Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 January 2020

Registered number: 04056989



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Company Directory

Registered Office

3 Sheldon Square Paddington London W2 6PX United Kingdom

Company Type

New England Paint Company Limited is a private company limited by shares

Directors

- P. Moore
- J. Smith

Company Secretary

P. Moore

Auditor

Deloitte LLP Statutory Auditor London United Kingdom

Directors' report

The Directors present their annual report and audited financial statements of New England Paint Company Limited (the "Company") for the financial year ended 31 January 2020.

The Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies with Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006, and consequently a Strategic Report has not been prepared.

Principal activities

The Company operates as an investment company within the Kingfisher plc group (the "Group"). The Directors currently envisage that the Company will continue these operations for a minimum of 12 months after the signing date

Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £451,000 (2018/19: £363,000). The profit for the year was primarily derived from interest receivable on loans to Group undertakings.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year (2018/19: £nil). The Directors did not pay an interim dividend during the year (2018/19: £nil), nor will there be any post year-end dividend pay-outs for the year.

Directors

The Directors, who served during the year and up to the date of signing, were as follows:

- J-N. Groleau (resigned 19 July 2019)
- P. Moore
- G. Kendall (appointed 19 July 2019, resigned 6 March 2020)
- J. Smith appointed (6 March 2020)

The Directors of the Company were remunerated by another company in the Group.

Company Secretary

The company secretary, Paul Moore, served throughout the whole year.

Going concern

The Company has limited activity and benefits from continued financial support from the Group headed by Kingfisher plc to support its continued operations and meeting of obligations as they fall due.

The Directors, in combination with the Directors of Kingfisher plc, have analysed the Group's liquidity position and cash flow projections, including a forward looking Covid-19 scenario, up to the date on which these financial statements are approved and are satisfied that such support could be provided to the Company for at least 12 months from the date on which these financial statements are approved. The Directors therefore have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

Future developments

The Directors expect the general level of activity to remain consistent with 2019/20 in the forthcoming year.

Directors' report (continued)

Post balance sheet events

The effects of the Covid-19 pandemic and the related financial statement impacts could not have been reasonably anticipated at 31 January 2020 and are therefore deemed to be non-adjusting post balance sheet events. There were however no specific events with respect to the Covid-19 pandemic requiring disclosure in these financial statements. There were no post balance sheet events requiring adjustment in these financial statements.

Auditor

Deloitte LLP will continue to hold office in accordance with section 487 of the Companies Act 2006.

Statement of disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who is a Director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as the Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and
- the Director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a Director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of section 418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Statement of Directors' responsibilities

The following statement, which should be read in conjunction with the independent auditor's report, is made with a view to distinguishing for shareholders the responsibilities of the Directors and the auditor in relation to these financial statements.

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework. Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis, unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

By order of the board:

P. Moore

Director

9 November 2020

Independent auditor's report to the members of New England Paint Company Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements of New England Paint Company Limited (the "Company"):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 January 2020 and of its profit for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the income statement:
- the statement of changes in equity;
- · the balance sheet; and
- the related notes 1 to 11.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework".

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's ("FRC") Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We are required by ISAs (UK) to report in respect of the following matters where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate;
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast
 significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of
 at least 12 months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of directors' Responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent auditor's report to the members of New England Paint Company Limited (continued)

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the directors' report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the directors' report
 and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

William Smith MA FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Statutory Auditor

London, United Kingdom

Willin Smith

9 November 2020

Income statement

Year ended 31 January 2020

£.000	Notes	2019/20	2018/19
Finance income	3	557	448
Profit before taxation		557	448
Income tax expense	6	(106)	(85)
Profit for the year		451	363
Total comprehensive income for the year		451	363

The notes on pages 10 to 13 form part of the financial statements.

There are no comprehensive income or expenses other than the profit for the current and preceding financial year. Accordingly, no statement of comprehensive income is given.

All of the above transactions relate to continuing operations.

Statement of changes in equity

Year ended 31 January 2020

€'000	Share capital	Share premium	Retained earnings	Total
At 1 February 2019	1,078	118,433	2,624	122,135
Total comprehensive income and profit for the year	-	-	451	451
At 31 January 2020	1,078	118,433	3,075	122,586
At 1 February 2018	1,078	118,433	2,261	121,772
Total comprehensive income and profit for the year	-	-	363	363
At 31 January 2019	1,078	118,433	2,624	122,135

The notes on pages 10 to 13 form part of the financial statements.

Company Registered number: 04056989

Balance sheet

At 31 January 2020

£'000	Notes	2019/20	2018/19
Non-current assets			_
Investments	7	59,755	59,755
Current assets			
Other receivables	8	62,870	62,416
Total assets	-	122,625	122,171
Current liabilities			
Current tax liabilities		(39)	(36)
Total liabilities	-	(39)	(36)
Net current assets		62,831	62,380
Net assets		122,586	122,135
Equity			
Share capital	9	1,078	1,078
Share premium	-	118,433	118,433
Retained earnings		3,075	2,624
Total equity		122,586	122,135

The notes on pages 10 to 13 form part of the financial statements.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on9 November 2020 and were signed on its behalf by:

P. Moore
Director

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 January 2020

1 Principal accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

a. Basis of preparation

New England Paint Company Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales under the Companies Act 2006. The address of the registered office is given on page 2. The nature of the Company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' report on pages 3 and 4.

The financial statements are prepared in 'Pounds Sterling' (£), which is also the company's functional currency on the basis that it is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' (FRS 101) as issued by the FRC as applied in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2006.

The current financial year is the year ended 31 January 2020 ("the year" or "2019/20"). The comparative financial year is the year ended 31 January 2019 ("the prior year" or "2018/19").

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom and the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements are separate financial statements. The Company is exempt under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the preparation of consolidated financial statements, as it is included in the group financial statements of its ultimate parent, Kingfisher plc.

As permitted by FRS 101, the Company has taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions available under that standard in relation to presentation of a cash-flow statement, related party transactions, financial instruments disclosures, standards not yet effective and capital management. Where required, equivalent disclosures are given in the consolidated financial statements of Kingfisher plc, which are publicly available from www.kingfisher.com.

The Group early adopted the IFRS 9 amendments which provides temporary relief to hedging relationships that are directly affected by IBOR reform. This has no impact on the Company's financial statements as the Company does not adopt hedge accounting

b. Going concern

The Company has limited activity and benefits from continued financial support from the Group headed by Kingfisher plc to support its continued operations and meeting of obligations as they fall due.

The Directors, in combination with the Directors of Kingfisher plc, have analysed the Group's liquidity position and cash flow projections, including a forward looking Covid-19 scenario, up to the date on which these financial statements are approved and are satisfied that such support could be provided to the Company for at least 12 months from the date on which these financial statements are approved. The Directors therefore have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

c. Interest receivable

Interest receivable is accrued on a daily basis.

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 January 2020

1 Principal accounting policies (cont.)

d. Taxation

The income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax. The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year.

Taxable profit differs from profit before taxation, as reported in the income statement, because it excludes items of income or expense which are taxable or deductible in other years or which are never taxable or deductible.

e. Investments in subsidiary companies

Investments in subsidiary companies are held at cost less accumulated impairment losses. At each reporting date an assessment is performed as to whether there are any indicators that the Company's investments may be impaired and, should such indicators exist, the recoverable amounts are estimated.

f. Financial instruments

Classification

Financial assets are classified into the following specific category: 'other receivables'. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

Recognition and measurement

Other receivables

Trade receivables, loans, and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as 'other receivables'. Other receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment. Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

2 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements under FRS 101 requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

There have been no critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty during the year.

3 Finance income

5.000	2019/20	2018/19
Interest receivable from Group undertakings	557	448
Finance income	557	448

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 January 2020

4 Employees' and Directors' remuneration

There were no employees or staff costs for the financial year ended 31 January 2020 (2018/19: £nil).

None of the Directors received any emoluments from the Company in respect of the financial year ended 31 January 2020 (2018/19: £nil). The Directors of the Company were remunerated by another company in the Group.

5 Auditor's remuneration

The auditor's remuneration for the auditing of the financial statements is £1,000 (2019/20: £1,000) and is borne by Kingfisher plc. No recharge will be made to the Company for these costs.

6 Income tax expense

£,000	2019/20	2018/19
UK corporation tax		
Current tax on profits for the year	106	85
Income tax expense	106	85

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The Company's profits for this accounting period are taxed at a rate of 19% (2018/19: 19%).

The UK corporation tax rate was legislated to fall from 19% to 17% from 1 April 2020 and its effect is reflected in these financial statements. However, following the UK Budget announcement on 11 March 2020, the reduction was repealed in the Finance Bill 2019-21 and the 19% rate will be maintained. As this rate change had not been substantively enacted by the balance sheet date, the impact is not included in these financial statements.

£'000	2019/20	2018/19
Profit before taxation	557	448
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018/19: 19%)	106	85
Income tax expense	106	85

7 Investments

£.000	Investments in subsidiary undertakings
Cost and Net book value	
At 1 February 2019	59,755
At 31 January 2020	59,755
At 1 February 2018	59,755
At 31 January 2019	59,755

The Company holds 13% of the ordinary share capital of Sheldon Poland Investments Limited⁽¹⁾, a company incorporated in the UK. Sheldon Poland Investments Limited's main function is as a finance company.

⁽¹⁾ Registered office: 3 Sheldon Square, Paddington, London, W2 6PX

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 January 2020

8 Other receivables

	2019/20	2018/19
Current	- ·	
Amounts owed by Group undertakings	62,870	62,416
Other receivables	62,870	62,416

Amounts owed by Group undertakings are sterling denominated, unsecured, have no fixed date of repayment and are repayable on demand. £58m (2018/19: £58m) of the balance is accruing interest at a floating rate, based on 6 month London Interbank Offer Rate (LIBOR) which at the year-end was 0.81% (rate for the year 2018/19: 1.04%). The remaining £5m (2018/19: £5m) of the balance is accruing interest at a floating rate, based on one week LIBOR less a margin of 25 basis points.

9 Share capital

	Number of ordinary shares	Ordinary share capital
	in thousands	£,000
At 1 February 2019	1,078	1,078
At 31 January 2020	1,078	1,078
At 1 February 2018	1,078	1,078
At 31 January 2019	1,078	1,078

As at 31 January 2020, 107,747,000 ordinary shares has been issued at £0.01 each.

The shares have attached to them full voting, dividend and capital distribution rights.

10 Ultimate holding company

The Company's ultimate parent company is Kingfisher plc (company number 01664812), 3 Sheldon Square, Paddington, London W2 6PX, which is incorporated in the United Kingdom, and registered in England and Wales. The largest and smallest group into which the Company's financial statements are consolidated is that headed by Kingfisher plc. A copy of the Annual Report and Accounts for Kingfisher plc is publicly available from www.kingfisher.com.

The Company's immediate parent undertakings are Sheldon Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales and Castorama Polska SP. z o. o., a company incorporated and registered in Poland. The registered address of Sheldon Holdings Limited is 3 Sheldon Square, Paddington, London W2 6PX. The registered address of Castorama Polska SP. z o. o. is UI. Krakowiakow 78, 02-255 Warszawa, Poland.

11 Subsequent events

The effects of the Covid-19 pandemic and the related financial statement impacts could not have been reasonably anticipated at 31 January 2020 and are therefore deemed to be non-adjusting post balance sheet events. There were however no specific events with respect to the Covid-19 pandemic requiring disclosure in these financial statements. There were no post balance sheet events requiring adjustment in these financial statements.