Registration number: 03987907

Task Contract Services Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

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Company Information

Director A Cowell

Company secretary K Welburn

Registered office Unit 1 Tuxford Business Park

Ashvale Road Tuxford

Nottinghamshire NG22 0NH

Bankers National Westminster Bank plc

27 Effingham Street

Rotherham South Yorkshire S65 1AU

Accountants Atkinson Saul Fairholm Limited

Chartered Accountants

21A Newland Lincoln LN1 1XP

(Registration number: 03987907) Balance Sheet as at 31 May 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	43,208	66,242
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>5</u>	548,169	251,433
Debtors	<u>6</u>	166,092	363,691
Cash at bank and in hand		330,686	114,892
		1,044,947	730,016
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u> </u>	(567,358)	(561,189)
Net current assets		477,589	168,827
Total assets less current liabilities		520,797	235,069
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>7</u>	(263,687)	(30,733)
Provisions for liabilities		(7,914)	(12,586)
Net assets		249,196	191,750
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		249,096	191,650
Shareholders' funds		249,196	191,750

For the financial year ending 31 May 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Directors' Report and Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 25 February 2021

(Registration number: 03987907) Balance Sheet as at 31 May 2020

A Cowell Director

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England & Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Unit 1 Tuxford Business Park Ashvale Road Tuxford Nottinghamshire NG22 0NH

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 25 February 2021.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

. . .

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Plant and machinery	20% reducing balance
Fixtures and fittings	20% reducing balance
Office equipment	20% reducing balance
Property improvements	15 years straight line
Motor vehicles	25% reducing balance

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability in the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability are charged as interest expense in the profit and loss account.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors with contracts of employment) during the year was 4 (2019 - 8).

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

4 Tangible assets

	Land and buildings £	Furniture, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles £	Other property, plant and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation					
At 1 June 2019	2,332	22,959	123,942	31,169	180,402
Additions	-	319	-	-	319
Disposals	<u>.</u>	-	(47,331)	-	(47,331)
At 31 May 2020	2,332	23,278	76,611	31,169	133,390
Depreciation					
At 1 June 2019	620	13,029	83,097	17,414	114,160
Charge for the year	155	2,050	7,185	2,752	12,142
Eliminated on disposal	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	(36,120)	<u>-</u> _	(36,120)
At 31 May 2020	775	15,079	54,162	20,166	90,182
Carrying amount					
At 31 May 2020	1,557	8,199	22,449	11,003	43,208
At 31 May 2019	1,712	9,930	40,845	13,755	66,242

Included within the net book value of land and buildings above is £1,557 (2019 - £1,712) in respect of property improvements.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

5 Stocks		
	2020	2019
	£	£
Work in progress	278,289	126,433
Closing stock	269,880	125,000
	548,169	251,433
6 Debtors		
	2020	2019
	£	£
Trade debtors	80,977	211,730
Prepayments	-	927
Other debtors	85,115	151,034
	166,092	363,691

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

7 Creditors

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Due within one year			
Loans and borrowings	<u>8</u>	11,200	13,828
Trade creditors	-	310,868	222,367
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the	0	,	,
company has a participating interest	9	147,434	232,526
Taxation and social security		69,861	84,738
Other creditors		27,995	7,730
		567,358	561,189
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
		2020	2019
	Note	£	£
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	8	263,687	30,733
0 1 d b			
8 Loans and borrowings		2020	2019
		£	£
Non-current loans and borrowings			
Bank borrowings		250,000	-
Finance lease liabilities		13,687	30,733
		263,687	30,733
		2020	2019
		£	£
Current loans and borrowings		11 200	12.030
Finance lease liabilities		11,200	13,828

The finance lease liabilities are secured creditors.

9 Related party transactions

Summary of transactions with parent

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

A loan account exists between the company and its parent. At the balance sheet date the amount owed to Task Holdings UK Limited was £147,434 (2019 - £232,526).

Summary of transactions with other related parties

A loan account exists between the company and Smart Modular Group Limited. The Director A Cowell is also a director of this company. At the year end, the balance owed to Task Contract Services Ltd was £9,195.

10 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent is Task Holdings UK Limited, incorporated in England & Wales, whose registered office is Unit 1 Tuxford Business Park, Ashvale Road, Tuxford, Nottinghamshire, NG22 0NH.

Chartered Accountants

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.

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