## INEOS Silicas Holdings Limited

Annual report and financial statements Registered number 04012355 31 December 2020



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## Strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2020

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### **Business overview**

The principal activity of the Company is the management activities of a holding company. There has been no change from the prior year.

#### **Business review**

The results of the Company are set out in the profit and loss account on page 10 which shows a loss for the financial year of £9,217,000 (2019 loss: £18,384,000).

#### Objectives and strategy

The directors do not expect any change in the company's activities during the next financial year as the company will continue to act as a holding company.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The management of the business and execution of the company's strategy are subject to a number of risks. Further discussion of these risks and uncertainties in the context of the group as a whole, is provided in the annual report of parent company INEOS Group Holdings S.A., which does not form part of this report.

#### **Key Performance Indicators**

The directors of INEOS Group Holdings S.A. manage the group's operations on a divisional basis. For this reason, the company's directors believe that analysis using performance indicators of the company is not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business of INEOS Silicas Holdings Limited. The development, performance and position of the group, including this company, are discussed in the group's annual report which does not form part of this report.

### Section 172 (1) Statement

The Company's governance and processes are operated to ensure that all relevant matters are considered by the Board in its principal decision-making, as a means of contributing to the delivery of the Company's long-term success.

In the performance of its duty to promote the success of the Company and fairness in decision making the Board has agreed to a number of matters. This includes listening to and considering the views of its single shareholder and ultimate controlling party as well as the Company's other stakeholders to build trust and ensure it fully understands the potential impacts of any decisions on the environment and the communities in which it operates.

#### Stakeholder Engagement

The Company aims to build enduring relationships with its stakeholders which may include governments, regulators, partners and communities in the countries where it operates. The Company works with its stakeholders in a honest, respectful and responsible way.

Approved and signed by order of the board

**Company Secretary** 

**INEOS Silicas Holdings Limited** 

Hawkslease, Chapel Lane, Lyndhurst, SO43 7FG

11 June 2021

## Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2020

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### **Directors**

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements are given below:

G Leask J Ginns

J Dolan

#### Financial risk management

The company's operations expose it to a variety of financial risks that include the effects of changes in credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The company has in place a risk management programme that seeks to limit the adverse effects on the financial performance of the company where appropriate. The company is funded internally by the INEOS group and therefore has no direct exposure to liquidity or debt market risk. Interest rate exposures are managed on a group basis and are fully disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of INEOS Group Holdings S.A..

#### Going concern

The COVID-19 pandemic adversely impacted the global economy during 2020. Major economies around the world are now recovering, and the successful development and deployment of multiple effective vaccines is reducing the threat of the virus. The Company therefore does not expect COVID-19 to have a significant adverse impact on its activities in the next financial year. Nevertheless the Company will continue to evaluate the situation and closely monitor any potential effects on its operations, and will continue to follow the World Health Organisation and local governments' advice.

As at 31 December 2020 the Company has net assets of £187,554,000 (2019: £196,771,00); the Company meets its day-today working capital requirements through its intercompany loan facility. The directors have received confirmation that INEOS Holdings Limited will support the Company for at least one year after these financial statements are signed.

After making these enquires, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The Company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

#### **Future developments**

The directors do not expect any change in the company's activities during the next financial year.

#### Dividends

The directors do not recommend the payment of an interim or final dividend (2019: nil).

#### **Carbon Reporting**

The Company is an intermediary parent of a large group and therefore requires to comply the Streamlined Energy and Carbon Reporting (SECR) reporting requirements. As the Company consumed less than 40,000kWH during the year, the exemption for entities with low emissions has been applied and thus the information is not disclosed.

## Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2020 (continued)

#### Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### Disclosure of information to auditors

The directors confirm that as far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware and that they have taken all steps necessary as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information. This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.'

#### Independent auditors

During the year Deloitte LLP were reappointed as auditors and have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditor pursuant to Section 485-488 of the Companies Act 2006. Appropriate arrangements have been put in place for them to be deemed reappointed in the absence of an Annual General Meeting.

Approved and signed by order of the Board

Y Ali

**Company Secretary** 

**INEOS Silicas Holdings Limited** 

Hawkslease, Chapel Lane, Lyndhurst, SO43 7FG, United Kingdom

11 June 2021

## Independent auditors' report to the members of INEOS Silicas Holdings Limited

#### Report on the audit of the financial statements

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements of INEOS Silicas Holdings Limited (the 'company'):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2020 and of its loss for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the profit and loss account;
- the balance sheet:
- the statement of changes in equity;
- the related notes 1 to 17

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

# Independent auditors' report to the members of INEOS Silicas Holdings Limited (continued)

#### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of directors

1

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: <a href="www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

We considered the nature of the company's industry and its control environment, and reviewed the company's documentation of their policies and procedures relating to fraud and compliance with laws and regulations. We also enquired of management about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities.

# Independent auditors' report to the members of INEOS Silicas Holdings Limited (continued)

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework that the company operates in, and identified the key laws and regulations that:

- had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. These included UK Companies Act, Bribery Act, and tax legislation; and
- do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the company's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty.

We discussed among the audit engagement team regarding the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements.

In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override. In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, testing the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessing whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluating the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

In addition to the above, our procedures to respond to the risks identified included the following:

- reviewing financial statement disclosures by testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements;
- performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;
- enquiring of management and in-house legal counsel concerning actual and potential litigation and claims, and instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations; and
- reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance.

#### Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

## Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the strategic report or the directors' report.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

# Independent auditors' report to the members of INEOS Silicas Holdings Limited (continued)

### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Suzanne Gallagher FCA (Senior statutory auditor)

For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Surance Gallagher

Statutory Auditor Reading, UK

11 June 2021

# Profit and Loss Account for year ended 31 December 2020

	Note		
•		2020	2019
		£000	£000
Administrative expenses		(6)	
Amounts waived from loans due from group undertakings	6	(5,252)	(6,761)
Interest receivable and similar income	7	1,181	5,444
Interest payable and similar expenses	8	(3,354)	(3,967)
Operating loss		(7,431)	(5,284)
Profit on the disposal of investments	9		2,215
Loss before tax		(7,431)	(3,069)
Tax on loss	10	(1,786)	(15,315)
Loss for the financial year		(9,217)	(18,384)

All activities of the company relate to continuing operations.

The company has no recognised other comprehensive income and therefore no separate statement of comprehensive income has been presented.

# Balance Sheet At 31 December 2020

	Note	2020	<b>2020</b>	2019	2019
		£000	£000	£000	£000
Current assets		2000	2000	2000	2000
Debtors	12	197,306		204,734	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	(9,752)		(7,963)	•
Net current assets		187,554		196,771	
Total assets less current liabilities			187,554		196,771
Net assets			187,554		196,771
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	14		_		_
Profit and loss account	7.		187,554		196,771
Total shareholders' funds			187,554		196,771

These financial statements on pages 10 to 20 were approved by the board of directors on 11 June 2021 and were signed on its behalf by:

G Leask
Director

Company registered number: 04012355

196,771

(9,217)

187,554

196,771

(9,217)

187,554

# Statement of Changes in Equity for year ended 31 December 2020

Balance at 1 January 2020

Loss for the financial year

Balance at 31 December 2020

	Called up share capital £000	Profit and loss account	Total shareholders' funds
Balance at 1 January 2019	-	215,155	215,155
Loss for the financial year	-	(18,384)	(18,384)
Balance at 31 December 2019	-	196,771	196,771
	Called up share capital £000	Profit and loss account £000	Total shareholders' funds £000

### Notes (forming part of the financial statements)

#### 1 Accounting policies

INEOS Silicas Holdings Limited (the "Company") is a private company, limited by shares incorporated in the United Kingdom under Companies Act 2006 and registered in England and Wales. Its registered address is: INEOS Silicas Holdings Limited, Hawkslease, Chapel Lane, Lyndhurst, Hampshire, SO43 7FG. The functional currency of the company is Great British Pounds.

The Company is exempt by virtue of section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare group financial statements. These financial statements present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its group. These financial statements are separate financial statements. The Company is exempt from the preparation and delivery of consolidated financial statements, because it is included in the group accounts of INEOS Group Holdings S.A.. The group accounts of INEOS Group Holdings S.A. are available to the public and can be obtained as set out in note 17.

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework ("FRS 101").

In preparing these financial statements, the Company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU ("Adopted IFRSs"), but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with Companies Act 2006 and has set out below where advantage of the FRS 101 disclosure exemptions has been taken.

In these financial statements, the company has applied the exemptions available under FRS 101 in respect of the following disclosures:

- a Cash Flow Statement and related notes;
- · Comparative period reconciliations for share capital;
- Disclosures in respect of transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries;
- Disclosures in respect of capital management;
- The effects of new but not yet effective IFRSs;
- Disclosures in respect of the compensation of Key Management Personnel.

As the consolidated financial statements of INEOS Group Holdings S.A. include the equivalent disclosures, the Company has also taken the exemptions under FRS 101 available in respect of the following disclosures:

- IFRS 2 Share Based Payments in respect of group settled share based payments;
- Certain disclosures required by IAS 36 *Impairment of assets* in respect of the impairment of goodwill and indefinite life intangible assets;
- Disclosures required by IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations in respect of the cash flows of discontinued operations;
- Certain disclosures required by IFRS 3 *Business Combinations* in respect of business combinations undertaken by the Company
- Certain disclosures required by IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement and the disclosures required by IFRS 7 Financial Instrument Disclosures.

The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently on the going concern basis, to all periods presented in these financial statements and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies using FRS 101.

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### 1.1 Measurement convention

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis.

#### 1.2 Going concern

As at 31 December 2020 the Company has net current assets of £187,554,000 (2019: net current liabilities of £196,771,000). The directors believe that preparing the financial statements on the going concern basis is appropriate due to the continued financial support of INEOS Holdings Limited. The directors have received confirmation that INEOS Holdings Limited has agreed to support the company for at least one year after these financial statements are signed.

### 1.3 Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the Company's functional currencies at the foreign exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are retranslated to the functional currency at the foreign exchange rate ruling at that date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are retranslated to the functional currency at foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was determined. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognised in the profit and loss account.

#### 1.4 Non-derivative financial instruments

Non-derivative financial instruments comprise investments in equity and debt securities, trade and other debtors, cash and cash equivalents, loans and borrowings, and trade and other creditors.

#### Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised initially at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, the company applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables.

#### Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are recognised initially at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Investments

Investments in jointly controlled entities, associates and subsidiaries are carried at cost less impairment.

### Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

## 1.5 Provisions

A provision is recognised in the balance sheet when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, that can be reliably measured and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects risks specific to the liability.

### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### 1.6 Taxation

Tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The following temporary differences are not provided for: the initial recognition of goodwill; the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit other than in a business combination, and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they will probably not reverse in the foreseeable future. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

#### 1.7 Impairment excluding inventories and deferred tax assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's assets are assessed at the end of the reporting period to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. A financial asset is considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicates that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the profit and loss account.

## 2 Impact of new accounting standards

The new standards and amendments effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2020 have no impact on this Company.

#### 3 Auditors' remuneration

Fees receivable by the Company's auditors' and their associates in respect of audit of financial statements of the Company and its associates, are disclosed on a consolidated basis in the consolidated financial statements of INEOS Group Holdings S.A.. The audit fee for the current year is £2,583 (2019: £2,500). There is no non audit fee in the current or prior year.

#### 4 Staff numbers and costs

The Company had nil employees during the year (2019: nil).

#### 5 Directors' remuneration

No Directors received any fees or remuneration in respect of their services as a Director of the Company during the financial year (2019: none). The directors are remunerated for their qualifying services by another Group company for contributions to the group as a whole and it is not possible to apportion this to the Company.

### 6 Amounts waived from loans due from/(due to) group undertakings

In the year the company waived a loan receivable of £5,252,000 resulting in a net loss of £5,252,000. In 2019 the company waived a loan receivable of £6,761,000, resulting in a net loss of £6,761,000.

#### 7 Interest receivable and similar income

	2020 £000	2019 £000
Interest receivable and similar income Interest on investment	1,181 -	3,544 1,900
Total other interest receivable and similar income	1,181	5,444

Interest receivable and similar income includes £1,181,000 (2019: £3,544,000) receivable from group undertakings.

## 8 Interest payable and similar expenses

	2020 £000	2019 £000
Interest payable and similar charges Exchange loss	3,354	139 3,828
Total other interest payable and similar charges	3,354	3,967

Interest payable and similar charges includes £nil (2019: £139,000) payable to group undertakings.

#### 9 Profit on sale of investments

In 2019 the Company disposed of its non-voting preferred partnership interest in Ineos Investments Partnership, an entity held under common control by the Company's ultimate shareholders, which owned 24% of the share capital of the PQ Corporation, a silicas business incorporated in the USA, and listed on the New York stock exchange, resulting in a profit of £2,215,000.

### 10 Tax on loss

Recognised in the profit and loss account				
	2020	2020	2019	2019
	£000	£000	£000	£000
UK corporation tax				
Current tax on income for the year		(414)	15,315	
Adjustments in respect of prior periods		2,200	-	
Total charge		1,786		15,315
Reconciliation of effective tax rate			2020	2010
			2020	2019
			£000	£000
Total tax charge			(1,786)	(15,315)
Loss before taxation			(7,431)	(3,069)
Loss before taxation multiplied by the standard rate o	f tax in the UK	C of 19%	(1,412)	(583)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes			998	15,898
Adjustments in respect of prior periods			2,200	-
Total tax charge			1,786	15,315
-				

On 3 March 2021 the UK government announced an intention to increase the UK corporation tax rate to 25% with effect from 1 April 2023. If enacted this will impact the value of our UK deferred tax balances, and the tax charged on UK profits generated in 2023 and subsequently. We have yet to determine the impact of these proposed changes.

2020

£000

£000

Ownership

## Notes (forming part of the financial statements) (continued)

#### 11 Investments

**Impairment** 

Shares in group undertakings . 2020 2019 £000 £000 Cost At 1 January 226,507 Foreign exchange movements (6,400)(220,107)Disposal of investment At 31 December 2019

At 1 January and 31 December

The Company has the following investments in subsidiaries and associates:

				_
Subsidiaries	Country of incorporation	Class of share	2020	2019
INEOS Investments Partnership*(a)	England	Preference	-	2%
INEOS Silicas Limited*(b)	England	Ordinary	100%	100%
INEOS Healthcare Holdings Limited (b)	England	Ordinary	20%	20%
INEOS Healthcare Limited(b)	England	Ordinary	20%	20%
INEOS Silicas Trustees Limited(c)	England	Ordinary	100%	100%

The principal activity of each investment in this note are:

INEOS Silicas Limited - Administration company

INEOS Healthcare Holdings Limited - Activities of head offices

INEOS Healthcare Limited - Other research and experimental development on natural sciences and engineering INEOS Silicas Trustees Limited - Pension funding

During the year the Company disposed of its non-voting preferred partnership interest in Ineos Investments Partnership, an entity held under common control by the Company's ultimate shareholders, which owned 24% of the share capital of the PQ Corporation, a silicas business incorporated in the USA, and listed on the New York stock exchange.

The registered office addresses of the investments disclosed in this note are:

### Reference Registered office address

- 3 Avenue des Uttins, 1180 Rolle, Vaud, Switzerland (a)
- Hawkslease, Chapel Lane, Lyndhurst, Hampshire, SO43 7FG, United Kingdom (b)
- (c) Runcorn Site HQ, South Parade, PO Box 9, Runcorn, Cheshire, WA7 4JE, United Kingdom

<sup>\*</sup>Held directly by the company.

#### 12 Debtors

	2020	2019
	£000	£000
Amounts owed by group undertakings	197,306	204,734

Amounts owed by group undertakings due within one year are unsecured, attract interest at commercial rates, have no fixed date of repayment and are repayable on demand.

#### 13 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2020 £000	2019 £000
Amounts owed to group undertakings	9,752	7,963

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, attract interest at commercial rates, have no fixed repayment and are repayable upon demand.

#### 14 Called up share capital

	2020 £000	2019 £000
Allotted, called up, authorised and fully paid 1 (2019: 1) Ordinary share of £1	-	-

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company.

#### 15 Contingencies

The Company is party to a Senior Secured Term Loans agreement dated 27 April 2012 (as amended). The total outstanding indebtedness under the Senior Secured Term Loans agreement at 31 December 2020 was €3,682.3 million (2019: €3,470.9 million). The Company is a guarantor under the Senior Secured Term Loans agreement. These obligations are secured by fixed and floating charges over the assets of the Company.

The Company is party to the Senior Secured Notes due 2025 Indenture dated 03 November 2017, the Senior Secured Notes due 2026 Indenture dated 24 April 2019 and the Senior Secured Notes due 2026 Indenture dated 29 October 2020. The total outstanding indebtedness under the Senior Secured Notes at 31 December 2020 was €1,645.0 million (2019: €1,320.0 million). The Company is a guarantor under the Senior Secured Notes Indentures. These obligations are secured by fixed and floating charges over the assets of the Company.

The Company is party to a Schuldschein Loan agreement dated 22 March 2019. The total outstanding indebtedness under the Schuldschein Loan agreement at 31 December 2020 was €141.0 million (2019: €141.0 million). The Company is a guarantor under the Schuldschein Loan agreement. These obligations are secured by fixed and floating charges over the assets of the Company.

The Company is party to the Senior Notes due 2024 Indenture dated 9 August 2016. The total outstanding indebtedness under the Senior Notes at 31 December 2020 was €1,056.5 million (2019: €1,096.3 million). The Company is a guarantor under the Senior Notes Indentures. These guarantees are on an unsecured senior subordinated basis.

## 16 Controlling parties

As at 31 December 2020 the immediate parent undertaking was INEOS Investment International Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales.

The ultimate parent company at 31 December 2020 was INEOS Limited, a company incorporated in Isle of Man. INEOS Group Holdings S.A., registered office 58, rue Charles Martel, Luxembourg, L-2134, Luxembourg is the parent undertaking of the only group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements. Copies of the financial statements of INEOS Group Holdings S.A. can be obtained from the Company Secretary, 58, rue Charles Martel, Luxembourg, L-2134, Luxembourg.

The directors regard Mr J A Ratcliffe to be the ultimate controlling party by virtue of his majority shareholding in the ultimate parent undertaking INEOS Limited.

### 17 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty'

The Company prepares its financial statements in accordance with FRS101, which requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions which affect the application of the accounting policies, and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates change and in any future periods. There is no area within the financial statements that involve significant degree of judgement or estimation.