Company registration number: 4074962

Nameco (No. 508) Limited

Report and financial statements 31 December 2011

WEDNESDAY



LD6 12/09/2012 COMPANIES HOUSE

#63

Contents:

Company information	2
Report of the directors	3
Report of the auditors	7
Profit and loss account - technical account	8
Profit and loss account - non-technical account	9
Balance sheet	10
Cash flow statement	12
Accounting policies	13
Notes to the financial statements	12

Company information

Directors

J R H Evans Nomina Plc B Allen

Company Secretary

Hampden Legal Plc

Registered Office

85, Gracechurch Street

London EC3V 0AA

Auditors

Littlejohn LLP Statutory Auditor 1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf

London E14 4HD

Solicitors

Jones Day

21, Tudor Street

London EC4Y 0DJ

Report of the Directors

The Directors submit their Report together with the Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2011

Principal Activities, Business Review and Future Developments

The principal activity of the Company is that of trading as a Lloyd's corporate capital member. The Company continues to trade in 2012 and the Directors expect this year's result to be profitable.

The financial statements incorporate the annual accounting results of the syndicates on which the Company participates for the 2009, 2010 and 2011 years of account, as well as any prior run-off years The 2009 year closed at 31 December 2011 with a result of £99,112 (2008 £58,576) The 2010 and 2011 open underwriting accounts will normally close at 31 December 2012 and 2013

Results and Dividends

The results for the year are set out on pages 8 to 9 of the Financial Statements Dividends totalling £- were paid in the year (2010 £75,000)

Key Performance Indicators

The directors monitor the performance of the Company by reference to the following key performance indicators

	2011	2010
Capacity (youngest underwriting year)	1,112,225	820,299
Gross premium written as a % of capacity	87 6%	89 2%
Underwriting profit of latest closed year		
as a % of capacity	19 3%	10 5%
Run-off years of account movement	(1,540)	3,228

Other Performance Indicators

As a result of the nature of this Company as a Lloyd's Corporate Member the majority of its activities are carried out by the syndicates in which it participates. The Company is not involved directly in the management of the syndicate's activities, including employment of syndicate staff, as these are the responsibility of the relevant Managing Agent. Each Managing Agent will also have responsibility for the environmental activities of each syndicate, although by their nature insurers do not produce significant environmental emissions. As a result, the Directors of the Company do not consider it appropriate to monitor and report any performance indicators in relation to staff or environmental matters.

Risk Management

As a corporate member of Lloyd's the majority of the risks to this Company's future cash flows arise from its participation in the results of Lloyd's syndicates. As detailed below, these risks are mostly managed by the Managing Agent of the syndicate. This Company's role in managing this risk is limited to selection of syndicate participations and monitoring performance of the syndicates.

Report of the Directors (continued)

Syndicate Risks

The syndicate's activities expose it to a variety of financial and non-financial risks. The Managing Agent is responsible for managing the syndicate's exposure to these risks and, where possible, introducing controls and procedures that mitigate the effects of the exposure to risk. Each year, the Managing Agent prepares an Individual Capital Assessment (ICA) for the syndicate, the purpose of this being to agree capital requirements with Lloyd's based on an agreed assessment of the risks impacting the syndicate's business, and the measures in place to manage and mitigate those risks from a quantitative and qualitative perspective. The risks described below are typically reflected in the ICA, and typically the majority of the total assessed value of the risks concerned is attributable to Insurance Risk

The insurance risks faced by a syndicate include the occurrence of catastrophic events, downward pressure on pricing of risks, reductions in business volumes and the risk of inadequate reserving. Reinsurance risks arise from the risk that a reinsurer fails to meet their share of a claim. The management of the syndicate's funds is exposed to risks of investment, liquidity, currency and interest rates leading to financial loss. The syndicate is also exposed to regulatory and operational risks including its ability to continue to trade. However, supervision by Lloyd's and the Financial Services Authority provide additional controls over the syndicate's management of risks.

The Company manages the risks faced by the syndicates on which it participates by monitoring the performance of the syndicates it supports. This commences in advance of committing to support a syndicate for the following year, with a review of the business plan prepared for each syndicate by its Managing Agent. In addition quarterly reports and annual accounts together with any other information made available by the Managing Agent are monitored and if necessary enquired into. If the Company considers that the risks being run by the syndicate are excessive it will seek confirmation from the Managing Agent that adequate management of the risk is in place and if considered appropriate will withdraw support from the next underwriting year. The company relies on advice provided by the Members' Agent which acts for it, who are specialists in assessing the performance and risk profiles of syndicates.

Investment and Currency Risks

The other significant risks faced by the Company are with regard to the investment of the available funds within its own custody. The elements of these risks are investment risk, liquidity risk, currency risk and interest rate risk. The main liquidity risk would arise if a syndicate had inadequate liquid resources for a large claim and sought funds from the company to meet the claim. In order to minimise investment, credit and liquidity risk the Company's funds are invested in readily realisable short term cash deposits.

Regulatory Risks

The Company is subject to continuing approval by Lloyd's and the Financial Services Authority to be a member of a Lloyd's syndicate. The risk of this approval being removed is mitigated by monitoring and fully complying with all requirements in relation to membership of Lloyd's. The capital requirements to support the proposed amount of syndicate capacity for future years are subject to the requirements of Lloyd's. A variety of factors are taken into account by Lloyd's in setting these requirements including market conditions and syndicate performance and although the process is intended to be fair and reasonable the requirements can fluctuate from one year to the next, which may constrain the volume of underwriting the Company is able to support

Report of the Directors (continued)

Operational Risks

As there are relatively few transactions actually undertaken by the Company there are only limited systems and staffing requirements of the Company and therefore operational risks are not considered to be significant. Close involvement of all directors in the Company's key decision making and the fact that the majority of the Company's operations are conducted by syndicates provides control over any remaining operational risks.

Directors

The Directors who served at any time during the year were as follows

J R H Evans Nomina Plc B Allen

Directors' Responsibilities

Company law requires the Directors to prepare Financial Statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that year, in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK and Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) In preparing those Financial Statements the Directors are required to

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the Financial Statements
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the Financial Statements comply with the Companies Act. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities. The Directors are responsible for ensuring that the Report of the Directors is prepared in accordance with company law in the United Kingdom.

Auditors

Littlejohn LLP has signified its willingness to continue in office as auditors

Report of the Directors (continued)

Rusda Cesal ple

In the case of each of the persons who are Directors at the time this report is approved, the following applies:

- (a) So far as the Directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- (b) They have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a Director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

Approved by the Board on 9 August 2012 and signed on its behalf by

Hampden Legal Plc

Secretary

Report of the Auditors

Independent Auditor's report to the members of Nameco (No. 508) Limited

We have audited the Financial Statements of Nameco (No 508) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2011 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement, the Accounting Policies and the related notes—The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone, other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the Financial Statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the Financial Statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the Financial Statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the Financial Statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances, and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Directors, and the overall presentation of the Financial Statements

Opinion on Financial Statements

In our opinion the Financial Statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2011 and of its result for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the Financial Statements are prepared is consistent with the Financial Statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the Financial Statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Carmine Papa (Senior statutory auditor) For and on behalf of Littlejohn LLP Statutory auditor

Curic popr

9 August 2012

1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf London E14 4HD

Profit and loss account Technical account – general business for the year ended 31 December 2011

	Note		2011 £		2010 £
Premiums Written Gross premiums written Outward reinsurance premiums	l		974,011 (183,293)		731,393 (135,491)
Net Premiums Written			790,718		595,902
Change in the provision for Unearned premiums Gross Provision Reinsurers' share			(96,276) 15,466		(57,792) 6,115
Earned Premiums, Net of Reinsurance Allocated Investment Return Transferred from the Non- Technical Account			709,908		544,225
Other technical income, net of reinsurance			-		344
Claims Paid Gross Amount Reinsurers' share	_	(383,772) 63,287		(356,595) 59,468	
Net claims paid	_	(320,485)		(297,127)	
Change in Provision for Claims Gross amount Reinsurers' share	_	(233,492) 81,073		(65,205) 692	
Change in net provision for claims	_	(152,419)		(64,513)	
Claims Incurred, Net of Reinsurance			(472,904)		(361,640)
Changes in other technical provisions, net of reinsurance Net operating expenses Other technical charges, net of reinsurance	3		- (266,177) -		- (192,712) -
Balance on the Technical Account for General Business			(12,658)		12,362

Profit and loss account Non - technical account for the year ended 31 December 2011

	Note	2011 £	2010 £
Balance on Technical Account for General Business		(12,658)	12,362
Investment income	4	28,206	38,805
Unrealised gains on investments		12,475	7,711
Investment expenses and charges	5	(8,089)	(14,725)
Unrealised losses on investments		(15,968)	(9,483)
Allocated investment return transferred to the general business			
technical account		(16,515)	(22,145)
Other income		.	`
Other charges		(34,421)	(11,773)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	6	(46,965)	752
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	7	9,448	(558)
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	14	(37,517)	194

All amounts relate to continuing operations

The company had no recognised gains and losses in the year other than the result above

Balance sheet as at 31 December 2011

		31 E	ecember 20	11	31 D	ecember 201	0
	Note	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £
Assets							
Intangible assets	9	-	156,823	156,823	-	118,201	118,201
Investments Financial investments Deposits with ceding	10	837,311	-	837 311	762,988	-	762,988
undertakings		569	-	569	440	-	440
		837,880	-	837,880	763,428	-	763,428
Reinsurers' share of technical provisions						-	
Provision for unearned		53,771	-	53,771	37,949	-	37,949
premiums Claims outstanding Other technical provisions		295,187	-	295,187	223,797	- -	223,797
		348,958	-	348,958	261,746	-	261,746
Debtors Arising out of direct insurance operations		208,984	-	208,984	197,374	-	197,374
Arising out of reinsurance operations Other debtors	11	138,639 99,155	54 140	138,639 153,295	100,282 98,253	19,252	100,282 117,505
		446,778	54,140	500 918	395,909	19,252	415,161
Other assets Cash at bank and in hand Other		47 207 93 213	57,303 -	104,510 93 213	64,616 79,337	122,027	186,643 79 337
		140,420	57,303	197,723	143,953	122,027	265,980
Prepayments and accrued income							
Accrued interest Deferred acquisitions costs Other prepayments and accrued income		1,817 91,513 6 093	- - -	1 817 91,513 6,093	1,834 71,101 3,106	- - -	1,834 71 101 3,106
		99,423	-	99,423	76 041	-	76 041
Total assets		1 873 459	268,266	2,141,725	1,641,077	259,480	1 900 557

Balance sheet as at 31 December 2011

		31 December 2011		31 I	December 20	10	
	Note _	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £
Liabilities and shareholders' funds							
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Share premium account	12	-	1	1	-	1	1
Profit and loss account	13	18,873	193,624	212 497	77,664	172,350	250,014
Shareholders' funds – attributable to equity interests	14	18,873	193,625	212,498	77,664	172,351	250,015
Technical provisions Provision for unearned premiums		403 213	-	403,213	306,189	-	306,189
Claims outstanding – gross amount Other technical provisions		1,263 285	-	1,263,285	1,050,768	- -	1,050,768
Provisions for other risks and charges Deferred taxation Other	15	:	10,589	10,589	į.	22,127	22 127
Deposit received from reinsurers		275	-	275	411	-	411
Creditors Arising out of direct insurance operations		37,594	-	37,594	56,414	-	56,414
Arising out of reinsurance operations Amounts owed to credit		89,322	-	89,322	74,154	-	74,154
Institutions Other creditors including		-	-	-	-	-	-
taxation and social security	16	85 201	12,665	97,866	90,392	28,194	118,586
	_	1,878,890	23,254	1,902,144	1,578,328	50 321	1,628,649
Accruals and deferred income	_	(24,304)	51,387	27,083	(14,915)	36,808	21,893
Total liabilities	_	1,873 459	268 266	2,141,725	1,641,077	259,480	1,900,557

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 9 August 2012 and signed on its behalf by

Director NOMINA PLC

None 14

Company registration number 4074962

Cash flow statement for the year ended 31 December 2011

	Note	2011 £	2010 £
Operating activities Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	17	15,302	124,124
Returns on investments and servicing of finance		-	-
Capital expenditure Purchase of syndicate capacity Proceeds from sale of syndicate capacity		(63,770) 1	(88,630) (2)
Taxation Corporation and overseas taxes (paid)/refunded		(16,257)	(32,180)
Equity dividends paid		-	(75,000)
Financing Issue of shares Share issue expenses		- -	- -
Net cash inflow/(outflow) for the year	17 _	(64,724)	(71,688)
Cash flows were invested as follows:			
Increase/(decrease) in cash holdings Purchase of financial investments Sale of financial investments	17	(64,724) - -	(71,688) - -
Net investment of cash flows	_	(64,724)	(71,688)

The Company has no control over the disposition of assets and liabilities at Lloyd's Consequently, the cash flow statement is prepared reflecting only the movement in corporate funds, which includes transfers to and from the syndicates at Lloyd's

Accounting Policies for the year ended 31 December 2011

Basis of Preparation

The Financial Statements are prepared under the historical cost basis of accounting modified to include the revaluation of investments and comply with applicable Accounting Standards

The Company participates in insurance business as an underwriting member of various syndicates at Lloyd's

The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with Section 396(3) of the Companies Act 2006, Schedule 3 of the Large and Medium sized Companies and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 and the recommendations of the Statement of Recommended Practice on Accounting for Insurance Business issued by the Association of British Insurers in December 2005, as amended in December 2006, except that exchange differences arising on syndicate assets and liabilities are dealt with in the technical account as all of these differences arise from technical account transactions

Accounting information in respect of the syndicate participations has been provided by the Syndicate's managing agent and has been reported upon by the syndicate auditors

Going Concern

The company participates as an underwriting member of Lloyd's Its underwriting is supported by Funds at Lloyd's either made available by the company directly or by its members. The Directors are of the opinion that the company has adequate resources to meet its underwriting and other operational obligations for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the going concern concept has been adopted in preparation of the financial statements.

Basis of Accounting

The Financial Statements are prepared using the annual basis of accounting. Under the annual basis of accounting a result is determined at the end of each accounting period reflecting the profit or loss from providing insurance coverage during that period and any adjustments to the profit or loss of providing insurance cover during earlier accounting periods

Amounts reported in the general business technical account relate to movements in the period in respect of all relevant years of account of the syndicates on which the Company participates

Assets and liabilities arising as a result of the underwriting activities are mainly controlled by the syndicates' managing agents. Accordingly, these assets and liabilities have been shown separately in the balance sheet as "Syndicate Participation". Other assets and liabilities are shown as "Corporate". The syndicate assets are held subject to trust deeds for the benefit of the syndicates' insurance creditors.

The information included in these Financial Statements in respect of the syndicates has been supplied by Managing Agents based upon the various accounting policies they have adopted. The following describes the policies they have adopted.

Accounting Policies for the year ended 31 December 2011

General Business

ı Premiums

Premiums written comprise the total premiums receivable in respect of business incepted during the year, together with any differences between booked premiums for prior years and those previously accrued, and include estimates of premiums due but not yet receivable or notified to the syndicates on which the Company participates, less an allowance for cancellations. All premiums are shown gross of commission payable to intermediaries and exclude taxes and duties levied on them

11 Unearned Premiums

Written premium is earned according to the risk profile of the policy. Unearned premiums represent the proportion of premiums written in the year that relate to unexpired terms of policies in force at the Balance Sheet date, calculated on a time apportionment basis having regard where appropriate, to the incidence of risk. The specific basis adopted by each syndicate is determined by the relevant Managing Agent.

III Deferred Acquisition Costs

Acquisition costs, which represent commission and other related expenses, are deferred over the period in which the related premiums are earned

iv Reinsurance Premiums

Reinsurance premium costs are allocated by the Managing Agent of each syndicate to reflect the protection arranged in respect of the business written and earned

v Claims Incurred and Reinsurers' Share

Claims incurred comprise claims and settlement expenses (both internal and external) occurring in the year and changes in the provisions for outstanding claims, including provisions for claims incurred but not reported and settlement expenses, together with any other adjustments to claims from previous years. Where applicable, deductions are made for salvage and other recoveries

The provision for claims outstanding comprises amounts set aside for claims notified and claims incurred but not yet reported (IBNR). The amount included in respect of IBNR is based on statistical techniques of estimation applied by each syndicate's in house reserving team and reviewed by external consulting actuaries. These techniques generally involve projecting from past experience the development of claims over time to form a view of the likely ultimate claims to be experienced for more recent underwriting, having regard to variations in the business accepted and the underlying terms and conditions. The provision for claims also includes amounts in respect of internal and external claims handling costs. For the most recent years, where a high degree of volatility arises from projections, estimates may be based in part on output from rating and other models of the business accepted and assessments of underwriting conditions.

The reinsurers' share of provisions for claims is based on calculated amounts of outstanding claims and projections for IBNR, net of estimated irrecoverable amounts, having regard to each syndicate's reinsurance programme in place for the class of business, the claims experience for the year and the current security rating of the reinsurance companies involved. Each syndicate uses a number of statistical techniques to assist in making these estimates

Accordingly the two most critical assumptions made by each syndicates Managing Agent as regards claims provisions are that the past is a reasonable predictor of the likely level of claims development and that the rating and other models used including pricing models for recent business are reasonable indicators of the likely level of ultimate claims to be incurred

Accounting Policies for the year ended 31 December 2011

The level of uncertainty with regard to the estimations within these provisions generally decreases with time since the underlying contracts were exposed to new risks. In addition the nature of short tail claims such as property where claims are typically notified and settled within a short period of time will normally have less uncertainty after a few years than long tail risks such as some liability business where it may be several years before claims are fully advised and settled. In addition to these factors if there are disputes regarding coverage under policies or changes in the relevant law regarding a claim this may increase the uncertainty in the estimation of the outcomes.

The assessment of these provisions is usually the most subjective aspect of an insurer's accounts and may result in greater uncertainty within an insurer's accounts than within those of many other businesses. The provisions for gross claims and related reinsurance recoveries have been assessed on the basis of the information currently available to the directors of each syndicate's managing agent. However, ultimate liability will vary as a result of subsequent information and events and this may result in significant adjustments to the amounts provided. Adjustments to the amounts of claims provisions established in prior years are reflected in the financial statements for the period in which the adjustments are made. The provisions are not discounted for the investment earnings that may be expected to arise in the future on the funds retained to meet the future liabilities. The methods used, and the estimates made, are reviewed regularly

vi Unexpired Risks Provision

Provisions for unexpired risks are made where the costs of outstanding claims, related expenses and deferred acquisition costs are expected to exceed the unearned premium provision carried forward at the balance sheet date. The provision for unexpired risks is calculated separately by reference to classes of business which are managed together, after taking into account relevant investment return. The provision is made on a syndicate by syndicate basis by the relevant Managing Agent.

VII Closed Years of Account

At the end of the third year, the underwriting account is normally closed by reinsurance into the following year of account. The amount of the reinsurance to close premium payable is determined by the managing agent, generally by estimating the cost of claims notified but not settled at 31 December, together with the estimated cost of claims incurred but not reported at that date, and an estimate of future claims handling costs.

Any subsequent variation in the ultimate liabilities of the closed year of account is borne by the underwriting year into which it is reinsured

The payment of a reinsurance to close premium does not eliminate the liability of the closed year for outstanding claims. If the reinsuring syndicate was unable to meet its obligations, and the other elements of Lloyd's chain of security were to fail, then the closed underwriting account would have to settle outstanding claims

The Directors consider that the likelihood of such a failure of the reinsurance to close is extremely remote, and consequently the reinsurance to close has been deemed to settle the liabilities outstanding at the closure of an underwriting account. The Company has included its share of the reinsurance to close premiums payable as technical provisions at the end of the current period, and no further provision is made for any potential variation in the ultimate liability of that year of account.

VIII Run-off Years of Account

Where an underwriting year of account is not closed at the end of the third year (a "run-off" year of account) a provision is made for the estimated cost of all known and unknown outstanding liabilities of that year. The provision is determined initially by the managing agent on a similar basis to the reinsurance to close. However, any subsequent variation in the ultimate liabilities for that year remains with the corporate member participating therein. As a result any run-off year will continue to report movements in its results after the third year until such time as it secures a reinsurance to close.

Accounting Policies for the year ended 31 December 2011

1X Net Operating Expenses (including Acquisition Costs)

Net operating costs include acquisition costs, profit and loss on exchange and other amounts incurred by the syndicates on which the Company participates

Acquisition costs, comprising commission and other costs related to the acquisition of new insurance contracts, are deferred to the extent that they are attributable to premiums unearned at the Balance Sheet date

x Distribution of Profits and Collection of Losses

Lloyd's operates a detailed set of regulations regarding solvency and the distribution of profits and payment of losses between syndicates and their members. Lloyd's continues to require membership of syndicates to be on an underwriting year of account basis and profits and losses belong to members according to their membership of a year of account. Normally profits and losses are transferred between the syndicate and members after results for a year of account are finalised after 36 months. This period may be extended if a year of account goes into run-off. The syndicate may make earlier on account distributions or cash calls according to the cash flow of a particular year of account and subject to Lloyd's requirements.

xi Investments

Investments are stated at current value, including accrued interest at the Balance Sheet date

xii Investment Return

Investment return comprises all investment income, realised investment gains and losses and movements in unrealised gains and losses, net of investment expenses and charges

Realised and unrealised gains and losses are measured by reference to the original cost of the investment if purchased in the year, or if held at the beginning of the year by reference to the current value at that date

Investment return is initially recorded in the non-technical account. A transfer is made from the non-technical account to the general business technical account to reflect the investment return on funds supporting the underwriting business.

xiii Basis of Currency Translation

Syndicates maintain separate funds in Sterling, United States dollars, Canadian dollars and Euros

Income and expenditure in US dollars, Canadian dollars and Euros is translated at the average rate of exchange for the year. Underwriting transactions denominated in other foreign currencies are included at the rate of exchange ruling at the date the transaction is processed.

Assets and liabilities are translated into Sterling at the rates of exchange at the Balance Sheet date

Differences arising on translation of foreign currency amounts in syndicates are included in the technical account

xiv Debtors/Creditors Arising from Insurance/Reinsurance Operations

The amounts shown in the Balance Sheet include the totals of all the Syndicates outstanding debit and credit transactions as processed by the Lloyd's central facility, no account has been taken of any offsets which may be applicable in calculating the net amounts due between the Syndicates and each of their counterparty insureds, reinsurers or intermediaries as appropriate

Accounting Policies for the year ended 31 December 2011

Taxation

The Company is taxed on its results including its share of underwriting results declared by the syndicates and these are deemed to accrue evenly over the calendar year in which they are declared. The syndicate results included in these Financial Statements are only declared for tax purposes in the calendar year following the normal closure of the year of account. No provision is made for corporation tax in relation to open years of account. However, full provision is made for deferred tax on underwriting results not subject to current corporation tax.

HM Revenue & Customs agrees the taxable results of the syndicates at a syndicate level on the basis of computations submitted by the managing agent. At the date of the approval of these Financial Statements the syndicate taxable results of years of account closed at this and at previous year ends may not have been fully agreed with HM Revenue & Customs. Any adjustments that may be necessary to the tax provisions established by the Company, as a result of HM Revenue & Customs agreement of syndicate results, will be reflected in the Financial Statements of subsequent periods.

Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the Balance Sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered

Deferred tax assets and liabilities have not been discounted

Intangible Assets

Costs incurred by the Company in the Corporation of Lloyd's auctions in order to acquire rights to participate on syndicates' underwriting years are included within intangible fixed assets and amortised over a 5 year period beginning in the year following the purchase of the syndicate participation

Cash Flow Statement

The Company has no control over the disposition of assets and habilities at Lloyd's Consequently, the Cash Flow Statement is prepared reflecting only the movement in corporate funds, which includes transfers to and from syndicates at Lloyd's

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2011

	Gross	Gross	Gross	Net		
	Written	Premiums	Claims	Operating	Remsurance	
2011	Premiums	Earned	Incurred	Expenses	Balance	Total
2011	£	£arneg	£	£	falance £	£
Direct Insurance	£	I.	æ	£	£	ı.
Accident and health	36,177	30 201	(16 530)	(12,534)	(608)	529
Motor – third party liability	3,816	3,532	(1,857)	(1,195)	(201)	279
Motor – other classes	106,731	99,942	(81,343)	(35,754)	8,179	(8,976)
Marine, aviation and transport	149,494	131,193	(62,895)	(39,728)	(7,716)	20 854
Fire and other damage to property	210,855	183,500	(109,917)	(62 515)	(21,484)	(10,416)
Third party liability	177,996	153 902	(67,462)	(58 470)	(9,450)	18,520
Credit and suretyship	18,436	14 538	(7,069)	(3 256)	(1,745)	2,468
Legal expenses	2,283	1,655	(575)	(1,020)	(42)	18
Assistance	2,203	1,055	(373)	(1,020)	(42)	
Miscellaneous	4,567	4,203	(1,952)	(2,821)	(37)	(607)
TVISCEITATICOUS			(1,702)	(2,021)		
Total direct	710,355	622,666	(349,600)	(217,293)	(33 104)	22 669
Reinsurance	263,656	255,069	(267,664)	(48 884)	9,63 7	(51,842)
Total	974,011	877,735	(617,264)	(266,177)	(23,467)	(29,173)
2010						
2010 Direct Insurance						
	26 109	24,407	(10,419)	(10 859)	(1 300)	1,829
Direct Insurance	26 109 3,905	24,407 2 668	(10,419) (1 881)	(10 859) (878)	(1 300) (34)	
Direct Insurance Accident and health	3,905 88,782				(34) (3,208)	(125)
Direct Insurance Accident and health Motor – third party hability Motor – other classes Marine, aviation and transport	3,905 88,782 97,611	2 668 80,688 91,133	(1 881) (121,726) (42,172)	(878) (26,893) (25,453)	(34) (3,208) (7,461)	(125) (71,139) 16,047
Direct Insurance Accident and health Motor – third party hability Motor – other classes	3,905 88,782	2 668 80,688	(1 881) (121,726)	(878) (26,893)	(34) (3,208)	(125) (71,139) 16,047
Direct Insurance Accident and health Motor – third party liability Motor – other classes Marine, aviation and transport Fire and other damage to property Third party liability	3,905 88,782 97,611	2 668 80,688 91,133	(1 881) (121,726) (42,172)	(878) (26,893) (25,453)	(34) (3,208) (7,461) (19,871) (598)	(125) (71,139) 16,047 584 23 681
Direct Insurance Accident and health Motor – third party liability Motor – other classes Marine, aviation and transport Fire and other damage to property Third party liability Credit and suretyship	3,905 88,782 97,611 150,208	2 668 80,688 91,133 140,159	(1 881) (121,726) (42,172) (73 065)	(878) (26,893) (25,453) (46,639)	(34) (3,208) (7,461) (19,871)	(125) (71,139) 16,047 584 23 681
Direct Insurance Accident and health Motor – third party liability Motor – other classes Marine, aviation and transport Fire and other damage to property Third party liability	3,905 88,782 97,611 150,208 140,016	2 668 80,688 91,133 140,159 122,934	(1 881) (121,726) (42,172) (73 065) (63,475)	(878) (26,893) (25,453) (46,639) (35,180)	(34) (3,208) (7,461) (19,871) (598)	(125) (71,139) 16,047 584 23 681 2,255
Direct Insurance Accident and health Motor – third party liability Motor – other classes Marine, aviation and transport Fire and other damage to property Third party liability Credit and suretyship	3,905 88,782 97,611 150,208 140,016 20 916	2 668 80,688 91,133 140,159 122,934 14 261	(1 881) (121,726) (42,172) (73 065) (63,475) (5 149)	(878) (26,893) (25,453) (46,639) (35,180) (4,359)	(34) (3,208) (7,461) (19,871) (598) (2,498)	(125) (71,139) 16,047 584 23 681 2,255
Direct Insurance Accident and health Motor – third party liability Motor – other classes Marine, aviation and transport Fire and other damage to property Third party liability Credit and suretyship Legal expenses	3,905 88,782 97,611 150,208 140,016 20 916	2 668 80,688 91,133 140,159 122,934 14 261	(1 881) (121,726) (42,172) (73 065) (63,475) (5 149)	(878) (26,893) (25,453) (46,639) (35,180) (4,359)	(34) (3,208) (7,461) (19,871) (598) (2,498)	(125 (71,139 16,047 584 23 681 2,253
Direct Insurance Accident and health Motor – third party hability Motor – other classes Marine, aviation and transport Fire and other damage to property Third party hability Credit and suretyship Legal expenses Assistance Miscellaneous Total direct	3,905 88,782 97,611 150,208 140,016 20 916 2 131 - 2,914	2 668 80,688 91,133 140,159 122,934 14 261 1 318 - 3,224	(1 881) (121,726) (42,172) (73 065) (63,475) (5 149) (771) (1,654)	(878) (26,893) (25,453) (46,639) (35,180) (4,359) (486) (1,703)	(34) (3,208) (7,461) (19,871) (598) (2,498) (50) 	1,829 (125) (71,139) 16,047 584 23 681 2,255 11 (110)
Direct Insurance Accident and health Motor – third party hability Motor – other classes Marine, aviation and transport Fire and other damage to property Third party hability Credit and suretyship Legal expenses Assistance Miscellaneous	3,905 88,782 97,611 150,208 140,016 20 916 2 131 - 2,914	2 668 80,688 91,133 140,159 122,934 14 261 1 318	(1 881) (121,726) (42,172) (73 065) (63,475) (5 149) (771) (1,654)	(878) (26,893) (25,453) (46,639) (35,180) (4,359) (486)	(34) (3,208) (7,461) (19,871) (598) (2,498) (50)	(125) (71,139) 16,047 584 23 681 2,255 11

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2011

2.	Geographical Analysis	2011	2010
		£	£
	Direct Gross Premium Written in:		
	United Kingdom	646,243	497,343
	Other EU Member States	4,693	6,074
	Rest of the World	59,419	29,175
		710,355	532,592
3.	Net Operating Expenses	2011	2010
-	1 8 1	£	£
	Acquisition costs	211,281	149,540
	Change in deferred acquisition costs	(23,124)	(13,310)
	Administrative expenses	78,687	67,023
	Loss/(Profit) on exchange	(667)	(10,541)
		266,177	192,712
4.	Investment Income	2011	2010
		£	£
	Income from investments	21,260	22,955
	Gains on the realisation of investments	6,837	15,687
	Bank deposit interest	109	163
		28,206	38,805
5.	Investment Expenses and Charges	2011	2010
~	in to mone Expenses and Sinigo	£	£
	Investment management expenses, including interest	1,369	1,262
	Losses on the realisation of investments	6,720	13,463
		8,089	14,725
6.	Profit/(Loss) on Ordinary Activities before Taxation	2011	2010
υ.	1 10111/(E055) on Ordinary Activities before Taxation	£	£
	This is stated after charging		
	Directors remuneration	_	-
	Amortisation of syndicate capacity	25,147	7,392
	Interest on bank loan and overdrafts	· -	•
	Interest on other loans	-	-
	The Company has no employees		

The auditors, Littlejohn LLP, charge a fixed fee to Nomina PLC for the provision of the audit of the company This fee is included within the service fee charged to the company by Nomina PLC and equates to approximately £95 (2010 £95)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2011

Taxation	2011 £	2010 £
Analysis of Charge in Period	*	*
Current tax		
UK corporation tax on profit/(loss) of the period	-	18,705
Adjustment in respect of previous period	(57)	(4,309)
	(57)	14,396
Foreign tax	2,148	1,259
Total current tax	2,091	15,655
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(12,397)	(17,056)
Change in tax rate	858	1,959
•	(9,448)	558
The tax assessed for the period is different to the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20 25% (2010 21 00%) The differences are explained below		
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax	(46,965)	752
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of		
	(9,510)	
corporation tax in the UK of 20 25% (2010 21 00%)	(5,510)	158
corporation tax in the UK of 20 25% (2010 21 00%) Effects of	(),510)	
•	10,701	158 18,169
Effects of Underwriting results subject to timing differences for taxation Utilisation of tax losses		
Effects of Underwriting results subject to timing differences for taxation	10,701	18,169
Effects of Underwriting results subject to timing differences for taxation Utilisation of tax losses Foreign tax	10,701 - 2,148	18,169 - 995

The results of the Company's participation on the 2009, 2010 and 2011 years of account and the calendar year movement on 2008 and prior run-offs, will not be assessed to tax until the year ended 31 December 2012, 2013 and 2014 respectively being the year after the calendar year result of each run-off year or the normal date of closure of each year of account

8. Dividends	2011 £	2010 £
Equity dividends declared and paid		75,000

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2011

9.	Intangible Assets	2011	2010
	Q	£	£
	Purchased syndicate capacity		
	Cost		
	At 01 January 2011	147,334	58,704
	Additions	63,770	88,630
	Disposals	-	-
	At 31 December 2011	211,104	147,334
	Amortisation		
	At 01 January 2011	29,134	21,742
	Provided during the year	25,147	7,392
	Disposals	-	-
	At 31 December 2011	54,281	29,134
	Net Book Value		
	At 31 December 2011	156,823	118,201
	At 31 December 2010	118,201	36,962

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2011

10. Investments

	Other Financial Investments - S	yndicate					
				2011		2010	
			Mark	et		Market	
			Valı	ue	Cost	Value	Cost
				£	£	£	£
	Shares and other variable yield se units in unit trusts	curities and	76,58	37	75,891	63,508	61,841
	Debt securities and other fixed inc	come	726,10)9	730,516	665,622	668,152
	Participation in investment pools		18,92	21	18,660	20,784	19,774
	Loans secured by mortgages		9,34		9,445	8,879	8,974
	Other loans		4,0		4,059	3,436	3,437
	Deposits with credit institutions		2,2;		2,233	705	705
	Other		·	27	160	54	474
	Other		837,3	2.00	840,964	762,988	763,357
	Listed investments included within	n the above	821,6	17	825,067	749,914	749,767
						, <u></u>	.
	Other Financial Investments - C	Corporate					
	Shares and other variable yield se Debt securities and other fixed inc securities			-	<u>-</u> -	-	-
				-	-	-	-
	Listed investments included with	n the above	-	-	<u> </u>	-	-
11.	Other Debtors			2011			2010
		6)		2011	6		2010
		Syndicate	Corporate	Total	Syndicate Participation	Corporate	Total
		Participation £	Corporate £	£	rarucipation £	£	£
	Amounts due from group						
	undertakings	_	-		-	-	-
	Funds at Lloyd's	_	40,691	40,691	-	18,996	18,996
	Other	99,155	13,449	112,604	98,253	256	98,509
		99 155	54 140	153 295	98 253	19 252	117 505

Funds at Lloyd's represents assets deposited with the Corporation of Lloyd's (Lloyd's) to support the Company's underwriting activities as described in the Accounting Policies The Company has entered into a Lloyd's Deposit Trust Deed which gives the Corporation the right to apply these monies in settlement of any claims arising from the participation on the syndicates These monies can only be released from the provision of this Deed with Lloyd's express permission and only in circumstances where the amounts are either replaced by an equivalent asset, or after the expiration of the Company's liabilities in respect of its underwriting. The Company's underwriting is supported by assets made available to it by the shareholders of the company

Included within debtors is an amount of £737 (2010 £Nil) due from the major shareholder of the Company This amount is to be settled in 2012

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2011

12.	Called-up Share Capital				2(Allotted, called- and fully p		2010 I, called-up I fully paid
	Ordinary £1 shares			_	1		1
13.	Profit and Loss Account			2011			2010
		Syndicate Participation	Corporate	Total	Syndicate Participation	Corporate	Total
	D . 1 6//1 11 1.	£	£	£	£	£	£
	Retained profit/(loss) brought forward	77,664	172,350	250,014	177,257	147,563	324,820
	Reallocate distribution	(58 576)	58,576		(120,309)	120,309	-
	Profit/(loss) for the financial	, ,	•		, , ,		
	year	(215)	(37,302)	(37,517)	20,716	(20,522)	194
	Equity dividends			-	-	(75,000)	(75,000)
	Retained profit/(loss) carried forward	10.072	102 (24	212.407	77.664	172,350	250,014
	iorwaru -	18 873	193,624	212,497	77,664	172,330	250,014
14.	Reconciliation of Moveme	ents in Shar	eholders'				
	Funds				2011		2010
					£		£
	Opening shareholders funds				250,015	3	24,821
	Profit/(loss) for the financial year	ar			(37,517)	,	194
	Equity dividends Proceeds from issue of shares				-	(75,000)
	Proceeds from issue of shares				_		_
	Closing shareholders' funds				212,498	2	50,015
15.	Deferred Taxation				2011		2010
					£		£
	Opening balance				22,127		37,224
	Profit and loss account charge				(11,538)	((15,097)
	Closing balance				10,589		22,127

The deferred tax balance consists of timing differences relating to the taxation of underwriting results

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2011

16. Other Creditors including Taxation and Social Security

	2011					2010
	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £
Corporation tax Proprietors' loan accounts	<u>-</u>	-	-	:	13,866 10,466	13,866 10,466
Third Party Funds	-	-	-	-	-	_
Other creditors	85,201	12,665	97,866	90,392	3,862	94,254
Amount due to group undertakings	-	-	-	-	-	-
	85,201	12,665	97,866	90,392	28,194	118,586

17. (a) Reconciliation of Operating Profit to Net Cash

Inflow/(Outflow) from Operating Activities	2011	2010	
	£	£	
Profit or loss on ordinary activities before tax	(46,965)	752	
(Profit)/loss attributable to syndicate transactions	58,791	99,593	
Profit or loss – excluding syndicate transactions	11,826	100,345	
(Increase)/decrease in debtors	(34,587)	(4,848)	
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	12,916	21,234	
(Profit)/loss on disposal of intangible assets	<u> -</u>	-	
Amortisation of syndicate capacity	25,147	7,393	
Impairment of syndicate capacity	-	-	
Realised/unrealised (gains)/losses on investments	-		
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	15,302	124,124	

(b) Movement in Cash, Portfolio Investments and Financing

	At 1 January 2011	Cashflow	Changes to Market Value	At 31 December 2011
	£	£	£	£
Cash	122,027	(64,724)	-	57,303
Other financial investments	-		-	<u> </u>
	122,027	(64,724)		57,303

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2011

18. Related Party Disclosure

Nomina plc, a director of the company, provides administration services to the company. Nomina plc charged a management fee of £2,750 (2010 £2,625) to cover all the costs of basic administration of the company

19. Ultimate Controlling Party

The Company is controlled by B Allen, P E Allen, S C Garwood and W J Walker

20. Syndicate Participation

The principal syndicates or members' agent pooling arrangements ("MAPA") in which the Company participates as an underwriting member are as follows

Syndicate or MAPA Number:	Managing Agent	2011 Allocated Capacity	2010 Allocated Capacity	2009 Allocated capacity	2008 Allocated Capacity
		£	£	£	£
33	Hiscox Syndicates Limited	79,655	88,505	66,379	61,954
218	Equity Syndicate Management Limited	73,002	73,002	67,909	63,172
386	QBE Underwriting Limited	54,000	54,000	50,286	50,286
510	R J Kıln & Co Limited	112,657	112,657	77,145	72,000
570	Atrium Underwriters Limited	23,703	23,703	20,501	20,501
609	Atrium Underwriters Limited	89,337	89,337	64,895	70,000
958	Omega Underwriting Agents Limited	31,150	31,150	27,750	27,750
2010	Cathedral Underwriting Limited	62,990	62,990	53,990	53,990
2525	Whittington Capital Management Limited	29,196	29,196	29,196	29,196
2791	Managing Agency Partners Limited	57,945	51,491	41,602	41,602
6101	Argenta Syndicate Management Limited	-	-	-	64,997
6105	Ark Syndicate Management Limited	11,572	-	-	-
6106	Amlin Underwriting Limited	13,931	13,931	13,931	-
6107	Beazley Furlonge Limited	15,000	15,000	-	-
7210	Members' Agents Pooling Arrangement	158,516	175,337	-	-
7211	Members' Agents Pooling Arrangement	299,571	-	-	-