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Aberystwyth Town Football Club Ltd Company Limited by Guarantee Financial Statements 30 November 2023



PJE ACCOUNTANTS & ADVISORS

Chartered accountants & statutory auditor
23 College Street
Lampeter
SA48 7DY

Company Limited by Guarantee

Financial Statements

Year ended 30 November 2023

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Company Limited by Guarantee

Officers and Professional Advisers

The board of directors Mr T A Crockett

Mr J L Edwards Mr D T Evans Mr D M Kane Mr K G Morrison Mr E W Jones

Company secretary Anthony Paul Bates

Registered office Park Avenue Aberystwyth

Ceredigion SY23 1PG

Auditor PJE Audit Services Ltd

Chartered accountants & statutory auditor

23 College Street

Lampeter SA48 7DY

Company Limited by Guarantee

Directors' Report

Year ended 30 November 2023

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 November 2023.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

Mr T A Crockett Mr J L Edwards Mr D T Evans Mr D M Kane Mr K G Morrison Mr E W Jones

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Directors' Report (continued)

Year ended 30 November 2023

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 27 March 2024 and signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr D M Kane Director

Registered office: Park Avenue Aberystwyth Ceredigion SY23 1PG

Company Limited by Guarantee

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Aberystwyth Town Football Club Ltd

Year ended 30 November 2023

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Aberystwyth Town Football Club Ltd (the 'company') for the year ended 30 November 2023 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, statement of financial position, statement of changes in equity, statement of cash flows and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 November 2023 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice:
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

And comply with the FAW Club licencing and financial sustainability regulations for Men's UEFA competitions 2023 Article 69 – the Entity has positive net equity at the balance sheet date have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Aberystwyth Town Football Club Ltd (continued)

Year ended 30 November 2023

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Aberystwyth Town Football Club Ltd (continued)

Year ended 30 November 2023

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Aberystwyth Town Football Club Ltd (continued)

Year ended 30 November 2023

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

We obtain and update our understanding of the entity, its active ties, its control environment, and likely future developments, including in relation to the legal and regulatory framework applicable and how the entity is complying with that framework. Based on this understanding, we identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. This includes consideration of the risk of acts by the entity that were contrary to applicable laws and regulations, including fraud.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, including fraud, we designed procedures which included:

- o Enquiry of management and those charged with governance around actual and potential litigation and claims as well as actual, suspected and alleged fraud;
- o Reviewing minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- o Assessing the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations considered to have a direct material effect on the financial statements or the operations of the company through enquiry and inspection;
- o Reviewing financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- o Performing audit work over the risk of management bias and override of controls, including testing of journal entries and other adjustments for appropriateness, evaluating the business rationale of significant transactions outside the normal course of business and reviewing accounting estimates for indicators of potential bias.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Aberystwyth Town Football Club Ltd (continued)

Year ended 30 November 2023

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with chapter 3 of part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Robert Gray (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of
PJE Audit Services Ltd
Chartered accountants & statutory auditor
23 College Street
Lampeter
SA48 7DY

27 March 2024

Company Limited by Guarantee

Statement of Comprehensive Income

Year ended 30 November 2023

	Note	2023 £	2022 £
Turnover	5	373,578	345,170
Cost of sales		5,446	1,362
Gross profit		368,132	343,808
Administrative expenses Other operating income	6	417,580 -	399,183 4,000
Operating profit operating loss	7	(49,368)	(51,375)
Interest payable and similar expenses	9	6,509	(12,198)
Loss before taxation		(55,877)	(39,177)
Tax on loss	10	-	-
Loss for the financial year		(55,877)	(39,177)
Transfer to Pitch Replacement Reserve		(6,250)	(6,000)
Total comprehensive income for the year		(62,127)	(45,177)

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Statement of Financial Position

30 November 2023

		2023		2022
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets Tangible assets	11		323,341	331,289
Current assets Stocks	12	1 650		800
Debtors	13	1,650 41,460		41,769
Cash at bank and in hand	15	77,620		103,096
		120,730		145,665
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	15	156,179		125,019
Net current (liabilities)/assets			(35,449)	20,646
Total assets less current liabilities			287,892	351,935
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than				
one year	16		67,812	75,898
Net assets			220,088	276,037
Capital and reserves				
Other reserves, including the fair value reserve	19		62,250	56,000
Profit and loss account	19		157,838	220,037
Members funds			220,088	276,037

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 27 March 2024 and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr D M Kane Director

Company registration number: 04065963

Company Limited by Guarantee

Statement of Changes in Equity

Year ended 30 November 2023

	Pitch	Profit and	
	Replace	loss	
	reserve	account	Total
	£	£	£
At 1 December 2021	50,000	265,214	315,214
Loss for the year		(39,177)	(39,177)
Other comprehensive income for the year:			
Transfer to Pitch Replacement Reserve	6,000	(6,000)	
Total comprehensive income for the year	6,000	(45,177)	(39,177)
At 30 November 2022	56,000	220,037	276,037
Loss for the year		(55,957)	(55,957)
Other comprehensive income for the year:		/a a=a;	
Transfer to Pitch Replacement Reserve	6,250	(6,250)	
Total comprehensive income for the year	6,250	(62,207)	(55,957)
At 30 November 2023	62,250	157,838	220,080
At 50 HOVEHIDEL 2025	02,230		220,000

Company Limited by Guarantee

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended 30 November 2023

•	Note	2023 £	2022 £
Cash flows from operating activities Loss for the financial year		(55,957)	(39,177)
Adjustments for: Depreciation of tangible assets Government grant income		35,782 -	32,396 (4,000)
Interest payable and similar expenses Accrued expenses		6,509 950	(12,198) 525
Changes in: Stocks Trade and other debtors Trade and other creditors		(850) 309 11,568	(800) 56,926 (8,848)
Cash generated from operations		(1,689)	24,824
Interest paid		(13,276)	14,313
Net cash (used in)/from operating activities		(14,965)	39,137
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of tangible assets		(27,834)	(440)
Net cash used in investing activities		(27,834)	(440)
Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from borrowings Government grant income		5,975 -	(16,961) 4,000
Net cash from/(used in) financing activities		5,975	(12,961)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		(36,824) 39,104	25,736 13,368
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	14	2,280	39,104

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 30 November 2023

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by guarantee, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Park Avenue, Aberystwyth, Ceredigion, SY23 1PG.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Going concern

In accordance with their responsibilities, the directors have considered the appropriateness of the going concern basis for the preparation of the financial statements. In forming their view they considered and prepared cash flow information for the period to 31st May 2025.

Based on ongoing dialogue with the Football Association of Wales, and the Company's current bankers, the Company's future funding appears to be secure in the immediate future. Additionally, the Company has an ongoing shirt sponsorship deal with Aberystwyth University and has finalised sponsorship deal with Aldi, Ceredigion Council, Aberystwyth Pier and Cutting Edge during the year.

The Company made a loss for the year under review. The Company meets its day to day working capital requirements through an overdraft facility which is repayable on demand, though the Company has operated within this facility during the financial year.

The Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual financial statements are confident that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going-concern basis.

Traditionally, the Directors have underwritten losses and cash shortfalls by the introduction of their own resources and have affirmed that this would continue to be the case if so required.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30 November 2023

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is stated exclusive of value added tax.

Gate and other matchday revenue is recognised over the period of the football season as games are played. Sponsorship and similar commercial income is recognised over the duration of the respective contracts.

Grant income is recognised over the duration of the period it relates to, rather than when received.

Football related income consist of gate receipts, sponsorship, advertising, prize money and donations. Commercial related income consists of subsidies, grants, hire of the 3G pitch and rental income for the use of the buildings.

Revenue from the rendering of services is measured by reference to the stage of completion of the service transaction at the end of the reporting period provided that the outcome can be reliably estimated. When the outcome cannot be reliably estimated, revenue is recognised only to the extent that it is probable the expenses recognised will be recovered.

Income tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Deferred tax is not provided on timing differences arising from the revaluation of fixed assets where there is no commitment to sell the asset.

deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that they will be recovered.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30 November 2023

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Tangible assets (continued)

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Equipment

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Long leasehold property Plant and machinery Fixtures and fittings £3,000 per annum 20% straight line 20% straight line 20% straight line

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised using the accrual model and the performance model.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30 November 2023

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Government grants (continued)

Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable.

Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset.

Under the performance model, where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30 November 2023

4. Company limited by guarantee

The company's liability is limited by the guarantee entered in by the members. Every member undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company in the event of it being wound up during the member's period of membership, or within a year afterwards for payment of the debt and liabilities contracted before the member ceased to be a member such amount not exceeding £1 for any member.

5. Turnover

Turnover arises from:

	2023	2022
	£	£
Gate receipts, sponsorship, advertising, prize money and transfers	118,988	115,671
Commercial and other operating income	254,590	229,499
	373,578	345,170

The total turnover of the company for the year had been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the UK.

	2023 £	2022 £
Class of Business	40 404	44.000
Gate Receipts	13,131	11,888
Sponsorship, Advertising & Donations	104,857	94,432
Prize money	1,000	9,350
Commercial	254,590	229,500
	373,578	345,170

6. Other operating income

	2023	2022
	£	£
Government grant income	_	4,000
-		

Other operating income in the comparative year comprises the following amounts received through the Government's COVID-19 support package:

	2023	2022
	£	£
Ceredigion County Council - rates grant	_	4,000

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30 November 2023

7. Operating profit operating loss

Operating profit or loss is stated after charging:

	2023	2022
	£	£
Depreciation of tangible assets	35,782	32,396
Fees payable for the audit of the financial statements	4,250	4,250

8. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 32 (2022: 30).

The aggregate payroll costs incurred during the year, relating to the above, were:

	2023 £	2022 £
Wages and salaries	69,465	72,942
Other pension costs	416	1,757
	73,881	74,699
	2023	2022
	£	£
Wages and salaries - Head coach	24,589	24,104
	98,803	141,741
Total wages	98,470	98,803

The head coach salary noted above is paid for out of the Academy and thus accounted for as such within the Academy Expenditure nominal account per the P&L.

The number of full time equivalent employees for the financial year totals 6.

9. Interest payable and similar expenses

	2023 £	2022 £
Interest on banks loans and overdrafts Loss on fair value adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value	6,509	5,852
through profit or loss	<u>-</u>	(18,050)
	6,509	(12,198)

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30 November 2023

10. Tax on loss

Reconciliation of tax income

The tax assessed on the loss on ordinary activities for the year is the same as (2022: higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2022: 19%).

	2023 £	2022 £
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(68,540)	(39,177)
Loss on ordinary activities by rate of tax Adjustment to tax charge in respect of prior periods	(13,023) 13,023	(8,584) 8,584
Tax on loss		

11. Tangible assets

	Land and buildings £	Plant and machinery £	Fixtures and fittings	Equipment £	Total £
Cost					
At 1 December 2022	258,000	242,451	47,114	6,388	553,953
Additions		27,834 ———		-	27,834
At 30 November 2023	258,000	270,285	47,114	6,388	581,787 ———
Depreciation					
At 1 December 2022	27,000	153,708	39,449	2,507	222,664
Charge for the year	3,000	26,864	4,641	1,277	35,782
At 30 November 2023	30,000	180,572	44,090	3,784	258,446
Carrying amount					
At 30 November 2023	228,000	89,713	3,024	2,604	323,341
At 30 November 2022	231,000	88,743	7,665	3,881	331,289
					

The Company had a 99 year leasehold agreement with its landlord, Ceredigion County Council which was valued by Andrew Morgan (FRICS FAAV) at £350,000 as at 30th November 2013. During the year ended 30th November 2016 the Astro Turf portion of the leasehold was sold for a value of £92,000 leaving a remaining £258,000 value of the leasehold. The remaining lease valuation is being written off over its remaining life in equal annual instalments of £3,000.

12. Stocks

	2023	2022
	£	£
Finished goods and goods for resale	1,650	800
· ·		

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30 November 2023

13. Debtors

	2023	2022
	£	£
Trade debtors	19,710	17,019
Prepayments and accrued income	20,000	23,000
Other debtors	1,750	1,750
	41,460	41,769
Other debtors comprise the following:		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Monies receivable from FAW	1,750	1,750

Accrued income is the element of sponsorship from Aberystwyth University payable in arrears twice yearly which relates to part of the season before the Club's 30th November year end.

14. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:

£ .	E
77,620 (75,340)	103,096 (63,992)
2,280	39,104
	(75,340)

15. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	83,340	71,987
Trade creditors	11,848	1,523
Accruals and deferred income	36,495	42,312
Social security and other taxes	7,965	5,322
Director loan accounts	16,531	3,875
	1 56,179	125,019

2023

2022

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30 November 2023

15. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year (continued)

Bank loans and overdrafts are made up as follows:

	2023	2022
	£	£
Bank loan < 1 year	8,000	7,995
Bank overdraft	68,285	56,494
Bank overdraft	7,055	7,498
TOTAL	83,340	71,987
Accruals & deferred income are made up as follows:		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Accruals	7,375	6,425
Deferred income	29,120	35,887
TOTAL	36,495	42,312

Deferred income represents the element of income received in advance that has been carried forward to be treated as income in the next financial year.

Directors' loans are analysed in note 22.

16. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

Bank loans and overdrafts	2023 £ 67,812	2022 £ 75,898
Bank loans repayable after more than one year	2023	2022
Repayable between one and five years Repayable after five years	£ 30,333 50,519	£ 30,333 57,930
	80,852	88,263

The bank loan and overdraft are secured by debenture and a charges over the Club's assets.

17. Employee benefits

Defined contribution plans

The amount recognised in profit or loss as an expense in relation to defined contribution plans was £416 (2022: £1,757).

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30 November 2023

18. Government grants

The amounts recognised in the financial statements for government grants are as follows:

	2023 £	2022 £
Recognised in other operating income:		
Government grants recognised directly in income	_	4,000

19. Reserves

Profit and loss account - This reserve records retained earnings and accumulated losses.

Pitch Replacement Reserve - This reserve has been allocated to facilitate the replacement of the Club's all-weather pitch at the end of its natural life.

The following reserve transfer took place in the year from the Profit and loss account to the Pitch Replacement Reserve:

	2023	2022
	£	£
Transfer To Pitch Replacement Reserve	6,250	6,000

The balance on the Pitch Replacement Reserve is retained in a specific bank account within the financial statements.

20. Players remuneration

No remuneration is paid to the Directors, although costs incurred are reimbursed.

The total remuneration of players & staff included in the financial statements is £98,470 (2022: £98,803) and is made up as follows:

	2023	2022
	£	£
Net wages - Players	53,294	52,051
PAYE & NI deductions	14,560	15,453
Staff pension & Nest	416	1,757
Net wages - Cleaning	5,611	5,440
Net wages - Head coach	24,589	24,104
	98,470	98,803
PAYE & NI deductions Staff pension & Nest Net wages - Cleaning	14,560 416 5,611 24,589	15, 1, 5, 24,

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30 November 2023

21. Analysis of changes in net debt

At		At
1 Dec 2022	Cash flows	30 Nov 2023
£	£	£
103,096	(25,476)	77,620
(63,992)	(11,348)	(75,340)
(11,870)	(14,061)	(25,931)
(75,898)	8,086	(67,812)
(48,664)	(42,799)	(91,463)
	1 Dec 2022 £ 103,096 (63,992) (11,870) (75,898)	1 Dec 2022 Cash flows £ £ 103,096 (25,476) (63,992) (11,348) (11,870) (14,061) (75,898) 8,086

22. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

Amounts advanced to the Company by the Directors are as follows:

- (a) Balance as at 30th November 2023 was £16,531 (2022: £3,875);
- (b) Interest rate charged nil %;
- (c) Repayable on demand; and
- (d) Repayments made during the year amounted to £2,400 (2022: £1,000);
- (e) Directors' monies introduced amounted to £15,056 (2022 nil)
- (e) Amounts written off loans to directors amounted to £nil (2022: £18,050l).

	2023	2022
	£	£
T Bates	1,475	3,875
K Morrison	15,056	_
	1 6,531	3,875
	·	

23. Related party transactions

The company was under the control of the Directors throughout the current and previous year.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Management Information

Year ended 30 November 2023

The following pages do not form part of the financial statements.

Detailed Income Statement

Year ended 30 November 2023

	2023 £	2022 £
Turnover		
Gate Receipts	10,886	9,190
Programme Receipts	1,165	1,298
Raffle Receipts	1,030	992
Season Tickets	50	408
Prize money	1,000	9,350
Programme Advertising	1,758	2,325
Other Income	11,245	10,336
Sponsorship	66,740	60,600
Match Board Advertising	25,114	21,171
Lottery	-	218
Subsidies	74 400	3,862
Grants	71,493	36,091
Academy Subscriptions & Grant	77,974	111,974
Ladies Subscriptions & Grant	34,594	20,380
Hire of Ground, Car Parks & Site Rentals	30,961 25,077	6,655
Rent receivable	25,077	36,959
Club shop sales	11,275	13,361
Donations	2,255	_
Summer soccer school	961	
	373,578	345,170
Cost of sales		
Opening stock	800	_
Bar Purchases	188	467
Club shop purchases	6,108	1,695
	7,096	2,162
Closing stock	1,650	800
g	<u> </u>	
	5,446	1,362
Gross profit	368,132	343,808
Overheads	440.000	200 400
Administrative expenses	418,980	399,183
Other operating income	-	4,000
Operating profit operating loss	(50,848)	(51,375)
Interest payable and similar expenses	(6,509)	12,198
Loss before taxation	(57,357)	(39,177)
E000 DOIOIC LANGLIOII	(57,557)	

Notes to the Detailed Income Statement

Year ended 30 November 2023

	2023 £	2022 £
Administrative expenses	~	~
Players - wages	67,854	67,358
Cleaning - wages	5,611	5,440
Staff pension contributions	416	1,757
Rent	1,700	1,700
Rates and water	4,822	3,197
Light and heat	55,656	27,413
Insurance	11,599	12,663
Repairs & Maintenance to Grounds & Property	9,831	12,377
Cleaning costs	1,620	_
Bus Hire & Travel expenses	7,499	9,085
Players & Directors - mileage & expenses	58,978	78,730
Hire costs	2,229	-
Transfer & Loan fees	11,203	6,825
Telephone	1,246	726
Computer Bureau Costs	2,408	1,159
Academy Expenditure	73,670	74,177
Ladies Expenditure	24,177	16,573
3G Co-ordinator Expenditure	3,706	8,354
Pan Disability Expenditure	799	222
Kit	4,765	6,969
Printing postage and stationery	1,648	2,131
Staff training	42	960
Medical Expenses	2,039	869
Players' scholarships	4,000	863
Sundry expenses Officials	4,982	8,794
Competition & Entry Fees	1,327	2,706
Fines & Penalties	2,229	2,592
Kit Allowance	1,650	2,002
Subscriptions	1,801	2,248
Advertising	1,893	787
Legal and professional fees	2,150	968
Accountancy fees	1,020	2,250
Auditors remuneration	4,250	4,250
Depreciation of tangible assets	35,782	32,396
Bank charges	2,978	3,604
	417,580	399,183
	417,500	399,103
Other operating income		4.000
Government grants recognised directly in income	-	4,000
Interest payable and similar expenses		
Bank overdraft & loan interest	6,509	5,852
Loss on fair value adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	_	(18,050)
-		`
	6,509	(12,198) ———