STRATEGIC REPORT, REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2015

FOR

BAYRAM TIMBER LIMITED

THURSDAY



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BAYRAM TIMBER LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2015

DIRECTORS:

G Goodwin J A Grace

C J Husband

SECRETARY:

I W Jordan

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Gibson Lane

Melton

North Ferriby

Hull

Humberside HU14 3HF

REGISTERED NUMBER:

03995988

SENIOR STATUTORY AUDITOR: David Miller

AUDITORS:

Bartfields (UK) Limited

Statutory Auditors

4th Floor, Stockdale House Headingley Office Park

8 Victoria Road

Leeds LS6 1PF

BANKERS:

Barclays Bank Plc

2 Humber Quays

Wellington Street West

Hull HU1 2BN

SOLICITORS:

Andrew Jackson

Marina Court Castle Street

Hull

HU1 1TJ

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2015

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 October 2015.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

Once again, we saw a consistent level of performance throughout the year although volumes from the supply contract obtained in 2013 were around 25% lower than last year. However, our contractual business remained very strong throughout the year and we were able to achieve growth levels of over 10% from our core leisure sector customers and we also saw similar growth levels from our customers within the garden sector.

Overall, annual sales volume and value both fell by 12% but the higher levels of added value turnover meant that we were able to maintain our average selling price, although we did see the selling price come under pressure towards the end of the year due to the impact of reducing raw material prices.

This was largely due to weaker demand from global markets and a favourable currency position and with careful control over forward purchasing contracts and the ability to carry higher stock levels, we were able to increase the benefit from this position.

Once again, the February to June period brought our peak seasonal demand from the garden sector and this placed significant pressure on our production and operational capacity. However, with increased automation and improved machinery, we were able to increase our capacity and were much better placed to meet this increased demand efficiently than previously. It also reduced our reliance on external machining facilities resulting in a significant cost saving and an overall reduction in total manufacturing costs despite a similar production volume.

We also started a program of stock building of core stock items in off peak months in an effort to improve lead times during the busy periods. Whilst this exercise was not without complications, it proved to be a success and we intend to develop it further in the current year to enhance the efficiencies it can generate.

Our recent investment strategies have also had a major benefit. We saw a £130k reduction in generator fuel cost following the installation of a more fuel efficient generator in April 2014, coupled with a reduction in fuel prices. We also received rebates of £72k from the Renewable Heat Initiative following the commissioning of the biomass boiler in December 2014. This has led to the purchase of a second boiler system which should be commissioned in March 2016 and is forecast to generate similar rebate incomes and eradicate heating oil costs completely.

The overall impact of these changes was a £228k increase in gross profit despite a reduction of £2.5million in turnover.

We continued to exercise strict cost controls although overhead costs did increase by £128k. This was largely due to increased staffing costs following the introduction of Pension Auto Enrolment and the Board decision to reward employees with improved packages following the terrific performance over the previous 3 years trading.

With a £40k reduction in finance costs, it meant that most of the increased gross profit filtered down to the net profit, which increased by over £143k to £959k, and the Board feels that this is a healthy result in a challenging market.

Market conditions are expected to remain highly competitive through 2016 although the Board are confident that the business is well placed to withstand this competition. To achieve this, the Board recognises the need to maintain tight controls, systems and procedures and will continue to analyse daily statistical reports and key performance indicators to ensure the company operates in the most cost effective manner and identify efficiencies wherever possible.

These measures have already started to bear fruit with an encouraging start to the current year, with turnover and profitability both up on the same quarter last year.

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2015

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Global demand for timber and the willingness of other countries to pay significantly higher prices has already started to have an upward impact on raw material prices and there is no immediate sign that this trend will reverse. To compound this, the weakening of Sterling against the Euro has also driven prices higher, although we have taken steps to increase stock levels of raw material purchased at prices below replacement cost levels.

Although it is expected that demand will remain fairly strong, customer confidence is still tentative, particularly with the uncertainty surrounding the EU referendum and the economic outcome following. Faced with higher raw material prices, it will be difficult to secure price increases in order to protect our gross margin, particularly in the commodity type products.

This reinforces the Boards attempts to increase added value turnover, particularly in kit supply, which is more suited to the leisure sector. We are anticipating further growth from this sector as demand for UK holidays is expected to increase, particularly in view of the currency position. Within this sector, we have also seen a shift towards higher value models, including lodges and twin units, which have a higher timber content.

Despite our attempts to diversify, we are still faced with a very seasonal business model with a strong reliance upon the garden sector, which in turn, is reliant upon sustained good weather conditions and customer confidence. Not only are these factors beyond our control, the seasonality also places increased demands upon our manufacturing and storage capacities through the spring and early summer months when demand reaches its peak. However, we have taken steps to mitigate this with increased production capacity and the stock building of core items.

Payroll costs are expected to increase further with the advent of the National Living Wage and the inevitable impact this will have on wage differentials and we will also be faced with higher pension costs as Auto Enrolment contributions are increased. The Board continues to look for methods to improve productivity to balance these increases.

Energy and fuel costs form a significant proportion of the company's overhead although measures have been taken to reduce these. We have negotiated a 2 year fixed price contract for electricity and have purchased 3 smaller generators to replace the larger generator, which has increased our capacity to meet our increased production capacity and offer more flexibility when we do not need to run the entire facility e.g. at weekends. The existing and new biomass heating systems will generate significant cost savings and increased revenue in the coming years.

The company still generates substantial revenue from sales of wood shavings and the market price for this product is both seasonal and volatile, although demand and prices are currently very strong. The Board has renewed the annual contract with a fixed minimum price level to mitigate any risk.

We have seen another reduction in bad & doubtful debts in the year under review and a healthy increase in turnover with credit insured customers. Although our exposure with uninsured customers has reduced significantly, it still represents a potential risk but is carefully monitored and reported upon monthly.

The company continues to operate strict control systems covering accounts, sales, production, operational matters, stock control, quality control, and health and safety in order to manage these risks. These systems have recently been audited by an independent auditor and found to be robust and stringent.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Date: IS 4/16

G Goodwin

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2015

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 October 2015.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review remains that of adding value to kiln dried sawn softwoods, imported mainly from Scandinavia, by processing and cutting for supply in ready to assemble form to industrial end users and DIY wholesalers across the country from two factories in the Hull area.

DIVIDENDS

Interim dividends per share on the Ordinary 'A' £1 shares were paid as follows:

£9.759 £204.082 - 19 December 2014

£204.082

- 3 April 2015 - 14 May 2015

£417.923

The directors recommend that no final dividend be paid on these shares.

No interim dividend was paid on the Ordinary £1 shares. The directors recommend that no final dividend be paid on these shares.

The total distribution of dividends for the year ended 31 October 2015 will be £417,923.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 November 2014 to the date of this report.

G Goodwin

J A Grace

C J Husband

The company has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2015

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

Bartfields (UK) Limited will be proposed for re-appointment in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Date: 15/4/16

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF BAYRAM TIMBER LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Bayram Timber Limited for the year ended 31 October 2015 on pages seven to twenty. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page four, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 October 2015 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

David Miller (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Bartfields (UK) Limited Statutory Auditors
4th Floor, Stockdale House
Headingley Office Park
8 Victoria Road
Leeds
LS6 1PF

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2015

		2015		201	4
•	Notes	£	£	£	£
TURNOVER			18,931,208		21,488,236
Cost of sales			15,339,734		18,124,726
GROSS PROFIT			3,591,474	-	3,363,510
Distribution costs Administrative expenses		896,305 1,745,823		907,571 1,617,108	
			2,642,128		2,524,679
			949,346		838,831
Other operating income			75,000		75,000
OPERATING PROFIT	3		1,024,346		913,831
Interest receivable and similar income			9,760		
			1,034,106		913,831
Interest payable and similar charges	4		74,455		97,235
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION			959,651		816,596
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5		201,500		167,830
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR			758,151		648,766

CONTINUING OPERATIONS

None of the company's activities were acquired or discontinued during the current year or previous year.

TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the profits for the current year or previous year.

BALANCE SHEET 31 OCTOBER 2015

		201	5	201	4
	Notes ·	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	. 7		1,021,187		962,239
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	8	2,869,670		2,909,130	
Debtors	9	3,762,199		3,978,896	
Cash at bank and in hand		221,004		300,014	
		6,852,873	٠	7,188,040	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	10	5,206,667		5,777,568	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			1,646,206		1,410,472
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT		,			
LIABILITIES			2,667,393		2,372,711
CREDITORS			•		
Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	11		(170,493)		(238,539)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	1.5		(156,000)		(133,500)
NET ASSETS			2,340,900		2,000,672
					
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		•			
Called up share capital	16		10,000		10,000
Capital redemption reserve	17		90,000		90,000
Profit and loss account	17		2,240,900		1,900,672
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	23		2,340,900		2,000,672

G Goodwin - Director

its behalf by:

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2015

		201:	5	2014	4
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Net cash inflow from operating activities	1		1,532,039		797,206
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	2		(64,695)		(97,235)
Taxation			(91,988)		(27,992)
Capital expenditure	2		(243,553)		(513,829)
Equity dividends paid			(417,923)		(102,041)
			713,880		56,109
Financing	2		(792,890)		97,212
(Decrease)/increase in cash in the per	riod		(79,010)		153,321
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt	3				
(Decrease)/increase in cash in the period Cash outflow/(inflow)		(79,010)		153,321	
from decrease/(increase) in debt and leafinancing	ase	797,890		(102,212)	
Change in net debt resulting from cash flows			718,880		51,109
Movement in net debt in the period Net debt at 1 November			718,880 (2,629,287)		51,109 (2,680,396)
Net debt at 31 October	,		(1,910,407)	•	(2,629,287)

NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2015

1. RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING PROFIT TO NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2015	2014
	£	£
Operating profit	1,024,346	913,831
Depreciation charges	187,726	162,447
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	(3,121)	(53,765)
Decrease in stocks	39,460	579,997
Decrease/(increase) in debtors	211,697	(727,553)
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	71,931	(77,751)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	1,532,039	797,206
		

2. ANALYSIS OF CASH FLOWS FOR HEADINGS NETTED IN THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

	2015	2014
	£	£
Returns on investments and servicing of finance		
Interest received	9,760	-
Interest paid	(63,368)	(88,569)
Interest element of hire purchase payments	(11,087)	(8,666)
Net cash outflow for returns on investments and servicing of finance	(64,695)	(97,235)
Capital expenditure		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(258,553)	(612,954)
Sale of tangible fixed assets	15,000	99,125
one of tangloid inter appets		
Net cash outflow for capital expenditure	(243,553)	(513,829)
The same same is a superior of the same same same same same same same sam	===	====
Financing		
Invoice discounting loan movement	(719,287)	(134,701)
Hire purchase capital repayments in year	(78,603)	236,913
Amount introduced by directors	5,000	
Amount withdrawn by directors	-	(5,000)
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from financing	(792,890)	97,212
	===	

NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2015

3. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT

	At 1.11.14	Cash flow	At 31.10.15
	£	£	£
Net cash: Cash at bank and in hand	300,014	(79,010)	221,004
	300,014	(79,010)	221,004
Debt:	(217.142)	70.602	(228,520)
Hire purchase Debts falling due	(317,142)	78,603	(238,539)
within one year	(2,612,159)	719,287	(1,892,872)
	(2,929,301)	797,890	(2,131,411)
Total	(2,629,287)	718,880	(1,910,407)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2015

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position, and the principal risks and uncertainties it faces, are set out in the Strategic Report.

The company meets its day-to-day working capital requirements through an invoice discounting facility which is variable dependent on sales. The current economic conditions create uncertainty particularly over the level of demand for the company's products and the cost of the company's raw materials. However, the company's forecasts and projections, taking account of reasonably possible changes in trading performance, show that the company will be able to operate within the level of its facility.

Accordingly, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover represents net invoiced sales of goods, excluding value added tax.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Improvements to property		straight line over the life of the lease
Plant and machinery	12.5%	on cost
Fixtures and fittings	25.0%	on cost

Motor vehicles 25.0% on cost 25.0% on cost

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Cost includes directly attributable transport and machining costs incurred in bringing the stock to its current state and location. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less additional costs to completion and disposal.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Where assets are financed by leasing arrangements that give rights approximating to ownership (finance leases), the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright. The amount capitalised is the present value of the minimum lease payments during the lease term. The corresponding leasing commitments are shown as amounts payable to the lessor. Depreciation on the relevant assets is charged to the profit and loss account.

All other leases are treated as operating leases. Their annual rentals are charged/(credited) to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the period to which they relate.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2015

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an Annual General meeting.

Financial liability and equity

Financial liabilities and equity are classified according to the substance of the financial instrument's contractual obligations, rather than the instrument's legal form.

2. STAFF COSTS

	2015 £	2014 £
Wages and salaries	2,848,214	2,854,078
Social security costs	221,780	248,187
Other pension costs	101,442	38,104
	3,171,436	3,140,369
The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows:	2015	2014
Directors	3	3
Senior management	7	7
Sales/Administration	10	9
Manufacturing	111	117
		
	131	136
	===	===

3. OPERATING PROFIT

The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2015	2014
	£	£
Other operating leases	343,962	344,571
Depreciation - owned assets	135,932	129,193
Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts	51,794	33,258
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	(3,121)	(53,765)
Auditors remuneration	8,450	7,495
Taxation compliance services	1,930	1,550
Other non- audit services	1,390	1,540
Hire of plant and machinery - operating leases	113,898	110,079
Directors' remuneration	210,705	200,696
Directors' pension contributions to money purchase schemes	51,653	32,338
·		

The number of directors to whom retirement benefits were accruing was as follows:

Money purchase schemes	3	4

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2015

3. **OPERATING PROFIT - continued**

	Information regarding the highest paid director is as follows:		
		2015	2014
		£	£
	Emoluments etc	80,877	72,994
	Pension contributions to money purchase schemes	19,177	7,354
	•		
4.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES	•	•
		2015	2014
		£	£
	Bank interest	52	2
	Discounting interest	59,282	73,706
	Other interest	4,034	14,861
	Hire purchase and leasing		
	interest	11,087	8,666
		74,455	97,235
		====	====
5.	TAXATION		
	Analysis of the tax charge		
	The tax charge on the profit on ordinary activities for the year was as follows:		
		2015	2014
		£	£
	Current tax:		
	UK corporation tax	179,000	91,988
	Adjustment for previous		
	periods		(658)
	Total current tax	179,000	91,330
		,	,
	Origination and reversal of		
	timing differences	22,500	76,500
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	201,500	167,830
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	=====	======

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2015

5. TAXATION - continued

Factors affecting the tax charge

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

	Profit on ordinary activities	before tax		•	2015 £ 959,651	2014 £ 816,596
	Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard ra in the UK of 20% (2014 - 23)		ax		191,930	187,817
	Effects of: Expenses not deductible for Adjustments to tax charge in Marginal Relief Capital allowances for perio Other short term timing diffe Change in corporation tax ra	respect of previou d in excess of deprerences	-		685 (646) (20,389) 2,763 4,657	1,137 (658) (4,669) (77,187) (9,752) (5,358)
	Current tax charge				179,000	91,330
6.	DIVIDENDS				2015	2014
	Ordinary 'A' shares of £1 eac Interim dividend	h			£ 417,923	£ 102,041
7.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSE					
		Improvements to property £	Plant and machinery £	Fixtures and fittings \pounds	Motor vehicles £	Totals £
	COST At 1 November 2014 Additions	241,177 16,810	2,017,909 216,396	189,096 25,347	71,634	2,519,816 258,553
٠	Disposals At 31 October 2015	257,987	<u>(21,790)</u> <u>2,212,515</u>	214,443	71,634	2,756,579
	DEPRECIATION At 1 November 2014 Charge for year Eliminated on disposal	108,982 25,056	1,249,625 136,339 (9,911)	155,559 17,582	43,411 8,749	1,557,577 187,726 (9,911)
	At 31 October 2015	134,038	1,376,053	173,141	52,160	1,735,392
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31 October 2015	123,949	836,462	41,302	19,474	1,021,187
	At 31 October 2014	132,195	768,284	33,537	28,223	962,239

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2015

7. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

	Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Totals
	£	£	£
COST	 .	-	-
At 1 November 2014	96,250	8,735	104,985
Transfer to ownership	(66,250)	-	(66,250)
Reclassification/transfer	333,355	16,765	350,120
At 31 October 2015	363,355	25,500	388,855
DEPRECIATION			
At 1 November 2014	41,446	6,376	47,822
Charge for year .	45,419	6,375	51,794
Transfer to ownership	(24,154)	<u> </u>	(24,154)
At 31 October 2015	62,711	12,751	75,462
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 31 October 2015	300,644	12,749	313,393
At 31 October 2014	54,804	2,359 ———	57,163 =====
STOCKS			
	·	2015 £	2014 £
Finished goods and goods for	•	~	2
resale		2,869,670 ———	2,909,130
DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN	ONE YEAR		
		2015	2014
Trade debtors		£ 3,508,343	£ 3,691,635
Directors' current accounts		3,306,343	5,000
Prepayments and accrued income		253,856	282,261
		3,762,199	3,978,896
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITH	IIN ONE YEAR		
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITE	IIN ONE YEAR	2015	2014
	IIN ONE YEAR	£	£
Other loans (see note 12)	IIN ONE YEAR	£ 1,892,872	£ 2,612,159
Other loans (see note 12) Hire purchase contracts (see note 13)	IIN ONE YEAR	£ 1,892,872 68,046	£ 2,612,159 78,603
Other loans (see note 12) Hire purchase contracts (see note 13) Trade creditors	IIN ONE YEAR	£ 1,892,872 68,046 2,221,019	£ 2,612,159 78,603 2,180,574
Other loans (see note 12) Hire purchase contracts (see note 13) Trade creditors Taxation	IIN ONE YEAR	£ 1,892,872 68,046 2,221,019 179,000	£ 2,612,159 78,603 2,180,574 91,988
Other loans (see note 12) Hire purchase contracts (see note 13) Trade creditors	IIN ONE YEAR	£ 1,892,872 68,046 2,221,019	£ 2,612,159 78,603 2,180,574

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2015

11. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

12.

YEAR		
	2015 £	2014 £
Hire purchase contracts (see note 13)	170,493	238,539
	===	
LOANS		
An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
	2015	2014
	£	£
Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:		
Invoice discounting loan	1,692,872	2,412,159
Other loans	200,000	200,000
	1,892,872	2,612,159

13. OBLIGATIONS UNDER HIRE PURCHASE CONTRACTS AND LEASES

	Hire purchase contracts	
	2015	2014
	£	£
Net obligations repayable:		
Within one year	68,046	78,603
Between one and five years	170,493	238,539
	238,539	317,142
		

The following operating lease payments are committed to be paid within one year:

	Land and b	Land and buildings		Other operating leases	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
	£	£	£	£	
Expiring:					
Between one and five years	200,000	200,000	49,591	44,391	
In more than five years	115,000	115,000	48,559	53,759	
	315,000	315,000	98,150	98,150	
•	=====				

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2015

14. SECURED DEBTS

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

·	2015 £	2014 £
Invoice discounting loan	1,692,872	2,412,159
Hire purchase contracts	238,539	317,142
Other loans	200,000	200,000
	2,131,411	2,929,301

Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are secured on the assets to which they relate.

The invoice discounting loan is secured by a first fixed charge on book debts and a floating charge over other assets of the company.

The other loans are secured by a first fixed charge over the assets, excluding book debts, of the company.

15. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

	2015 £	2014 £
Deferred tax Accelerated capital allowances	156,000	133,500
		Deferred tax £
Balance at 1 November 2014 Charge to Profit and Loss Account during year		133,500 22,500
Balance at 31 October 2015		156,000

16. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issi	ued and fully paid:			
Number:	Class:	Nominal	2015	2014
		value:	£	£
9,000	Ordinary	£1	9,000	9,000
1,000	Ordinary 'A'	£1	1,000	1,000
			10,000	10,000

The ordinary 'A' shares of £1 each carry the same rights as the ordinary shares of £1 each.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2015

17. RESERVES

	Profit and loss account £	Capital redemption reserve	Totals £
At 1 November 2014	1,900,672	90,000	1,990,672
Profit for the year	758,151	-	758,151
Dividends	(417,923)	•	(417,923)
At 31 October 2015	2,240,900	90,000	2,330,900

18. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company contributes to defined contribution pension schemes in respect of certain employees. At the year end contributions outstanding amounted to £Nil (2014; £Nil).

19. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

•	2015	2014
	£	£
Contracted but not provided for in the		
financial statements	22,500	-
		====

20. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

The following advances and credits to a director subsisted during the years ended 31 October 2015 and 31 October 2014:

	2015	2014
	£	£
C J Husband		
Balance outstanding at start of year	5,000	-
Amounts advanced	-	5,000
Amounts repaid	(5,000)	-
Balance outstanding at end of year	-	5,000
		====

21. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

G Goodwin has advanced loans to the company of £75,000 (2014: £75,000), bearing interest at 4.75% above base rate, and £125,000 (2014: £125,000) interest free. Both loans are repayable on demand and are secured by a first fixed charge over the assets, excluding book debts, of the company.

The directors and their families are shareholders in the company. During the year they received dividends totalling £376,966 (2014: £102,041). These were fully paid at the year end.

22. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The company is controlled by G Goodwin, a director and majority shareholder.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2015

23. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	2015	2014
	£	£
Profit for the financial year	758,151	648,766
Dividends	(417,923)	(102,041)
Net addition to shareholders' funds	340,228	546,725
Opening shareholders' funds	2,000,672	1,453,947
Closing shareholders' funds	2,340,900	2,000,672