# **COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 04021251**

# The Bridal Gown Preservation Co Limited Unaudited abbreviated accounts 30 June 2015



# **HARRIS & CO**

Chartered Accountants
Marland House
13 Huddersfield Road
Barnsley
South Yorkshire
\$70.2LW

# Abbreviated accounts

# Year ended 30 June 2015

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# Abbreviated balance sheet

# 30 June 2015

	Note	£	2015 £	2014 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets	2		17,175	20,185
Current assets Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		750 19,945 42,010 62,705 47,939		700 17,864 40,355 58,919 34,033
Net current assets  Total assets less current liabilities			$\frac{14,766}{31,941}$	24,886 45,071
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than year	one		2,835	6,615
Provisions for liabilities			3,435	4,037
			25,671	34,419
Capital and reserves Called-up equity share capital	3		2	2
Profit and loss account	5		25,669	34,417
Shareholders' funds		,	25,671	34,419

The Balance sheet continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 3 to 4 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

## Abbreviated balance sheet (continued)

#### 30 June 2015

For the year ended 30 June 2015 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

## Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 23 December 2015, and are signed on their behalf by:

Mr J Robinson Director

Company Registration Number: 04021251

#### Notes to the abbreviated accounts

#### Year ended 30 June 2015

#### 1. Accounting policies

## Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

#### **Turnover**

Turnover represents amounts earned on goods and services provided during the year and derives from the provision of goods falling within the company's ordinary activities.

#### Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery - 15% reducing balance basis Fixtures & Fittings - 15% reducing balance basis Motor Vehicles - 25% Straight Line

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

## Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

#### Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### Notes to the abbreviated accounts

#### Year ended 30 June 2015

#### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

#### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

#### 2. Fixed assets

3.

			,	Tangible Assets
Cost At 1 July 2014 Additions				42,327 - 350
At 30 June 2015				42,677
<b>Depreciation</b> At 1 July 2014 Charge for year				22,142 3,360
At 30 June 2015	·			25,502
Net book value At 30 June 2015				17,175
At 30 June 2014				20,185
Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	2015 No	£	2014 No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	_2	2	2	_2