Hansard Development Services (UK) Limited Directors' report and accounts

for the year ended 30 June 2002

Registered number: 4065297



Contents

Company information	1
Report of the directors	2
Statement of directors' responsibilities	3
Report of the auditors	4
Profit and loss account	5
Balance sheet	6
Notes to the financial statements	7-10

Company information

Directors

J E Krasin J Kanarek

Company secretary

Aldwych Secretaries Ltd

Registered office

6th Floor Aldwych House 81 Aldwych London WC2B 4RP

Registered number

4065297

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Report of the directors

The directors have pleasure in submitting their report for the year ended 30 June 2002, together with the audited accounts. The comparatives figures are for the 10 months ended 30 June 2001.

Activities

The principal activity of the company has been the provision of market development services to other group companies which it will continue to do in the future.

Results

The profit for the year, before tax, amounted to £11,783 (2001: £1,017). The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

Directors

The directors who served during the period were:

J E Krasin

J Kanarek

None of the directors had an interest in the share capital of the company at 30 June 2002.

Auditors

A resolution to reappoint PricewaterhouseCoopers as the auditors of the company will be presented at the AGM.

By order of the Board

Secretary FOR ALDWYCH SECRETARIES LTD

25 September 2002

Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements, for each financial period, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the United Kingdom Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Secretary

FOR ALDWYCH SECRETARIES LTD

25 September 2002

By order of the Board

PAR ALEMANDIA SECRETARIA CITÀ



Report of the auditors to the members of Hansard Development Services (UK) Limited

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Sixty Circular Road
Douglas
Isle of Man IM1 ISA
Telephone +44 (0) 1624 689689
Facsimile +44 (0) 1624 689690

We have audited the financial statements of Hansard Development Services (UK) Limited for the year ended 30 June 2002 set out on pages 5 to 9.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Isle of Man law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards are set out in the statement of directors' responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the United Kingdom Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' fees and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2002 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the United Kingdom Company Act 1985.

Frice McCountants and Registered Auditors

11 Navember 2002

Profit and loss account for the year ended 30 June 2002

		2002	10 months ended 30 June 2001
	Note	£	£
Turnover	1	296,077	61,000
Administration expenses	2	(284,265)	(59,983)
Operating profit		11,812	1,017
Interest receivable and similar income	2	29	
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	2	11,783	1,017
Tax on ordinary activities	3	(2,475)	(389)
Retained profit for the period		9,308	628
Retained profit brought forward		628	<u>-</u>
Retained profit carried forward		9,936	628

The company has no recognised gains and losses other than those included in the profit and loss account above and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

There is no difference between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the retained profit for the year above and their historical cost equivalents.

All activities are continuing.

Balance sheet as at 30 June 2002

	Note	2002 £	2001 £
Fixed assets	4	2,825	
Current assets			
Debtors	5	31,480	2,018
Creditors			
Amounts falling due within one year	6	24,368	1,389
Net current assets		7,112	629
Net assets		9,937	629
Capital and reserves			
Issued share capital	7	1	1
Profit and loss account		9,936	628
Equity shareholder's funds	8	9,937	629

The accounts were approved by the Board on 25 September 2002 and signed on its behalf by:

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2002

1 Principal accounting policies

In the absence of comparable accounting standards prescribed by law in the Isle of Man, the directors have resolved to adopt United Kingdom Financial Reporting standards published by the United Kingdom Accounting Standards Board in the preparation of these financial statements provided that they are not inconsistent with the provisions of the Isle of Man Companies Acts 1931 to 1993.

A summary of the more important accounting policies, which have been applied consistently, is set out below.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention modified by the revaluation of investments.

Turnover

Turnover represents service fees receivable from group companies.

Tangible assets

The cost of tangible assets is their purchase cost, together with any incidental costs of acquisition. Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of tangible assets, less their estimated residual values, on a straight line basis over the expected useful economic lives of the assets concerned. The principal rates used for this purpose are:-

Fixtures and fittings 25% per annum
Computer equipment 33 1/3% per annum
Motor vehicles 25% per annum

Leasehold improvements are written off over the earlier of the period of the relevant lease or 10 years.

Pension costs

The company contributes to employees' personal pension plans. Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable under the terms of the relevant employment contract.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities held in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date. Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction.

Investment in subsidiary companies

Investments in subsidiary companies are included at directors' valuation. Any movements in valuation above original cost are taken to a revaluation reserve, which is not distributable.

Consolidated accounts

The company is exempt from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements as it is itself a subsidiary undertaking whose immediate parent company, Hansard Financial Trust Limited, prepares consolidated financial statements.

2 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging:

	10 months 2002 30 June	
Auditors' remuneration for audit services	405	1,000

Staff costs for the year were £222,041 (2001: £55,756). Of this, £100,000 was paid to Mr J Kanarek, a director of the company.

No other directors received remuneration.

The average number of persons employed by the company during the period was three (2001: one).

3 Tax on profit on ordinary activities

	2002 £	10 months ended 30 June 2001 £
UK corporation tax on the profit for the period provided at 21%	2,475	389

4 Tangible assets

	Computer equipment £'000	Total £'000
Cost		
At 1 July 2001	-	-
Additions	2,079	2,079
Disposals	-	-
Transfers from group companies	2,068	2,068
At 30 June 2002	4,147	4,147
Depreciation		
At 1 July 2001	-	-
Charge for year	1,113	1,113
Disposals	-	-
Transfers from group companies	209	209
At 30 June 2002	1,322	1,322
Net book value		
At 30 June 2002	2,825	2,825
At 30 June 2001	_	-

5 Debtors

	2002 £	2001 £
D.1	1 207	
Debtors and prepayments Amounts due from parent company	1,206 30,274	2,018
mount and nom parents company	<u> </u>	2,010
	31,480	2,018
Creditors		
Cicuitors	2002	2001
	£	£
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Corporation tax	2,863	389
Other creditors	21,505	1,000
	24,368	1,389
Share capital		
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	2002	2001
	£	£
Authorised:		
100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
Issued and fully paid:		
1 Ordinary share of £1	1	1
Reconciliation of movement in share	reholder's funds	
	2002	2001
	£	£
Profit for the year	9,308	628
New share capital subscribed	<u> </u>	1
Net addition to shareholder's funds	9,308	629
Opening shareholder's funds	629	-
Closing shareholder's funds	9,937	629

# 9 Ultimate parent company

The ultimate parent company is Hansard Financial Trust Limited, a company registered in the Isle of Man. Hansard Financial Trust Limited is controlled by Dr L S Polonsky, a director of group companies including Hansard Financial Trust Limited.

### 10 Related party disclosure

The directors have availed of the exemptions in Financial Reporting Standard No 8 "Related Party Disclosures" which permits qualifying subsidiaries of an undertaking not to disclose details of transactions and balances between group entities that are eliminated on consolidation.

### 11 Cash flow statement

The company has taken the exemption under Financial Reporting Standard No.1 (Revised) from presenting a cash flow statement as the consolidated financial statements of Hansard Financial Trust Limited, in which the company is included, are publicly available.