# **COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 04032032**

# HURSTLANE LIMITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 31 MARCH 2014

**UHY HACKER YOUNG (S.E.) LIMITED** 

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor
168 Church Road
Hove
East Sussex
BN3 2DL



LD3 30/12/2014
COMPANIES HOUSE

# ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

# YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO HURSTLANE LIMITED

#### **UNDER SECTION 449 OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006**

We have examined the abbreviated accounts, together with the financial statements of Hurstlane Limited for the year ended 31 March 2014 prepared under Section 396 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report is made solely to the company, in accordance with Section 449 of the Companies Act 2006. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in a special auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company for our work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section and to report our opinion to you.

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2008/4 issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts are properly prepared.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Section 444(3) of the Companies Act 2006, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section.

## Other information

On 30 December 2014 we reported as auditor to the members of the company on the financial statements prepared under Section 396 of the Companies Act 2006 and our report included the following paragraph:

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO HURSTLANE LIMITED (continued)

# **UNDER SECTION 449 OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006**

168 Church Road Hove East Sussex BN3 2DL

30 December 2014

SHABIR THANTREY (Senior Statutory Auditor) For and on behalf of UHY HACKER YOUNG (S.E.) LIMITED Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

# ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

# 31 MARCH 2014

		2014		2013
EXECUTE A CORPORA	Note	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	2		22,641,314	22,157,827
Investments			150,000	150,000
			22,791,314	22,307,827
CURRENT ASSETS		2.164.692		1 752 000
Stocks		2,164,683		1,753,000
Debtors		1,480,570		58,725 204
Cash at bank and in hand		1,092		
		3,646,345		1,811,929
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one				
year	3	2,415,183		469,176
NET CURRENT ASSETS			1,231,162	1,342,753
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIE	ES		24,022,476	23,650,580
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more				
than one year	4		3,579,529	3,750,578
			20,442,947	19,900,002
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called-up equity share capital	5		1	1
Revaluation reserve			19,838,415	19,348,415
Profit and loss account			604,531	551,586
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			20,442,947	19,900,002

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 30 December 2014, and are signed on their behalf by:

M SHEIKH

Company Registration Number: 04032032

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# **Basis of accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

## Going concern

No material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the ability of the company to continue as a going concern have been identified by the directors.

#### Consolidation

In the opinion of the directors, the company and its subsidiary undertakings comprise a small group. The company has therefore taken advantage of the exemption provided by Section 398 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare group accounts.

#### Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year.

#### Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures & Fittings

20% straight line

Motor Vehicles

25% reducing balance

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Operational freehold properties

Operational freehold properties are revalued by the directors annually on an open market basis and the surplus or deficit is transferred to the revaluation reserve in accordance with the frsse (effective April 2008).

The company does not depreciate its freehold buildings occupied for trading as required by the companies act 2006 and the financial reporting standard for smaller entities(effective April 2008). The nature of the company's business and the regulatory environment in which it operates means that the company has to carry out a regular programme of maintenance to ensure its premises continue to meet the required high standard throughout its estimated useful life. In the opinion of the director the effect of of this maintenance is that the estimated residual value of the freehold buildings is not materially different from cost and so the total amount that would be subject to depreciation is not material. For this reason it is not necessary to account for depreciation.

If depreciation were provided the profit before tax would be reduced and there would be an equivalent reduction in the value of tangible fixed assets, retained profit and the balance sheet total.

#### Freehold investment properties

Freehold investment properties held for investment purposes are not depreciated as required by the companies act 2006. In accordance with SSAP 19 investment properties are revalued to their open market value at each balance sheet date, with any surplus or deficit on revaluation being transferred to a revaluation reserve in the first instance. This treatment constitutes an override of the companies act requirement to depreciate fixed assets and is necessary in order to give a true and fair view.

If depreciation were provided the profit before tax would be reduced and there would be an equivalent reduction in the value of tangible fixed assets, retained profit and the balance sheet total.

#### **Development freehold properties**

Development properties are held at the lower of cost or net realisable value.

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

#### Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

# 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

#### **Income recognition**

Income is recognised as space is provided to tenants.

#### 2. FIXED ASSETS

Tangible	Investments	Total
£	£	£
22,221,037	150,000	22,371,037
490,000		490,000
22,711,037	150,000	22,861,037
63,210	_	63,210
6,513		6,513
69,723	_	69,723
22,641,314	150,000	22,791,314
22,157,827	150,000	22,307,827
	Assets £  22,221,037 490,000  22,711,037  63,210 6,513 69,723	Assets £ £  22,221,037

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

# YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

## 2. FIXED ASSETS (continued)

The company owns 100% of the issued share capital of Bridge House Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in England & Wales. The subsidiary trades as a nursing home and its aggregate capital and reserve at 31 March 2014 was deficit £239,146 (2013: deficit £250,701) and its profit for the year was £11,555 (2013: £4,555).

# 3. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due within one year are secured by the company:

·	2014	2013
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	247,856	143,000

# 4. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due after more than one year are secured by the company:

	2014	2013
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	3,579,529	3,750,578

The bank loans are secured by a debenture over the assets of the company and by cross guarantees given by Ashton Lodge Limited, Ashton Lodge (Sunbury) Limited, Berkeley Healthcare Limited, Coxwell Homes Limited, George Potter Care Home Limited, Coxwell Care Limited, Laurels Care Limited, Laurels Care Centre Limited, George Potter House Limited, Care4Home Care Limited, Newlands Management Limited and Bridge House Holdings Limited.

Included within creditors falling due after more than one year is an amount of £Nil (2013 - £2,989,756) in respect of liabilities which fall due for payment after more than five years from the balance sheet date.

The bank loans are secured over the company's freehold property and by a debenture over the company's assets.

# 5. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised share capital:

	2014	2013
	£	£
10,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	10,000	10,000

# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

# YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

5. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Allotted, called up and fully paid: