COMPANIES HOUSE COPY

WISE CAPITAL LIMITED DIRECTOR'S REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2002





COMPANY INFORMATION

Director

R H D Wise

Secretary

Jordan Company Secretaries Limited

Company number

3994446

Registered office

20-22 Bedford Row

London WC1R 4JS

Auditors

Hacker Young

St Alphage House 2 Fore Street

London

EC2Y 5DH

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DIRECTOR'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2002

The director presents his report and financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2002.

Principal activities and review of the business

The company provides advice on, and arranges deals in equity and other investments. It is regulated by the Financial Services Authority and is authorised by that body to carry out investment business.

The results for the year and the financial position at the year end were considered satisfactory by the director who expects continued growth in the foreseeable future.

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 3.

An interim ordinary dividend was paid amounting to £52,000. The director does not recommend payment of a final dividend.

Director

The following director has held office since 1 July 2001:

R H D Wise

Director's interests

The director's interest in the shares of the company was as stated below:

Ordinary shares of £ 1 each 30 June 2002 1 July 2001 100,000 100,000

R H D Wise

Auditors

In accordance with Section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution proposing that Hacker Young be reappointed as auditors of the company will be put to the Annual General Meeting.

Director's responsibilities

The director is required by the Companies Act 1985 to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss for that period. It is also the director's responsibility to maintain adequate accounting records, safeguard the assets of the company and take reasonable steps in preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.

The director confirms that suitable accounting policies, consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates, have been used in the preparation of the accounts on a going concern basis.

On behalf of the board

R H D Wise

Director

26 September 2002

Chartered Accountants INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF WISE CAPITAL LIMITED

St Alphage House 2 Fore Street London EC2Y 5DH

We have audited the financial statements of Wise Capital Limited on pages 3 to 12 for the year ended 30 June 2002. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out therein.

Respective responsibilities of the director and auditors

As described in the statement of director's responsibilities on page 1 the company's director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the director's report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding director's remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the director's report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the director in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2002 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Hacher Your

Hacker Young

Chartered Accountants

Registered Auditors

26 September 2002

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2002

,		
Notes	2002 £	2001 £
2	495,536	23,566
	(258,770)	(117,886)
3	236,766	(94,320)
4	1,800	405
	238,566	(93,915)
5	(30,250)	
	208,316	(93,915)
6	(52,000)	-
14	156,316	(93,915)
	23456	Notes £ 2 495,536 (258,770) 236,766 3 236,766 4 1,800 238,566 (30,250) 5 (30,250) 208,316 (52,000)

The company's operation in the year continued unchanged; no operations were disposed of or acquired.

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2002

		20	02	20	01
1	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	7		3,894		5,806
Investments	8		10,000		
			13,894		5,806
Current assets					
Debtors	9	25,615		12,308	
Cash at bank and in hand		169,495		19,314	
		195,110		31,622	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(45,853)		(11,343)	
Net current assets			149,257		20,279
Total assets less current liabilities			163,151		26,085
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	11		-		(20,000)
Provisions for liabilities and charges	12		(750)		-
			162,401		6,085
Capital and vacarues					
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	13		100,000		100.000
Profit and loss account	14		62,401		100,000 (93,915)
Shareholders' funds - equity interests	18		162,401		6,085

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 26 September 2002

R H D Wise

Director

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2002

	Notes	£	2002 £	£	2001 £
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	15		230,381		(93,445)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received		1,800		405	
Net cash inflow for returns on investments and servicing of finance			1,800		405
Capital expenditure and financial in Payments to acquire tangible assets Payments to acquire investments	vestment	(10,000)		(7,646)	
Net cash outflow for capital expenditure			(10,000)	·	(7,646)
Equity dividends paid			(52,000)		-
Net cash inflow/(outflow) before management of liquid resources and financing			170,181		(100,686)
Financing Issue of ordinary share capital Other new long term loans		-		100,000 20,000	
Repayment of other long term loans Net cash (outflow)/inflow from financing		(20,000)	(20,000)	-	120,000
Increase in cash in the year	16		150,181		19,314

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2002

1 Accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

25% per annum straight line

1.4 Investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less provision for diminution in value.

1.5 Pensions

Payments to the company's defined contribution pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable.

1.6 Deferred taxation

The accounting policy in respect of deferred tax has been changed to reflect the requirements of FRS19 - Deferred tax. Deferred tax is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. The deferred tax balance has not been discounted.

The above amounts to a change in accounting policy. The previous policy was to provide deferred tax only to the extent that it was probable that liabilities would crystallise in the foreseeable future.

The adoption of the standard has not required a prior period adjustment.

1.7 Foreign currency translation

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are taken to profit and loss account.

2 Turnover

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom.

3	Operating profit/(loss)	2002 £	2001 £
	Operating profit/(loss) is stated after charging:	£	L
	Depreciation of tangible assets	1,912	1,840
	Loss on foreign exchange transactions	-	112
	Auditors' remuneration	1,500	1,200
4	Other interest receivable and similar income	2002	2001
		£	£
	Bank interest	1,800	405
5	Taxation	2002	2001
		£	£
	Domestic current year tax		
	U.K. corporation tax	29,500	
	Current tax charge	29,500	-
	Deferred tax		
	Deferred tax charge/credit current year	750	
		30,250	_
	Factors affecting the tax charge for the year		
	Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	238,566	(93,915)
	Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by		
	standard rate of UK corporation tax of 20.00% (2001: 20.00%)	47,713	(18,783)
	Effects of:		
	Non deductible expenses	235	1,193
	Depreciation	382	368
	Capital allowances	<u>-</u>	(1,529)
	Tax losses utilised	(18,751)	18,751
	Other tax adjustments	(79)	
		(18,213)	18,783
	Current tax charge	29,500	_

6	Dividends	2002 £	2001 £
	Ordinary interim paid 53	2,000	_
7	Tangible fixed assets Cost		Fixtures, fittings & equipment £
	At 1 July 2001 & at 30 June 2002		7,646
	Depreciation At 1 July 2001 Charge for the year At 30 June 2002 Net book value At 30 June 2002 At 30 June 2001		1,840 1,912 3,752 3,894 5,806
8	Fixed asset investments		
			Unlisted investments £
	Cost At 1 July 2001 Additions		10,000
	At 30 June 2002		10,000

9	Debtors	2002 £	2001 £
	Trade debtors	1,029	350
	Other debtors	4,500	7,544
	Prepayments and accrued income	20,086	4,414
		25,615	12,308
10	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2002	2001
		£	£
	Trade creditors	8,278	8,688
	Corporation tax	29,500	· -
	Other taxes and social security costs	4,975	905
	Accruals and deferred income	3,100	1,750
		45,853	11,343
11	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2002 £	2001 £
	Shareholder loans	-	20,000
	Analysis of loans Wholly repayable within five years	-	20,000
			20,000
	Loan maturity analysis In more than one year but not more than two years	-	20,000

12	Provisions for liabilities and charges		Deferred taxation £
	Profit and loss account		750
	Balance at 30 June 2002		750
	Deferred taxation provided in the financial statements is as follows:		
		2002 £	2001 £
	Accelerated capital allowances	750	
13	Share capital	2002 £	2001 £
	Authorised 100,000 Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	100,000	100,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 100,000 Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	100,000	100,000
14	Statement of movements on profit and loss account		
			Profit and loss account
	Balance at 1 July 2001 Retained profit for the year		(93,915) 156,316
	Balance at 30 June 2002		62,401

15	Reconciliation of operating profit/(loss) to net cash inflo from operating activities	w/(outflow)	2002	2001
			£	£
	Operating profit/(loss)		236,766	(94,320)
	Depreciation of tangible assets		1,912	1,840
	Increase in debtors		(13,307)	(12,308)
	Increase in creditors within one year		5,010	11,343
	Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities		230,381	(93,445)
16	Analysis of net debt	1 July 2001	Cash flow 30	June 2002
		£	£	£
	Net cash:			
	Cash at bank and in hand	19,314	150,181	169,495
	Debt:		-	
	Debts falling due after one year	(20,000)	20,000	-
	Net debt	(686)	170,181	169,495
17	Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt		2002 £	2001 £
	Increase in cash in the year		150,181	19,314
	Cash outflow/(inflow) from decrease/(increase) in debt		20,000	(20,000)
	Movement in net funds/(debt) in the year Opening net debt		170,181 (686)	(686)
	Closing net funds/(debt)		169,495	(686)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2002

18	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2002 £	2001 £
	Profit/(Loss) for the financial year	208,316	(93,915)
	Dividends	(52,000)	-
	Proceeds from issue of shares	156,316	(93,915) 100,000
	Net addition to shareholders' funds	156,316	6,085
	Opening shareholders' funds	6,085	
	Closing shareholders' funds	162,401	6,085
19	Director's emoluments	2002 £	2001 £
	Emoluments for qualifying services	121,089	-
20	Employees		
	Number of employees The average monthly number of employees (including director) during the year was:		
	the your was.	2002 Number	2001 Number
	Administration	2	2
	Employment costs		
		£	£
	Wages and salaries	158,250	24,808
	Social security costs	17,583	2,802
		17,583 4,988 	2,802

21 Control

The ultimate controlling party is R D H Wise, the director and sole shareholder of the company.