	-	-	-	-	-
Net book value	-	-	-	-	-

Properties were valued as at 31 March 2014 by Knight Frank LLP on the basis of Market Value, in accordance with the RICS Valuation – Professional Standards 2014, Ninth Edition, published by The Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors.

BLSSP (Cash Management) Limited**Notes to the accounts
for the year ended 31 March 2014****6. Investments**

	Shares in subsidiaries £	Other investments £	Total £
At cost or underlying net asset value of investment			
1 April 2013	-	-	-
Additions	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-
Provision written-back (written-down)	-	-	-
31 March 2014	-	-	-
Provision for underlying net asset change			
1 April 2013	-	-	-
Provision written-back (written-down)	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-
31 March 2014	-	-	-
At cost			
31 March 2014	-	-	-
1 April 2013	-	-	-

At 31 March 2014, the company holds 1 share of 25p each, being 0.0005% of the issued share capital in BL Superstores Finance PLC, a company engaged in the provision of finance services in the United Kingdom. The amount paid up at 31 March 2014 is £0.25 (2013: £0.25) and therefore does not appear in these financial statements.

BLSSP (Cash Management) Limited**Notes to the accounts
for the year ended 31 March 2014**

7. Debtors	2014	2013
	£	£
Current debtors (receivable within one year)		
Trade debtors	-	-
Amounts owed by group companies - current account with BLSSP (Lending) Limited	125,476	125,476
Amounts owed by associated companies - current accounts	-	-
Corporation tax	-	-
Other debtors	-	-
Prepayments and accrued income	-	-
VAT	-	-
	<u>125,476</u>	<u>125,476</u>

8. Creditors due within one year	2014	2013
	£	£
Trade creditors	-	-
Amounts owed to group companies - current accounts	-	-
Amounts owed to associated companies - current accounts	-	-
Corporation tax	-	-
Other taxation and social security	-	-
Other creditors	-	-
Accruals and deferred income	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

BLSSP (Cash Management) Limited

**Notes to the accounts
for the year ended 31 March 2014**

9. Creditors due after one year (including borrowings)

	2014	2013
	£	£
Long term loans - amounts owed to group companies	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

10. Share capital

	2014	2013
	£	£

Issued share capital - allotted, called up and fully paid

Ordinary Share of £1.00

Balance as at 1 April and as at 31 March : 1 share

<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
----------	----------

BLSSP (Cash Management) Limited

**Notes to the accounts
for the year ended 31 March 2014**

11. Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds and reserves

	Share capital	Revaluation reserve	Profit and loss account	Total
	£	£	£	£
Opening shareholders' funds	1	-	125,475	125,476
Profit for the financial year	-	-	-	-
Dividends	-	-	-	-
Shares allotted in the year	-	-	-	-
Unrealised surplus (deficit) on revaluation of investment properties	-	-	-	-
Realisation of prior year revaluations	-	-	-	-
Closing shareholders' funds	<u>1</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>125,475</u>	<u>125,476</u>

BLSSP (Cash Management) Limited

**Notes to the accounts
for the year ended 31 March 2014**

12. Capital commitments

The company had capital commitments contracted as at 31 March 2014 of £nil (2013 : £nil).

13. Contingent liabilities

The company is jointly and severally liable with BL Superstores (Funding) Limited and fellow subsidiaries for all monies falling due under the group VAT registration.

14. Related parties

Related party disclosures noted below are in respect of transactions between the company and its related parties as defined by Financial Reporting Standard 8.

15. Subsequent events

There have been no significant events since the year end.

16. Immediate parent and ultimate holding company

The immediate parent company is BLSSP Property Holdings Limited.

The ultimate holding company is BL Sainsbury Superstores Limited, a joint venture between Linestair Limited, which is a wholly owned subsidiary of The British Land Company PLC and Sainsbury Property Investments Limited, which is a wholly owned subsidiary of J Sainsbury plc.

BL Sainsbury Superstores Limited is the smallest and largest group for which group accounts are available and which include the company. The accounts of BL Sainsbury Superstores Limited can be obtained from The British Land Company PLC, York House, 45 Seymour Street, London W1H 7LX.