Company Number: 4065963

The Companies Acts 1985 to 1989

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE AND NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL

MEMORANDUM AND ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

ABERYSTWYTH TOWN FOOTBALL CLUB LIMITED

Incorporated on 6 September 2000



Jordans Limited
Company Formation and Information Specialists
Legal Stationers and Publishers
Head Office Telephone 0117 923 0600 Fax 0117 923 0063

THE COMPANIES ACTS 1985 to 1989

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE AND NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF

ABERYSTWYTH TOWN FOOTBALL CLUB LIMITED

- 1 The Company's name is "ABERYSTWYTH TOWN FOOTBALL CLUB LIMITED".
- 2 The Company's registered office is to be situated in England and Wales
- 3 The Company's objects are:-
- To carry on business as an association football club and to acquire by purchase lease or licence grounds for association football and for other purposes of the Company and to lay out and prepare such ground or grounds for association football and for other purposes of the Company, and provide stands, terraces, pavilions, club houses, lavatories, refreshment rooms, changing rooms, bathrooms and all other conveniences and amenities in connection therewith, to promote the game of association football, physical training and other sports, games, exercises and pastimes, and in particular (but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) to employ football players and other sportsmen, managers, trainers and other persons in connection with football or other sports whether as professionals or otherwise, to establish and maintain teams for football and other sports, to hold, conduct and arrange association football and other games, matches, competitions, athletic sports and displays; to use or permit the use of the grounds, clubhouses, facilities and other property of the Company for any sporting activity and for all forms of public and private entertainment or meeting, whether organised by the Company or not, to subscribe to any union, association or league formed to serve or promote the interests of any sport, to join in and promote competitions, and to contribute to and award prizes for sporting endeavour, to buy, sell and deal in goods and apparatus of all kinds in connection with football or other sports, games and pastimes, and in all kinds of refreshments and consumable stores, to carry on business as restaurant and refreshment room proprietors and to apply for and hold licences for the sale of beers, wines and spirits
- 3 1 2 To carry on any other trade or business whatever which can in the opinion of the board of directors be advantageously carried on in connection with or ancillary to any of the businesses of the Company.

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- 3.2 To purchase or by any other means acquire and take options over any property whatever, and any rights or privileges of any kind over or in respect of any property
- To apply for, register, purchase, or by other means acquire and protect, prolong and renew, whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere any trade marks, patents, copyrights, trade secrets or other intellectual property rights, licences, secret processes, designs, protections and concessions and to disclaim, alter, modify, use and turn to account and to manufacture under or grant licences or privileges in respect of the same, and to expend money in experimenting upon, testing and improving any patents, inventions or rights which the Company may acquire or propose to acquire.
- To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, goodwill, and assets of any person, firm, or company carrying on or proposing to carry on any of the businesses which the Company is authorised to carry on and as part of the consideration for such acquisition to undertake all or any of the liabilities of such person, firm or company, or to acquire an interest in, amalgamate with, or enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, or for cooperation, or for mutual assistance with any such person, firm or company, or for subsidising or otherwise assisting any such person, firm or company, and to give or accept, by way of consideration for any of the acts or things aforesaid or property acquired, any shares, debentures, debenture stock or securities that may shares, debentures, debentures stock or securities and deal with any shares, debentures, debenture stock or securities so received
- To improve, manage, construct, repair, develop, exchange, let on lease or otherwise, mortgage, charge, sell, dispose of, turn to account, grant licences, options, rights and privileges in respect of, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Company
- 3 6 To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined and to hold or otherwise deal with any investments made
- To lend and advance money or give credit on any terms and with or without security to any person, firm or company (including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing any holding company, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of, or any other company associated in any way with, the Company), to enter into guarantees, contracts of indemnity and suretyships of all kinds, to receive money on deposit or loan upon any terms, and to secure or guarantee in any manner and upon any terms the payment of any sum of money or the performance of any obligation by any person, firm or company (including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing any such holding company, subsidiary, fellow subsidiary or associated company as aforesaid)
- 3.8 To borrow and raise money in any manner and to secure the repayment of any money borrowed, raised or owing by mortgage, charge, standard security, lien or other security upon the whole or any part of the Company's property or assets (whether present or future), and also by a similar mortgage, charge, standard security, lien or security to secure and guarantee the performance by the

Company of any obligation or liability it may undertake or which may become binding on it

- 3 9 To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, negotiate, execute and issue cheques, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bills of lading, warrants, debentures, and other negotiable or transferable instruments
- 3 10 To apply for, promote, and obtain any Act of Parliament, order, or licence of the Department of Trade or other authority for enabling the Company to carry any of its objects into effect, or for effecting any modification of the Company's constitution, or for any other purpose which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to promote the Company's interests, and to oppose any proceedings or applications which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to prejudice the Company's interests
- 3 11 To enter into any arrangements with any government or authority (supreme, municipal, local, or otherwise) that may seem conducive to the attainment of the Company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any charters, decrees, rights, privileges or concessions which the Company may think desirable and to carry out, exercise, and comply with any such charters, decrees, rights, privileges, and concessions
- To subscribe for, take, purchase, or otherwise acquire, hold, sell, deal with and dispose of, place and underwrite shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, obligations or securities issued or guaranteed by any other company constituted or carrying on business in any part of the world, and debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, obligations or securities issued or guaranteed by any government or authority, municipal, local or otherwise, in any part of the world
- To control, manage, finance, subsidise, co-ordinate or otherwise assist any company or companies in which the Company has a direct or indirect financial interest, to provide secretarial, administrative, technical, commercial and other services and facilities of all kinds for any such company or companies and to make payments by way of subvention or otherwise and any other arrangements which may seem desirable with respect to any business or operations of or generally with respect to any such company or companies
- 3.14 To promote any other company for the purpose of acquiring the whole or any part of the business or property or undertaking or any of the liabilities of the Company, or of undertaking any business or operations which may appear likely to assist or benefit the Company or to enhance the value of any property or business of the Company, and to place or guarantee the placing of, underwrite, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire all or any part of the shares or securities of any such company as aforesaid.
- 3.15 To sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the business or property of the Company, either together or in portions, for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, or securities of any company purchasing the same.

- 3 16 To act as agents or brokers and as trustees for any person, firm or company, and to undertake and perform sub-contracts
- 3.17 To remunerate any person, firm or company rendering services to the Company either by cash payment or otherwise as may be thought expedient
- 3.18 To pay all or any expenses incurred in connection with the promotion, formation and incorporation of the Company, or to contract with any person, firm or company to pay the same
- To support and subscribe to any charitable or public object and to 3.19 support and subscribe to any institution, society, or club which may be for the benefit of the Company or its directors or employees, or may be connected with any town or place where the Company carries on business, to give or award pensions, annuities, gratuities, and superannuation or other allowances or benefits or charitable aid and generally to provide advantages, facilities and services for any persons who are or have been directors of, or who are of have been employed by, or who are serving or have served the Company, or any company which is a subsidiary of the Company or the holding company of the Company or a fellow subsidiary of the Company or the predecessors in business of the Company or of any such subsidiary, holding or fellow subsidiary company and to the wives, widows, children and other relatives and dependants of such persons, to make payments towards insurance including insurance for any director, officer or auditor against any liability in respect of any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust (so far as permitted by law), and to set up, establish, support and maintain superannuation and other funds or schemes (whether contributory or non-contributory) for the benefit of any of such persons and of their wives, widows, children and other relatives and dependants, and to set up, establish, support and maintain profit sharing schemes for the benefit of any of the employees of the Company or of any such subsidiary, holding or fellow subsidiary company.
- 3.20 To effect insurances of all kinds
- 3 21 To procure the Company to be registered or recognised in any part of the world
- 3 22 To do all or any of the things or matters aforesaid in any part of the world and either as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and by or through agents, brokers, sub-contractors or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others.
- 3 23 To do all such other things as may be deemed incidental or conducive to the attainment of the Company's objects or any of them
- 3 24 AND so that -
- 3 24 1 None of the objects set forth in any sub-clause of this Clause shall be restrictively construed but the widest interpretation shall be given to each such object, and none of such objects shall, except where the context expressly so requires, be in any way limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any

other object or objects set forth in such sub-clause, or by reference to or inference from the terms of any other sub-clause of this Clause, or by reference to or inference from the name of the Company.

- 3 24.2 None of the sub-clauses of this Clause and none of the objects therein specified shall be deemed subsidiary or ancillary to any of the objects specified in any other such sub-clause, and the Company shall have as full a power to exercise each and every one of the objects specified in each sub-clause of this Clause as though each such sub-clause contained the objects of a separate Company
- 3 24 3 The word "company" in this Clause, except where used in reference to the Company, shall be deemed to include any partnership or other body of persons, whether incorporated or unincorporated and whether domiciled in the United Kingdom or elsewhere
- 3 24.4 In this Clause the expression "the Act" means the Companies Act 1985, but so that any reference in this Clause to any provision of the Act shall be deemed to include a reference to any statutory modification or re-enactment of that provision for the time being in force
- 4. The liability of the members is limited
- Every member of the Company undertakes to contribute such amount as may be required (not exceeding £1) to the Company's assets if it should be wound up while he is a member or within one year after he ceases to be a member, for payment of the Company's debts and liabilities contracted before he ceases to be a member, and of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up, and for the adjustment of the rights of the contributories among themselves

WE, the subscribers to this Memorandum of Association, wish to be formed into a Company pursuant to this Memorandum Names and addresses of Subscribers 1. For and on behalf of Instant Companies Limited, 1 Mitchell Lane, Bristol BS1 6BU 2 For and on behalf of Swift Incorporations Limited 1 Mitchell Lane, Bristol BS1 6BU Dated 31 August 2000

> Glenys Copeland, 1 Mitchell Lane, Bristol. BS1 6BU

Witness to the above Signatures -

THE COMPANIES ACTS 1985 to 1989

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE AND NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF

ABERYSTWYTH TOWN FOOTBALL CLUB LIMITED

1. PRELIMINARY AND INTERPRETATION

- The regulations contained in Table A in the Schedule to the Companies (Tables A to F) Regulations 1985 (SI 1985 No. 805) as amended by the Companies (Tables A to F) (Amendment) Regulations 1985 (SI 1985 No. 1052) (such Table being hereinafter called "Table A") shall apply to the Company save in so far as they are excluded or varied hereby and such regulations (save as so excluded or varied) and the Articles hereinafter contained shall be the regulations of the Company.
- Regulations 2 to 35 (inclusive), 57, 59, 102 to 108 (inclusive), 110, 114, 116 and 117 in Table A shall not apply to the Company
- 1.3 Regulation 1 in Table A shall be read and constructed as if the definition of "the holder" were omitted therefrom.

1.4 In these Articles -

"the Act" means the Companies Act 1985, but so that any reference in these Articles to any provision of the Act shall be deemed to include a reference to any statutory modification or re-enactment of that provision for the time being in force

"The Football Association" means registered company number 77797 known as The Football Association Limited

"Parent County Association" means the relevant County Football Association of which this Company is a member or to which it is affiliated.

2 RULES OF THE FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION

2.1 The members and the directors of the Company shall so exercise their rights, powers and duties and shall where appropriate use their best endeavours to ensure that others conduct themselves so that the business and affairs of the

Gompany are carried out in accordance with the Rules and Regulations of The Football Association for the time being in force

- Regulation 70 in Table A shall be modified accordingly 2.2
- No proposed alteration of the Company's Memorandum or these Articles shall be authorised or adopted by the Company unless such alteration has been approved in writing by The Football Association not less than 14 days before the day on which the alteration is placed before the members (whether at a general meeting or by means of a written resolution pursuant to section 381A of the Act or regulation 53 of Table A) for approval
- The Company shall send written notification (if and so far as may be lawfully possible in the circumstances) if it is a Full or Associate Member Club of The Football Association, to The Football Association and, in any other case, to its Parent County Association before.-
- the commencement of a compulsory or voluntary liquidation or any other form of winding up,
- 2 4.2 the Company enters into any agreement or arrangement by or under which the whole of its assets and goodwill are to be sold or transferred to any other person, firm or company,
- the convening of a meeting of creditors of the Company, 2 4.3
- the appointment of a receiver, administrative receiver, manager or administrator of the Company,
- 245 the Company ceases for any reason to carry on business;
- the Company becomes a holding company or a subsidiary company as defined by section 736 of the Act; or
- 247 the Company makes any other material change to its corporate status or financial structure

3 **MEMBERS**

- The subscribers to the Memorandum of Association of the Company and such other persons as are admitted to membership in accordance with these Articles shall be members of the Company No person shall be admitted as a member of the Company unless he is approved by the directors. Every person who wishes to become a member shall deliver to the Company an application for membership, in such form as the directors require, executed by him
- A member may at any time withdraw from the Company by giving at least 7 clear days' notice to the Company Membership shall not be transferable and shall cease on death

3.3 Only those persons who care either a life Vice Prostabilit or an Honourausy Like vice Prostability or who have paid the annual Vice FBCG991 Presidents subscription (detamened by the Director from time to time) of Albertshight Town Pootball aub ("the Club") shall be eligible for membership of the Company Any person who, for any reasons, ceases to be a Vice Product of the Club" Shall cease to be a number of the Company.

GENERAL MEETINGS AND RESOLUTIONS

- 4.1 An annual general meeting and an extraordinary general meeting called for the passing of a special resolution or a resolution appointing a person as a director shall be called by at least 21 clear days' notice. All other extraordinary general meetings shall be called by at least 14 clear days' notice but a general meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed -
- 4 1 1 In the case of an annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and
- 4.1 2 In the case of any other general meeting by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote being a majority together holding (subject to the provisions of any elective resolution of the Company for the time being in force) not less than 95 per cent of the total voting rights at the meeting of all members
- 4.2 The notice shall be given to all the members and to the directors and auditors.
- 4.3 Regulation 38 in Table A shall not apply to the Company
- 5. VOTING AND PROXIES
- Any member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at a general meeting shall be entitled to appoint another person (whether a member or not) as his proxy to attend the meeting.
- A member present at a meeting by proxy shall be entitled to speak at the meeting and shall be entitled to one vote on a show of hands. In any case where the same person is appointed proxy for more than one member he shall on a show of hands have as many votes as the number of members for whom he is proxy Regulation 54 in Table A shall be modified accordingly
- Unless resolved by ordinary resolution that regulation 62 in Table A shall apply without modification, the instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is executed or a copy of such authority certified notarially or in some other way approved by the directors may be deposited at the place specified in regulation 62 in Table A up to the commencement of the meeting or (in any case where a poll is taken otherwise than at the meeting) of the taking of the poll or may be handed to the chairman of the meeting prior to the commencement of the business of the meeting.
- On a show of hands, every member present in person shall have one vote.

 On a poll every member present in person or by proxy shall have one vote.
- 5 5 Regulations 54 and 55 in Table A shall not apply to the Company.
- 5.6 Regulations 44 in Table A shall be read and construed as if the words "and at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company" were omitted therefrom

Figure 1. Regulation 46 in Table A shall be read and construed as if paragraph (d) was omitted therefrom

6 QUORUM

- 6.1 Regulation 40 in Table A shall be read and construed as if the words "at the time when the meeting proceeds to business" were added at the end of the first sentence
- If a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for a general meeting the general meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or to such other day and at such other time and place as the directors may determine, and if at the adjourned general meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed therefor such adjourned general meeting shall be dissolved
- 6 3 Regulation 41 in Table A shall not apply to the Company

APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS

- 7 1 Regulation 64 in Table A shall not apply to the Company
- 7.2 The maximum number and minimum number respectively of the directors may be determined from time to time by ordinary resolution. Subject to and in default of any such determination there shall be no maximum number of directors and the minimum number of directors shall be one. Whensoever the minimum number of the directors shall be one, a sole director shall have authority to exercise all the powers and discretions by Table A and by these Articles expressed to be vested in the directors generally, and regulation 89 in Table A shall be modified accordingly.
- 7 3 The directors shall not be required to retire by rotation and regulations 73 to 80 (inclusive) in Table A shall not apply to the Company.
- Regulation 83 in Table A shall be read and construed as if the words "of any class of shares or" were omitted therefrom.
- 7.5 No person shall be appointed a director at any general meeting unless either -
- 7 5 1 he is recommended by the directors, or
- 7 5 2 not less than 14 nor more than 35 clear days before the date appointed for the general meeting, notice signed by a member qualified to vote at the general meeting has been given to the Company of the intention to propose that person for appointment, together with notice signed by that person of his willingness to be appointed
- 7.6 Subject to Article 7.5 above, the Company may by ordinary resolution appoint any person who is willing to act to be a director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director

7 7 The directors may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director, provided that the appointment does not cause the number of directors to exceed any number determined in accordance with Article 7 2 above as the maximum number of directors and for the time being in force

8. BORROWING POWERS

The directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money without limit as to amount and upon such terms and in such manner as they think fit, and to grant any mortgage, charge or standard security over its undertaking and property, or any part thereof, and to issue debentures, whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party.

9 ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

- 9.1 Unless otherwise determined by the Company in general meeting by ordinary resolution an alternate director shall not be entitled as such to receive any remuneration from the Company, save that he may be paid by the Company such part (if any) of the remuneration otherwise payable to his appointor as such appointor may by notice in writing to the Company from time to time direct, and the first sentence of regulation 66 in Table A shall be modified accordingly
- A director, or any such other person as is mentioned in regulation 65 in Table A, may act as an alternate director to represent more than one director, and an alternate director shall be entitled at any meeting of the directors or of any committee of the directors to one vote for every director whom he represents in addition to his own vote (if any) as a director, but he shall count as only one for the purpose of determining whether a quorum is present

10 DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

10.1 The office of a director shall be vacated if such person is subject to a decision of The Football Association that such person be suspended from holding such office or from taking part in any activity relating to the administration or management of a football club. Regulation 81 in Table A shall be modified accordingly

11 GRATUITIES AND PENSIONS

- 11.1 The directors may exercise the powers of the Company conferred by its Memorandum of Association and shall be entitled to retain any benefits received by them in relation to the payment of pensions, gratuities and other benefits or any of them by reason of the exercise of any such powers.
- 11.2 Regulation 87 in Table A shall not apply to the Company

12 PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

- 12.1 A director may vote, at any meeting of the directors or of any committee of the directors, on any resolution, notwithstanding that it in any way concerns or relates to a matter in which he has, directly or indirectly, any kind of interest whatsoever, and if he shall vote on any such resolution his vote shall be counted, and in relation to any such resolution he shall (whether or not he shall vote on the same) be taken into account in calculating the quorum present at the meeting
- 12.2 Each director shall comply with his obligations to disclose his interest in contracts under section 317 of the Act
- 12.3 Regulations 94 to 97 (inclusive) in Table A shall not apply to the Company
- 13. MINUTES
- 13.1 Regulation 100 in Table A shall be read and construed as if the words "of the holders of any class of shares in the Company" were omitted therefrom.
- 14. THE SEAL
- If the Company has a seal it shall only be used with the authority of the directors or of a committee of directors. The directors may determine who shall sign any instrument to which the seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by a director and by the secretary or second director. Regulation 101 in Table A shall not apply to the Company.
- The Company may exercise the powers conferred by section 39 of the Act with regard to having an official seal for use abroad, and such powers shall be vested in the directors
- 15. NOTICES
- 15.1 Regulation 112 in Table A shall be read and construed as if the second sentence was omitted therefrom.
- Regulation 113 in Table A shall be read and construed as if the words "or of the holders of any class of shares in the Company" were omitted therefrom
- 15.3 Without prejudice to regulations 112 to 116 inclusive in Table A, the Company may give notice to a member by electronic means provided that -
- 15.3.1 the member has given his consent in writing to receiving notice communicated by electronic means and in such consent has set out an address to which the notice shall be sent by electronic means, and
- 15.3.2 the electronic means used by the Company enables the member concerned to read the text of the notice

- A notice given to a member personally or in a form permitted by Article 15 3 above shall be deemed to be given on the earlier of the day on which it is delivered personally and the day on which it was despatched by electronic means, as the case may be.
- 15.5 Regulation 115 in Table A shall not apply to a notice delivered personally or in a form permitted by Article 15.1 above.
- 15.6 In this article "electronic" means actuated by electric, magnetic, electromagnetic, electro-chemical or electro-mechanical energy and "by electronic means" means by any manner only capable of being so actuated

16 WINDING UP

The Football Association Benevolent Fund, or to some club or institute in the County of Ceredigion having objects similar to those contained in the Memorandum of Association, or to any local charity, or charitable or benevolent institution situate within the said County, such club, institution or charity to be decided upon, and such surplus apportioned among all or any of such clubs, institutions or charities by the members of the Company at or before the time of dissolution as they shall direct or in default of any such decision or apportionment by the members of the Company, the same to be decided upon and apportioned by a Judge of the High Court of Justice having jurisdiction in such winding up or dissolution and as he shall determine or such balance may be disposed of in such other manner as the members of the Company with the consent of the Council of The Football Association as then existing, shall determine

17 INDEMNITY

- 17.1 Every director or other officer or auditor of the Company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his office or otherwise in relation thereto, including any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, or in connection with any application under section 727 of the Act in which relief is granted to him by the Court, and no director or other officer shall be liable for any loss, damage or misfortune which may happen to or be incurred by the Company in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto. But this Article shall only have effect in so far as its provisions are not avoided by section 310 of the Act
- 17.2 The directors shall have power to purchase and maintain for any director, officer or auditor of the Company insurance against any such liability as is referred to in section 310(1) of the Act.
- 17.3 Regulation 118 in Table A shall not apply to the Company

18 RULES OR BYE LAWS

18.1 The directors may from time to time make such rules or bye laws as they may deem necessary or expedient or convenient for the proper conduct and

management of the Company and for the purposes of prescribing the classes of and conditions of membership, and in particular but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, they shall by such rules or bye laws regulate -

- 18 1 1 The admission and classification of members of the Company, and the rights and privileges of such members, and the conditions of membership and the terms on which members may resign or have their membership terminated and the entrance fees, subscriptions and other fees or payments to be made by members
- 18.1 2 The conduct of members of the Company in relation to one another, and to the Company's servants
- 18 1 3 The setting aside of the whole or any part or parts of the Company's premises at any particular time or times or for any particular purpose or purposes.
- 18 1 4 The procedure at general meetings and meetings of the directors and committees of the Company in so far as such procedure is not regulated by these presents
- 18 1 5 And, generally, all such matters as are commonly the subject matter of company rules
- The Company in general meeting shall have power to alter or repeal the rules or bye laws and to make additions thereto and the directors shall adopt such means as they deem sufficient to bring to the notice of members of the Company all such rules or bye laws, which so long as they shall be in force, shall be binding on all members of the Company. Provided, nevertheless, that no rule or bye law shall be inconsistent with, or shall affect or repeal anything contained in, the Memorandum or Articles of Association of the Company

Names and addresses of Subscribers

1 For and on behalf of Instant Companies Limited, 1 Mitchell Lane, Bristol. BS1 6BU

 For and on behalf of Swift Incorporations Limited 1 Mitchell Lane, Bristol. BS1 6BU

Dated 31 August 2000

Witness to the above Signatures -

Glenys Copeland, 1 Mitchell Lane, Bristol BS1 6BU The regulations of Table A to the Companies Act 1985 apply to the Company save in so far as they are excluded or varied by its Articles of Association

Table A as prescribed by the Companies (Tables A to F) Regulations 1985 (S.I. 1985 No. 805), amended by the Companies (Tables A to F) (Amendment) Regulations 1985 (S.I. 1985 No. 1052), is reprinted below.

Table A THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

Regulations for Management Of a Company Limited by Shares

INTERPRETATION

in these regulations

The Act means the Companies Act 1985 including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force

"the articles" means the articles of the company

clear days" in relation to the period of notice means that period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect

executed includes any mode of execution folice means the registered office of the company

"the holder" in relation to shares means the member whose name is entered in the register of members as the holder of the shares.

"the seal" means the common seal of the company

rescribing means the secretary of the company or any other person appointed to perform the duties of the secretary of the company including a joint, assistant or

he Unded Kingdom" means Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Unless the context otherwise requires words or expressions contained in these regulations bear the same meaning as in the Act but excluding any statutory modification thereof not in force when these regulations become binding on the

- SHARE CAPITAL

 2 Subject to the provisions of the Act and without prejudice to any rights attached to any existing shares any chaire may be issued with such rights or restrictions as the company may by ordinary resolution determine.

 3 Subject to the provisions of the Act shares may be issued which are to be redeemed or are to be liable to be redeemed at the option of the company or the
- redeemed or are to be liable to be redeemed at the option of the company of the holder on such terms and in such manner as may be provided by the anoles.

 The company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by the Act. Subject to the provisions of the Act, any such commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or by the altotment of furty or parity paid shares or parity in one and partly in the other
- SHARE CERTIFICATES

 Every member upon becoming the holder of any shares shall be entitled without payment to one certificate for all the shares of each class held by him (and upon transferring a part of his holding of shares of any class to a certificate for the batance of such holding) or several certificates for one or more of his shares upon payment for every certificate after the first of such reasonable sum as the directors may determine Every certificate shall be scaled with the seal and shall specify the number class and distinguishing numbers (d any) of the shares to which it relates and the amount or respective amounts paid up thereon. The company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate for shares held jointly by saveral persons and delivery of a certificate to one joint holder shall be a sufficient delivery to all of them.
- If a share certificate is defaced worn-out lost or destroyed it is n a share cerimicals is peraced worm-out lost or destroyed it may be renewed on such terms (if any) as to evidence and indemnity and payment of the expenses reasonably incurred by the company in investigating evidence as the directors may determine but otherwise free of charge and (in the case of defacement or wearing-out) on delivery up of the old certificate.
- B. The company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully paid share) for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) payable at a fixed time or called in respect of that share. The directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this regulation. The company silen on a share shall extend to any amount payable in respect of it.

 The company may sell in such manner as the directors determine any shares.
- 9 The company may sell in such manner as the directors determine any shares on which the company has a light if a sum in respect of which the lian exists is presently payable and is not paid within fourtiern clear days after notice has been given to the holder of the share or to the person entitled to it in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder demanding payment and stating that if the notice is not complied with the shares may be sold.
 10. To give effect to a sale the directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares sold to or in accordance with the directions of the purchaser. The title of the transferred to the shares shall not be affected by any irregulating in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale.
- megulanty in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale.

 11 The net proceeds of the sale after payment of the costs shall be applied in
- nt of so much of the sum for which the lian exists as is presently payable payment of so most of the soft for ment to the company for cancellation of the certificate for the shares sold and subject to a like ten for any moneys not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale

 CALLS ON SHARES AND FORFEITURE

12 Subject to the terms of allotment, the directors may make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares (whether in respect of members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares (wheme in respect or normal value or premium) and each member shall (subject to receiving at least fourteen clear days notice specifying when and where payment is to be made) pay to the company as required by the notices the amount called on his shares. A call may be required to be paid by instalments. A call may before receipt by the company of any sum due thereunder be revoked in whole or part and payment of a call may be postported in whole or part. A person upon whom a call is made shall remain sable for calls made upon him notwithstanding the subsequent transfer of the shares in respect whereof the call was made.

- 13. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the directors authorising the call was passed.

 14 The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls.
- in respect thereof

 15 If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable the person from
 whom a is due and payable shall pay interest on the amount unpaid from the day it
 became due and payable until it is paid at the rate fixed by the terms of elifotment of
 the share or in the notice of the call or if no rate stixed at the appropriate rate (as ned by the Act) but the directors may waive payment of the interest wholly or in
- 16 An amount payable in respect of a share or altorment or at any fixed date, whether in respect of nominal value or premium or as an instalment of a call, shall be deemed to be a call and if it is not paid the provisions of the articles shall apply as if that amount had become due and payable by vitue of a call
- as a management and because a second and the directors may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders in the amounts and times of ent of calls on their shares
- payment of catis on their shares.

 18 It a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable the directors may give to the person from whom it is due not less than fourteen clear days notice requiring payment of the amount unpaid together with any enterest which may have accrued. The notice shall name the place where payment is to be made and shall state that if the notice is not compiled with the shares in respect of which the call nade will be liable to be forfeited
- 19 If the notice is not complied with any share n respect of which it was given may before the payment required by the notice has been made be foreitied by a resolution of the directors and the foreiture shall include all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the foreitied shares and not paid before the foreitier.
- 20 Subject to the provisions of the Act a forfelted share may be sold re-allotted or 20 Subject to the provisions of the Act a fortenesshare may be soon to-allowed or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the directors determine either to the person who was before the forfeiture the holder or to any other person and at any time before sale, re-altiment or other disposition, the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the directors think it. Where for the purposes of its disposal a torfeited share is to be transferred to any person the directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the nomed laft of trafa
- A person any of whose shares have been toleted shall cease to be a member in respect of them and shall surrender to the company for cancellation the certificate for the shares forlened but shall remain liable to the company for all certificate for the shares indened but shall remain table to the company for all moneys which at the date of forfeiture were presently payable by him to the company in respect of those shares with interest at the rate at which interest was payable on those moneys before the forfeiture or if no interest was so payable at the appropriate rate (as defined in the Act) from the date of forfeiture until payment
- the appropriate rate (as defined in the Act) from the date of forfeiture until payment but the directors may waive payment wholly or in part or enforce payment without any abovance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture or for any consideration received on their disposal.

 22. A statutory declaration by a director or the secretary that a share has been forfeited on a specified date shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share and the declaration shall (subject to the execution of an instrument of transfer if necessary) constitute a good the to the share and the person to whom the rare is disposed of shall not be bound to see to the application of the consideration if any nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregulanty in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the forestime or disposal of the share al of the share TRANSFER OF SHARES
- 23 The instrument of transfer of a share may be in any usual form or in any other
- 23 the instrument of transier or a share may use it any usual form or if any other form which the directors may approve and shall be executed by or on behalf of me transferor and, unless the share is fully paid, by or on behalf of the transferoe 24. The directors may refuse to register the transfer of a share which is not fully paid to a person of whom they do not approve and they may refuse to register the transfer of a share on which the company has a law. They may also refuse to
- register a transfer unless

 (a) it is lodged at the office or at such other place as the directors may appoint and is accompanied by the certificate for the shares to which it relates and such other evidence as the directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer

- (c) it is in respect of only one class of shares and (c) it is in respect of only one class of shares and (c) it is in favour of not more than four transfer eas.

 25 If the directors refuse to register a transfer of a share they shall within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the company send to the transferee notice of the refusal.
- The registration of transfers of shares or of transfers of any class of shares may be suspended at such times and for such periods (not exceeding thirty days in any year) as the directors may determine
- any year) as the directors may determine

 27. No fee shall be charged for the registration of any instrument of transfer or other document relating to or affecting the table bany share.

 28. The company shall be entitled to retain any instrument of transfer which is registered but any instrument of transfer which the directors refuse to register shall be returned to the person lodging it when notice of the refusal is given.

 TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

 29. If a marrier due the transfer was a transfer when the content of the refusal is given.
- tember dies the survivor or survivors where he was a joint holder, at 29 if a member dies the survivor or survivors where he was a poir holder, sind his personal representatives where he was a sols holder or the only survivor of joint holders shall be the only persons recognised by the company as having any little to his interest, but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased member from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by

- A person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member may upon such evidence being produced as the directors may properly require elect either to become the holder of the share or to have some person normated by him registered as the transferse if he elects to become the holder he shall give notice to the company to that effect. If he elects to have another person registered he shall execute an instrument of transfer of the share to that person. All the enticles relating to the transfer of shares shall apply to the notice or instrument of transfer as if it were an instrument of transfer executed by the member and the death or bankruptcy of the member had not occurred.
- 31. A person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member shall have the rights to which he would be entitled if he were the holder of the share except that he shall not, before being registered as the holder of the share be entitled in respect of it to attend or vote at any meeting of the company or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in

THE COMPANY ALTERATION OF SHARE CAPITAL

- 32 The company may by ordinary resolution
 (a) increase its share capital by new shares of such amount as the resolution
- (b) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares
- (c) subject to the provisions of the Act sub-divide its shares, or any of them into shares of smaller amount and the resolution may determine that, as between the shares resulting from the sub-division, any of them may have any preference or advantage as compared with the others and (d) cancel shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not
- been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.

 33. Whenever as a result of a consolidation of shares any members would become
- 33. Whenever as a result of a consolidation of shares any members would become entitled to fractions of a share the directors may on behalf of those members, self the shares representing the fractions for the best price reasonably obtainable to any person (including subject to the provisions of the Act the company) and distribute the net proceeds of sale in due proportion among those members and the directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares to or an accordance with the direction of the purchaser. The transferse shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his tile to the shares be effected by any prepularity and marking of the proceedings. s be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in ierance to the sale
- 34. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the company may by special resolution reduce its share capital, any capital redemption reserve and any share premium account in any way
 PURCHASE OF OWN SHARES

- Subject to the provisions of the Act, the company may purchase its own shares (including any redeemable shares) and if it is a private company make a payment in respect of the redemption or purchase of its own shares otherwise than out of distributable profits of the company or the proceeds of a fresh issue of shares GENERAL MEETINGS
- All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called dinary general meetings
- 37 The directors may call general meetings and on the requisition of members pursuant to the provisions of the Act shall forthwith proceed to convene an extraordinary general meeting for a date not letter than eight weeks after receipt of the requisition. If there are not within the United Kingdom sufficient directors to call a general meeting, any director or any member of the company may call a general

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

- ABO TICE UP GENERAL MEETINGS
 38. An annual general meeting and an extraordinary general meeting called for the passing of a special resolution or a resolution appointing a person as a director shall be called by at least twenty-one clear days' notice. All other extraordinary general meetings shall be called by steast fourteen clear days notice but a general meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed.
- (a) in the case of an annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat, and
- attend and vote thereat, and
 (b) in the case of any other meeting by a majority in number of the members
 flaving a right to attend and vote being a majority together holding not less than
 ninety-five per cent in nominal value of the shares giving that right.
 The notice shall specify the times and place of the meeting and the general nature of

the business to be transacted and in the case of an annual ceneral meeting shall

specify the meeting as such Subject to the provisions of the articles and to any restrictions imposed on any shares the notice shall be given to all the members to all persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member and to the directors

39 The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to or the non-recept of notice of a meeting by any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting. PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

- 40 No business shall be transacted at any meeting unless a quorum is present. Two persons entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted each being a member or a proxy for a member or a duty authorised representative of a corporation, shall be a quorum.

 41 If such a quorum is not present within hall an hour from the time appointed for
- the meeting, or if during a meeting such a quorum ceases to be present the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time
- meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or to such time and place as the directors may determine 42. The chairman it any of the board of directors or in his absence some other director nominated by the directors shall preside as chairman of the meeting but if neither the chairman nor such other director (if any) be present within titleen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting and willing to act, the directors present shall elect one of their number to be chairman, and, if there is only one director present and willing to act, he shall be chairman.

 43 If no director is willing to act, he shall be chairman.

 44 If no director is willing to act as chairman, or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present and entitled to vote shall choose one of their number to be chairman.

 44 A director shall notwithstanding that he is not a member be entitled to attend and speak at any general meeting and at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company.

- any class of shares in the company
 45. The chairman may with the consent of a meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall it so directed by the meeting) adjourn the meeting from time to time and term place to place but no business shall be transacted at an adjourned meeting other than business which might properly have been transacted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place. When a meeting is adjourned for fourteen days or more, at least even clear days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place of the adjourned meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted. Otherwise it shall not be necessary to give any such notice.

- 46. A resolution put to the vote of a meeting shall be decided on a show of hands less before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands a poli is dub manded. Subject to the provisions of the Act, a poll may be demanded

 - (b) by at least two members having the right to vote at the meeting or
 - (c) by a member or members representing not less than one-tenth oting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting or
- (d) by a member or members holding shares confirming a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right, and a demand by a person as proxy for a member shall be the same as a de
- Unless a poll is duly demanded a declaration by the charman that a resolution has been carried or carried unanimously or by a particular majority or lost or not carried by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution
- 48 The demand for a post may before the poll is taken be withdrawn but only with the consent of the chairman and a demand so withdrawn shall not be taken to have
- invalidated the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made.

 49 A pol shall be taken as the charman directs and he may appoint scriptness (who need not be members) and fix a time and place for declaring the result of the The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meating at pol was demanded
- 50 In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poil, the chairman shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any other vote he may
- 51. A poil demanded on the election of a chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poil demanded on any other question shall be taken either forthwith or at such time and place as the chairman directs not being more than thinty days after the poil is demanded. The demand for a poil shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the polt was demanded. It a poll is demanded before the declaration of the result of a show of hands and the demand is duly the meeting shall continue as if the demand had not been made
- the rheeting shall continue as it the demand had not peen made.

 52. No notice need be given of a poil not taken forthwith it the time and place at which it is to be taken are announced at the meeting at which it is demanded. In any other case at least seven clear days notice shall be given specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken.
- and pasks is writer in the post as to be taken.

 53. A resolution in writing executed by or on behalf of each member who would have been entitled to vote upon it if it had been proposed at a general meeting at which he was present shalf be as effectual as if it had been passed at a general meeting duy convened and held and may consist of several instruments in the like form each executed by or on behalf of one or more members. VOTES OF MEMBERS
- 54 Subject to any rights or restrictions attached to any shares, on a show of hands every member who (being an individual) is present in person or (being a corporation) is present by a duty authorised representative not being himself a member institled to vote shall have one vote for every share of which he is the holder
- In the case of joint holders the vote of the senior who tenders a vote In person or by proxy shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders and seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names of
- joint notices also seniority snau be optimization of the holders stand in the register of mambers.

 56. A member in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) in matters concerning mental disorder may vote whether on a show of hands or on a poli, by his receiver, mental usorder may vote whether on a show of hands of on a poll, by his receiver, curatior bons or other person authorised in that behalf appointed by that court, and any such receiver curator bonis or other person may on a poll vote by proxy. Evidence to the sabstaction of the directors of the authority of the person claiming to exercise the right to vote shall be deposited at the office or at such other place as its appointed in accordance with the articles for the deposit of instruments of proxy not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the m adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised and in default the right to vote shall not be exercisable.

 57 No member shall vote at any general meeting or at any separate meeting of
- 57 No member shall vole at any general meeting or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company either in person or by proxy in respect of any share held by him unless all moneys presently payable by him in respect of that share have been paid
- No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the To depend in single be rissed to the quantization of any order except at the meeting of adjourned meeting a which the vote objected to it stendered and every vote not deallowed at the meeting shall be valid. Any objection made in due time shall be referred to the chairman whose decision shall be final and conclusive shall be referred to the chairman whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

 59 On a poll votas may be given either personally or by proxy. A member may appoint more than one proxy to attend on the same occasion.
- 60 An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing executed by or on behall of the appointor and shall be in the following form (or in a form as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual or which the directors may.

We , being a member/members of the above named company hereby appoint or failing him

my/our proxy to vote in my/our name(s) and on my/our behalf at the annual/extraordinary general meeting of the company to be held on 19 and at any adjournment thereof

Signed on 19

Where it is desired to afford members an opportunity of instructing the proxy how he shall act the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form or in a form as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual

being a member/members of the

This form is to be used in respect of the resolutions mentioned below as follows

Resolution No. 1 "for "against Resolution No. 2 "for "against

*Strike out whichever is not desired

Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy may vote as he thinks it or abstain from

Signed this

- 62 The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is executed or L copy of such authority certified notarially or in some other way approved by the
- be deposited at the office or at such other place within the United Kingdom as is specified in the notice convening the meeting or in any instrument of proxy sent out by the company in relation to the meeting not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument processes to vote or
- named in the instrument proposes to vote or

 (b) in the case of a poli taken more than 48 hours after it is demanded be deposited as storesaid after the poli has been demanded and not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poli, or

 (c) where the poli is not taken forthwith but it taken not more than 48 hours
- after it was demanded, be delivered at the meeting at which the poll was demanded to the chairman or to the secretary or to any director.
- and an instrument of proxy which is not deposited or delivered in a manner so permitted shall be invalid.
- 63 A vote piven or poli demanded by proxy or by the duly authorised representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous determination of the authority of the person voting or demanding a poli-notice of the determination was received by the company at the office or i other place at which the instrument of proxy was duly deposted before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote is given or the poll demanded or (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than on the same day ne meeting or adjourned meeting) the time appointed for taking the poll.
- NUMBER OF DIRECTORS

 64 Unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution, the number of directors (other than aternate directors) shall not be subject to any maximum but shall be

not less than two ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

- 65 Any director (other than an alternate director) may appoint any other director or any other person approved by resolution of the directors and willing to act, to be an alternate director and may remove from office an alternate director so appointed
- An afternate director shall be entitled to receive notice of all mentings of directors and of all meetings of committees of directors of which his appointor is a member to attend and vote at any such meeting at which the director appointing han is not personally present, and generally to perform all the functions of his appointor as a director in his absence but shall not be entitled to receive any remuneration from the company for his services as an alternate director. But it shell not be necessary to give notice of such a meeting to an alternate director who is absent from the United Kingdom.

 67 An alternate director shall cease to be an alternate director it his appointor.
- or an element offscor shall bease to be an element director it his appointer ceases to be a director but, if a director retires by rotation or otherwise but is reappointed or deemed to have been reappointed at the meeting at which he retires any appointment of an alternate director made by him which was in force immediately prior to his retirement shall continue after his reappointment of any appointment or removal of an alternate director shall be by notice to the
- company signed by the director making or revoking the appointment or in any other her approved by the directors.

 Save as otherwise provided in the articles an alternate director shall be
- deemed for all purposes to be a director and shall alone be responsible for his own acts and defaults and he shall not be deemed to be the agent of the director

POWERS OF DIRECTORS

- 70 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the memorandum and the articles and to any directions given by special resolution, the business of the company shall be managed by the directors who may exercise all the powers of the company. No alteration of the memorandum or articles and no such direction shall invalidate any prior act of the directors which would have been valid if that attention had not been made or that direction had not been given. The powers given by this regulation shall not be the shall not be the state of the shall not be the shall not be the state of the shall not be the shall not be the state of the shall not be the state of the shall not be the shall not be the state of the shall not be t
- 71 The directors may by power of attorney or otherwise appoint any person to be the agent of the company for such purposes and on such conditions as they determine including authority for the agent to delegate all or any of his powers DELEGATION OF DIRECTORS' POWERS
- DELEGATION OF DIRECTORS: POWERS

 7.2. The directors may delegate any of their powers to any committee consisting of one or mole directors. They may also delegate to any managing director or any director holding any other executive office such of their powers as they consider desirable to be exercised by him. Any such delegation may be made subject to any conditions the directors may impose, and either collateraby with or to the exclusion I she't own powers and may be revoked or altered. Subject to any such conditions the proceedings of a committee with two or more members shall be governed by the articles regulating the proceedings of directors so far as they are separable of amplitum.

capable of applying APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS

- 73 At the first annual general meeting all the directors shall retire from office and at every subsequent annual general meeting one-third of the directors who are subject to retirement by rotation or if their number is not three or a multiple of
- subject to insure the profusion of it her number is not tribe or a musple of three the number nearest to one-third shall return from office but, if there is only one director who as subject to retirement by rotation he shall return 7.4. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the directors to retire by rotation shall be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment or reeppointment, but as between persons who became or were last reappointed. directors on the same day those to ratire shall (unless they otherwise agree among
- themselves) be determined by lot.

 75. If the company, at the meeting at which a director retires by rotation does not fill the vacancy the retiring director shall if willing to act, be deemed to have been reappointed unless at the meeting it is resolved not to fill the vacancy or unless a resolution for the reappointment of the director is put to the meeting and lost
- 76 No person other than a director returng by rotation shall be appointed or reappointed a director at any general meeting unless (a) he is recommended by the directors or
- (e) not less than fourteen nor more than thinly-five clear days before the date appointed for the meeting, notice executed by a member qualitied to vote at the meeting has been given to the company of the sitention to propose that person for appointment or reappointment stating the person the would, if he were so appointed or reappointment, be required to be included in the company's register of directors together with notice executed by that person of his willingness to be rited or reappointed
- appointed or reappointed?

 77. Not less than seven nor more than twenty-eight clear days before the date appointed for holding a general meeting notice shall be given to all who are entitled to receive notice of the meeting of any person (other than a director retring by rotation at the meeting) who is recommended by the directors or appointment or reappointment as a director at the meeting or in respect of whom notice has been applying the command of the intention to croose him at the meeting to duly given to the company of the intention to propose him at the meeting for appointment or reappointment as a director. The notice shall give the particulars of that person which would if he were so appointed or reappointed be required to be included in the tompony's regulater of directors.

- 78 Subject as aloresaid the company may by ordinary resolution appoint a person who is withing to act to be a director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director and may also determine the rotation in which any additional. directors are to retire
- 79 The directors may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director, provided that the appointment does not to the a vaccarcy or as an animonal practor provided that the appointment does not cause the number of directors to exceed any number fixed by or in accordance with the articles as the maximum number of directors. A director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting and shall not be taken into account in determining the directors who are to ratire by rotation at the meeting. It not reappointed at such annual general meeting, he shall vacate office. at the conclusion thereof
- 80 Subject as aforesaid, a director who retires at an annual general meeting may If willing to act be reappointed if he is not reappointed he shall retain office until the meeting appoints someone in his place, or if it does not do so, until the end of

DISQUALIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

- 81 The office of a director shall be vacated if (a) he chases to be a director by virtue of any provision of the Act or he becomes prohibited by law from being a director or (b) he becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his
- (c) he is, or may be suffering from mental disorder and either
- (i) he is admitted to hospital in pursuance of an application for admission for treatment under the Mental Health Act 1983 or in Scotland, an
- admission for redmission under the Mental Health (Scotland) Act 1960 or in Scotland, an application for admission under the Mental Health (Scotland) Act 1960 or (ii) an order is made by a coun having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) in matters concerning mental disorder for his detention or for the appointment of a receiver curator bonis or other person to exercise powers with respect to his property or affairs or
- (d) he resigns his office by notice to the company or
 (e) he shall for more than six consecutive months have been absent without permission of the directors from meetings of directors held during that period and the directors resolve that his office be vecated REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS
- 82 The directors shall be entitled to such remuneration as the company may by ordinary resolution determine and unless the resolution provides otherwise the remuneration shall be deemed to accrue from day to day DIRECTORS EXPENSES
- The directors may be paid all travelling hotel, and other expenses properly incurred by them in connection with their attendance at meetings of directors or committees of directors or general meetings or separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or of debentures of the company or otherwise in connection with the discharge of their duties DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENTS AND INTERESTS
- Subject to the provisions of the Act, the directors may appoint one or more of their number to the office of managing director or to any other executive office under the company and may enter into an agreement or arrangement with any director for his employment by the company or for the provision by him of any services outside the scope of the ordinary dues of a director. Any such appointment agreement or arrangement may be made upon such terms as the directors determine and they may remunerate any such director to his services as they think it. Any appointment of a director to an executive office shall terminate if he cases to be a director but without prejudice to any claim to damages for breach of the contract of service between the director and the company director and a director holding any other executive office shall not be subject to etirement by rotation
- 85 Subject to the provisions of the Act, and provided that he has disclosed to the directors the nature and extent of any material interest of his a director notwithstanding his office -

- notwithstanding his office
 (a) may be a perty to, or otherwise interested in, any transaction or arrangement with the company or in which the company is otherwise interested, (b) may be a director or other officer of or employed by or a party to any transaction or arrangement with, no otherwise interested in any body comporate promoted by the company or in which the company is otherwise interested and (c) shall not, by reason of his office be accountable to the company for any benefit which he derives from any such office or employment or from any such transaction or arrangement or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such transaction or arrangement or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such transaction or arrangement shall be hable to be avoided on the ground of any

such interest or benefit 86 For the purposes of regulation 85

- (a) a general notice given to the directors that a director is to be regarded as g an interest of the nature and extent specified in the notice in any transaction or arrangement in which a specified person or class of persons is interested shall be deemed to be a disclosure that the director has an interest in any such transaction of the nature and extent so specified and

 (b) an interest of which a director has no knowledge and of which a is unreasonable to expect him to have knowledge shall not be treated as an interest

DIRECTORS GRATHITIES AND PENSIONS

87 The directors may provide benefits whether by the payment of gratuities or pensions or by insurance or otherwise for any director who has held but no longer persons or by insurance or one-miss for any circard who has help but no longer holds any executive office or employment with the company or with any body corporate which is or has been a subsidiary of the company or a predecessor in business of the company or of any such subsidiary and for any member of his tamily (including a spouse and a former spouse) or any person who is or was dependent on him, and may (as well before as after he causes to hold such office or employment) contribute to any fund and pay premiums for the purchase or progretion of any such hearest. provision of any such benefit PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

- PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

 88. Subject to the provision of the anicles the directors may regulate their proceedings as they think if: A director may and the secretary at the request of a director shall, call a meeting of the directors. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting to a director who is absent from the Untade Kingdom. Questions assaring at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes in the case of an equality of votes the charman shall have a second or casting vote. A director who is also an atternate sine-tor shall be entitled in the absence of his appointor in a separate vote on behalf of his appointor in addition to his own vote.
- The quorum for the transaction of the business of the directors may be fixed by the directors and unless so tixed at any other number shall be two. A person who holds office only as an alternate director shall, if his appointor is not present, be
- counted in the quorum

 90. The continuing directors or a sole continuing director may act notwithstanding any vacancies in their number but if the number of directors is less than the number food as the quorum the continuing directors or director may act only for the purpose of filling vacancies or of calling a general meeting.

- 91 The directors may appoint one of their number to be the charman of the board of directors and may at any time remove him from that office. Unless he is unwilling to do so the director so appointed shall preside at every meeting of directors at which he is present. But if there is no director holding that office or if the director holding it is unwilling to preside or is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for the meeting, the directors present may appoint one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.

 92. All acts done by a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors, or by a
- 92. At acts done by a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors, or by a person acting as a director shall notwithstanding that it be attenued discussions and office or that any of them were disqualified from holding office or had vacated office or were not entitled to vote, be as valid as if every such person had been entitled to vote be as valid as if every such person had been entitled to vote 93. A resolution in writing signed by all the directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of directors or (as the case may be) a committee of directors disk provisions that proposed and had seen passed at a meeting of directors or (as the case may be) a committee of directors disk provisions and of the transfer the proposed and the proposed of themself interpretates.
- of directors duly convened and held and may consist of several documents in the like form each signed by one or more directors, but a resolution aigned by an alternate director need not also be signed by his appointor and if it is signed by a director who has appointed an alternate director it need not be signed by the
- olifector with nais appointed an attentate director it need not be signed by the attentate director in that capacity.

 94. Save as otherwise provided by the articles, a director shall not vote at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors on any resolution concerning a matter in which he has directly or indirectly an interest or duty which is matteral and which conflicts or may conflict with the interests of the company unless his interest or duty arises only because the case talls within one or more of the inflowable transparance. following paragraphs -
- (a) the resolution relates to the giving to him of a guarantee security or indemnity in respect of money lent to or an obligation incurred by him for the benefit of the company or any of its subsidiaries.
- (b) the resolution relates to the giving to a third party of a guarantee, security or indemnity in respect of an obligation of the company or any of as subsidiaries for which the director has assumed responsibility in whole or part and whether alone or jointly with others under a guarantee or indemnity or by the giving directory.
- (c) his interest arises by virtue of his subscribing or agreeing to subscribe for any shares, debentures or other securities of the company or any of its subsidiaries or by virtue of his being or intending to become a participant in the underwriting or sub-underwriting or sub-underwritin
- or exchange

 (d) the resolution relates in any way to a retirement benefits echeme which has been approved or is conditional upon approval by the Board of Inland tue for taxation purposes
- For the purposes of this regulation, an interest of a person who is for any purpose of the Act (excluding any statutory modification thereof not in force when this regulation becomes binding on the company), connected with a director shall be treated as an interst of the director and in relation to an atternate director an interest of his appointor shall be treated as an interest of the atternate director without prejudice to any interest which the atternate director has otherwise.
- 95. A director shall not be counted in the quorum present at a meeting in relation to a resolution on which he is not entitled to vote 96. The company may by ordinary resolution suspend or relax to any extent either penerally or in respect of any particular matter any provision of the articles prohibiting a director from voting at a meeting of directors or of a committee of
- Where proposals are under consideration concerning the appointment of two where proposals are under consideration concerning the appointment of two or more directors to offices or employments with the company or any body corporate in which the company is interested the proposals may be divided and considered in relation to each director separately and [provided he is not for another reason precluded from wong) each of the directors concerned shall be entitled to vote and be counted in the quorum in respect of each resolution except that concerning his own appointment
- 98 If a question arises at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors as to the right of a director to vote: the question may before the conclusion of the meeting be referred to the chairman of the meeting and his ruling in relation to any other than himself shall be finel and conclu
- 99 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the secretary shall be exponited by the directors for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit, and any secretary so appointed may be removed by them. MINISTER
- MINUTES

 100 The directors shall cause minutes to be made in books kept for the purpose
 (a) of all appointments of officers made by the directors and
 (b) of all proceedings at meetings of the company of the holders of any
 class of shares in the company, and of the directors and of committees of
 directors including the names of the directors present at such meeting
 THE SEAL.
- 101 The seal shall only be used by the authority of the directors or of a committee of directors authorised by the directors. The directors may determine who shall sign any instrument to which the seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by a director and by the accretion of the secondary. It shall be signed by a director and by the secretary or by a second director DIVIDENDS
- 102 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the company may by ordinary resolution dectare dividends in accordance with the respective rights of the members, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the directors.
- 103 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the directors may pay interim dividends it is appears to them that they are justified by the profits of the company available for distribution. If the share capital is divided into different classes, the directors may pay interim dividends on shares which confer deterred or non-preferred rights with regard to dividend as well as on shares which confer preferential rights with regard regard to dividend but no interam dividend shall be paid on shares carrying deterred or non-preferred rights if at the time of payment, any preferential dividend is in arrear. The directors may also pay at intervets settled by them any dividend payable at a fixed rate. If it appears to them that the profits available for distribution justify the payment. Provided the directors act in good faith they shall not incur any labelity to the holders of shares conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the lawful payment of an interim dividend on any shares having deferred or preferred rights
- non-preferred rights.

 104 Except as otherwise provided by the rights attached to shares, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid up on the shares on which the dividend is paid. All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid up on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date that share shall rank for dividend accordingly.

- 105 A general meeting declaring a dividend may upon the recommendation of the directors direct that it shall be satisfied wholly or partly by the distribution of a near where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution, the directors may settle the same and in particular may issue fractional certificates and fix the value for distribution of any assets and may determine that cash shall be peid to any member upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of asetsunt in streets you trave years and ma shedim
- members and may vest any easets in trustees.

 106 Any dividend or other moneys payable in respect of a share may be part by cheque sent by post to the registered address of the person entitled or if two or more persons are the holders of the share or are jointly entitled to it by reason of the death or bankruptly of the holder to the registered address of that one of those persons who is that named in the register of members or to such person and to such address as the person or persons entitled may it writing direct. Every cheque shall be made payable to the order of the person or persons entitled or to such other person as the person or persons entitled may in writing direct and payment of the cheque shall be a good discharge to the omegan. the cheque shall be a good discharge to the company. Any joint holder or other person jointly emitted to a share as aforesaid may give receipts for any dividend or other moneys payable in respect of the share.
- 107 No dwidend or other moneys payable in respect of a share shall bear interest against the company unless otherwise provided by the rights attached to the share 108. Any dwidend which has remained unclaimed for twelve years from the date. when it became due for payment shall, if the directors so resolve, be fortesed and cease to remain owing by the company
- 109 No member shall (as such) have any right of inspecting any accounting records or other book or document of the company except as conferred by statute or authorised by the directors or by ordinary resolution of the company CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS
- 110. The directors may with the authority of an ordinary resolution of the company
- (a) subject as herematter provided resolve to capitalise any undivided profits of the company not required for paying any preferential dividend (whether or not they are evaluable for distribution) or any sum standing to the credit of the
- company's share premium account or capital redemption reserve

 (b) appropriate the sum resolved to be capitalised to the mambers who would have been entitled to it if it were distributed by way of dividend and in the same proponens and apply such sum on their behalt either in or towards paying up the amounts. It emy for the time being unpeal on any shares held by them respectively, or in paying up in full unissued shares or debentures of the company of a compile time to result to the same time. of a nominal amount equal to that sum and allot the shares or debentures credited as fully paid to those members, or as they may direct in those proportions or partly in one way and partly in the other, but the share premium account the capital redemption reserve, and any profits which are not available for distribution may for the purposes of this regulation, only be applied in paying up unissued shares to be allotted to members credited as fully paid.
- allotted to members credited as fully paid

 (c) make such provision by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as they determine in the case of shares or debentures becoming distributable under this regulation in fractions and (d) authorize any person to enter on behalf of all the members concerned into an agreement with the company providing for the allotment to them respectively credited as fully paid of any shares or debentures to which they are entitled upon such capitalisation any agreement made under such authority being broken on as such members.
- 111. Any notice to be given to or by any person pursuant to the articles shall be in writing except that a notice calling a meeting of the directors need not be in writing 112. The company may give any notice to a member either personally or by sending it by post in a prepaid envelope addressed to the member at his negistered address or by leaving it at that address. In the case of joint holders of a share all notices shall be given to the joint holder whose name stands first in the register of members in the case of joint holders whose name stands first in the register of members. members in respect of the joint holding and notice at given shall be sufficient notice to all the joint holders. A member whose registered address is not within the United Kingdom and who gives to the company an address within the United Kingdom at which notices may be given to him shall be entitled to have notices given to him at that address but otherwise no such member shall be entitled to
- given to rish at that adultate our towards to the person of the person of the company of the holders of any class of shares in the company at all the holders of any class of shares in the company at all the deemed to have received notice of the meeting and where requisite of the purposes for
- which it was called which is was caused.

 114. Every person who becomes antitled to a share shall be bound by any notice in respect of that share which, before his name is entered in the register of members.
- has been duly given to a person from whom he derives his title.

 115. Proof that an envelope containing a notice was properly addressed, prepaid. and posted shall be conclusive evidence that the notice was given. A notice shall be deemed to be given at the expiration of 48 hours after the envelope containing it
- was position.

 116 A notice may be given by the company to the persons entitled to a share in 116 A notice may be given by the company to the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member by sending or delivering it, in any manner authorised by the shicles for the giving of notice to a member addressed to them by name or by the title of representatives of the uccessed or trustee of the bankrupt or by any like description at the address, if any within the United Kingdom supplied for that purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled Until such an address has been supplied a notice may be given in any manner in which it might have been given if the death or bankruptcy had not occurred Windholms and the supplied and the persons claiming the supplied and the persons the supplied and supplied an
- WINDING UP

 117 If the company is wound up, the squidator may, with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution of the company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide among the members in specie the whole or any part of the assets of the company and may, for that purpose value any assets and determine how the division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members. The liquidator may with the site sanction vest the whole or any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the members as he with the like sanction determines, but no member shall be compelled to eccept any assets upon which there is a slighting. assets upon which there is a liability INDEMNITY
- INDEMINITY

 118 Subject to the provisions of the Act but without prejudice to any indemnity to which a director may otherwise be entitled every director or other officer or auditor of the company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the company against any liability inclumed by film in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application in which relief is granted to him by the court from Sability for negligence default breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the affairs of the