# Company Registration No. 04103205

.Big Yellow Self Storage (GP) Limited

**Report and Financial Statements** 

31 March 2010

COMPANIES HOUSE

# Report and financial statements 2010

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## Report and financial statements 2010

# Officers and professional advisers

### **Directors**

Nicholas Vetch Adrian Lee Benjamin Penaliggon Kaushik Shah (resigned 7 December 2009) Philip Barrett (appointed 7 December 2009)

### Secretary

Michael Cole

### Registered office

2 The Deans Bridge Road Bagshot Surrey GU19 5AT

### **Bankers**

The Royal Bank of Scotland plc 8<sup>th</sup> Floor 280 Bishopsgate London EC2M 4RB

### Solicitors

CMS Cameron McKenna Mitre House 160 Aldersgate Street London EC1A 4DD

### **Auditors**

Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants Reading

### Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2010

The directors have elected to prepare the financial statements for the company in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS")

### Principal activities and future prospects

The company is the General Partner of Big Yellow Limited Partnership ("the Partnership"), and has a 0 1% share in the Partnership

The directors are satisfied with the performance of the company in the year and are positive about the outlook of the business

#### Financial risk factors

Credit risk the company has no significant concentrations of credit risk. Cash and cash equivalents are held with reputable institutions

#### Going concern

The company's business activities and principal risks and uncertainties are detailed above Having considered these risks and the uncertainties in the current uncertain economic environment, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

### Results and dividends

The income statement is set out on page 7 of the financial statements. At 31 March 2010, the company was in a net assets position, consistent with the prior year. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend 2009 nil)

### **Directors**

The directors of the company who served throughout the year and to the date of this report are shown on page 1

### Directors' report (continued)

#### Auditors

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006

Deloitte LLP have expressed their willingness to be reappointed for another term and appropriate arrangements have been put in place for them to be reappointed as auditors in the absence of an Annual General Meeting

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

Michael Cole Secretary

10 June 2010

### Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union The financial statements are required by law to be properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union and the Companies Act 2006

International Accounting Standard 1 requires that financial statements present fairly for each financial year the company's financial position, financial performance and cash flows. This requires the faithful representation of the effects of transactions, other events and conditions in accordance with the definitions and recognition criteria for assets, liabilities, income and expenses set out in the International Accounting Standards Board's 'Framework for the preparation and presentation of financial statements'. In virtually all circumstances, a fair presentation will be achieved by compliance with all applicable IFRSs. However, directors are also required to

- properly select and apply accounting policies,
- present information, including accounting policies, in a manner that provides relevant, reliable, comparable and understandable information,
- provide additional disclosures when compliance with the specific requirements in IFRSs are insufficient to enable users to understand the impact of particular transactions, other events and conditions on the entity's financial position and financial performance, and
- make an assessment of the company's ability to continue as a going concern

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions

# Independent auditors' report to the members of .Big Yellow Self Storage (GP) Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Big Yellow Self Storage (GP) Limited for the year ended 31 March 2010 which comprise the income statement, the balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 11. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with sections 495 and 496 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As more fully explained in the Directors' Responsibilities Statements, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practice Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors

#### Scope of the audit of financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

### Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements.

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2010 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

#### Opinion on matters prescribed in the Companies Act 2006

• In our opinion the information in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

# Independent auditors' report to the members of Big Yellow Self Storage (GP) Limited (continued)

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Jason Davies

(Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

London, United Kingdom

LO June 201

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# Income statement Year ended 31 March 2010

	Note	2010 £	2009 £
Finance costs	4	(30)	(60)
Loss before taxation Taxation	3 5	(30)	(60)
Loss for the period (attributable to equity shareholders)	9	(30)	(60)

All recognised gains and losses in the current financial period are reflected in the income statement and are derived from continuing activities

# Balance sheet 31 March 2010

	Note	2010 £	2009 £
Non-current assets			
Investment in partnership	6a	75	75
Investment in subsidiaries	6b	2	2
		77	77
Current assets			
Amounts owed by Big Yellow Limited Partnership		31	-
Cash and cash equivalents		1,768	1,829
Total assets		1,876	1,906
Current liabilities			
Amounts owed to associated companies		(2)	(2)
Total liabilities		(2)	(2)
Net assets		1,874	1,904
Equity			
Called-up share capital	7	2,000	2,000
Reserves	9	(126)	(96)
Shareholders' funds		1,874	1,904

The financial statements of Big Yellow Self Storage (GP) Limited (registered number 04103205) were approved by the Board of Directors on 10 June 2010

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

Philip Barrett Director

# Statement of comprehensive income Year ended 31 March 2010

	2010 £	2009 £
Loss for the year	(30)	(60)
Total recognised income and expense for the period attributable to equity shareholders	(30)	(60)

# Cash flow statement Year ended 31 March 2010

	2010 £	2009 £
Operating profit Increase in receivables	(31)	-
Cash generated from operations	(31)	-
Interest paid	(30)	(60)
Cash flows from operating activities	(61)	(60)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(61)	(60)
Opening cash and cash equivalents	1,829	1,889
Closing cash and cash equivalents	1,768	1,829

### Notes to the financial statements Vear ended 31 March 2010

### 1. General information

Big Yellow Self Storage (GP) Limited is a company incorporated in Great Britain under the Companies Act 2006. The address of the registered office is given on page 1.

These financial statements are presented in pounds sterling because that is the currency of the economic environment in which the company operates

### 2. Significant accounting policies

#### Basis of accounting

The annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) adopted for use in the European Union and therefore comply with Article 4 of the EU IAS Regulation and with those parts of the Companies Act 2006 that are applicable to companies reporting under IFRS

The company has applied all accounting standards and interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and International Financial Reporting Interpretation Committee as adopted by the EU relevant to its operations and effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2005. Accounting standards and interpretations in issue at that date of authorisation of the financial statements but not yet effective are not expected to have a material impact on the financial statements of the company.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historic cost basis

### Going concern

The company's business activities and principal risks and uncertainties are detailed in the directors' report Liquidity is managed at group level using long term group bank facilities. Having considered these risks and the uncertainties in the current economic environment, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

### Investment in Partnership

The investment in the Partnership is initially recorded at cost. To the extent that the investment value has been permanently diminished, this will be recorded against the cost of investment.

### Investment in subsidiaries

These are recognised at cost less provision for any impairment

#### Finance costs

All finance costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred

### Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year Taxable profit differs from the net profit as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

### Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 March 2010

### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

### Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary differences arise from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the company is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the income statement, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

### Impairment of assets

At each balance sheet date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any)

#### Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements under IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that may affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Actual outcomes may therefore differ from these estimates and assumptions. There are no estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

### Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the Company's balance sheet when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument

### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash and short term deposits. The carrying amounts of these assets approximates to the fair value

### 3. Loss before taxation

The auditors' remuneration for the audit of the company's accounts was £1,000 (2009 £1,000) The auditors' remuneration was borne by Big Yellow Group PLC

# Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 March 2010

4.	Finance costs		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Other interest payable	30	60
5.	Taxation		
	A reconciliation of the tax charge is shown below		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Loss before tax	(30)	(60)
	Tax charge at 28% (2009 28%) thereon	8	17
	Effects of Group relief surrendered	(8)	(17)
	Total tax charge	<u>-</u>	
6	Investments		
	6a Investment in Partnership		
	Cost and net book value At 1 April 2009 and 31 March 2010		£ 75
	The investment is in Big Yellow Limited Partnership, and was paid by the company	as a capital coi	ntribution
	6b Investment in Subsidiaries	-	
	Cost and net book value At 1 April 2009 and 31 March 2010		2
	The investment balance represents a £1 investment in Big Yellow Nominee No 1 Li in Big Yellow Nominee No 2 Limited, both companies are incorporated in the Company owns 100% of the voting interest and power in both of these companies both companies is to act as nominee companies on behalf of Big Yellow Limited Par	e United King The principa	gdom The
7.	Called up share capital		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Authorised. 2,000 ordinary shares of £1 each (2009 2,000	~	•
	ordinary shares of £1 each)	2,000	2,000

### Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 March 2010

### Called up, allotted and fully paid:

2,000 ordinary shares of £1 each (2009 2,000 ordinary shares of £1)

2,000

2,000

### 8 Related party transactions

The Company has a 0.1% interest in Big Yellow Limited Partnership, and acts as the General Partner to the Partnership. There were no related party transactions in the prior year.

### 9. Reserves

£

At 1 April 2008 and 1 April 2009 Loss for the year (96) (30)

At 31 March 2010

(126)

#### 10. Financial instruments

The Company has no liabilities other than the balance owed to associated companies which is carried at amortised cost, and the Board is satisfied with the capital position of the Company The cash and cash equivalents are stated at fair value

The fair value of the investment in Partnership cannot be measured reliably as the investment does not have a quoted market price and is not traded in an active market. The Company has no intention of disposing of its interest in the Partnership

### 11. Ultimate parent company and controlling party

In the opinion of the Directors, Big Yellow Self Storage (GP) Limited is jointly controlled by Big Yellow Self Storage Company Limited and Pramerica Bell (Jersey) 2 Limited The ultimate parent of Big Yellow Self Storage Company Limited is Big Yellow Group PLC, incorporated in the United Kingdom The ultimate parent of Pramerica Bell (Jersey) 2 Limited is Pramerica Property Partners Fund (UK) L P an English Limited Partnership managed by Pramerica Investment Management Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Prudential Financial Inc

The accounts for the ultimate parent company Big Yellow Group PLC can be obtained from Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff CF14 3UX The accounts for the ultimate parent company Pramerica Property Partners Fund (UK) LP are not available