Registered number: 03985522

MAP EQUITY LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

A Kong

C J Smelt

R K Trubshaw

Company secretary

P Langridge

Registered number

03985522

Registered office

Fitzwilliam House

10 St. Mary Axe

London EC3A 8EN

Independent auditor

Mazars LLP

Tower Bridge House St Katharine's Way

London

E1W 1DD

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GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

INTRODUCTION

All financial statements prepared on or after the 31 December 2013 are required by The Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Report) Regulations 2013 to present at Strategic Report prepared by the board of directors. The Strategic Report covers the business review, principal risks and uncertainties, and financial key performance indicators.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of MAP Equity Ltd ('MEL') ('the Company') is that of an ultimate holding company for a Managing Agent at Lloyd's of London, Managing Agency Partners Ltd ("MAP"). The syndicates under management by MAP are Syndicates 2791 and 6103. Syndicate 6103 is a special purpose arrangement hosted by Syndicate 2791.

GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

PRINCIPAL RISK AND UNCERTAINTIES

The principal risk for the Company is a loss in the value of its investment in MAP and the principal risk for MAP is that Syndicates 2791 and 6103 make losses preventing them from remitting profit commission to the Agency. The Group mitigates this risk by planning to at least break even in the event of no profit commission being received. The fortunes of the Company closely follow those of MAP and the risk disclosures below relate to the Group as a whole.

Credit risk

Financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalent type investments. To minimise any credit risk, the Company has an investment policy of only placing cash deposits with large institutions that have a low credit risk.

Liquidity risk

The Company actively manages its cash resources to maximise interest income and minimise interest expense, whilst ensuring that the Company has sufficient liquid resources to meet the operating needs of its business.

Foreign currency risk

The Company's reporting functional currency is Sterling. The principal foreign currency exposure arises from the receipt of profit commission in US Dollars from the syndicates. To minimise the exposure the profit pool liability is settled in the same currency in which it is received. The balance of undistributed US Dollars is monitored and, if appropriate, the exposure may be hedged to fix the monetary asset in Sterling. The hedging activity involves the use of foreign exchange forward rate contracts.

Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of potential adverse financial and reputational issues arising due to inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external events. The internal risk assessment process has been developed to assess the potential impact, and probability, of certain events and a system of internal controls has been implemented to mitigate the identified risks. These controls are monitored by Senior Management and the Board and the effectiveness is validated through both the ongoing risk assessment and the internal audit process.

Regulatory risk

The Company is required to comply with the requirements of the Prudential Regulation Authority, Financial Conduct Authority and Lloyd's of London. 'Regulatory risk' is the risk of financial and reputational loss owing to a breach of regulatory requirements or failure to respond to regulatory change. The Company has a Director of Risk and Assurance who monitors regulatory developments and assesses their impact on agency policy and is supported by an assistant who carries out a compliance monitoring programme.

GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

FINANCIAL KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

MAP measures its performance using two principal Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) that together cover the vast proportion of turnover. The first KPI looks at the future underlying profitability of its two managed syndicates. The profit commission received from the syndicates is directly correlated to the profitability of these syndicates.

The second KPI looks at the amount of underwriting capacity on Syndicate 2791. MAP receives a yearly managing agency fee that is set as a percentage (0.75%) of capacity. The managing agency fee is calculated to at least cover the MAP element of all expenses and therefore ensure the Agency breaks even before profit commission.

Underlying profitability of syndicates

	Syndicate 2791	Syndicate 6103
Year of Account	Forecast result % of capacity	Forecast result % of capacity
2017 (closed)	3.8%	-6.3%
2018(1)	-5% - 0%	<i>-</i> 7.5% <i>-</i> 2.5%
2019 (1)	-5% - 5%	12.5% - 32.5%
2020(2)	9%	15%
and the contract of the contra		

⁽¹⁾ Open year, therefore the result is only forecast as a range at Q1 20.(2) From 2020 business plan submission approved October 2019

For each of the underwriting years of account an expected range for the result is calculated and updated each quarter until the anticipated closure date 36 months from inception. After the underwriting year of account has closed a final result is known. Profit commission is booked in line with the stated accounting policy (note 1). For the current reporting period all of MAP's profit commission is derived from the 2017 underwriting year.

Both syndicates are forecasting a profit in 2018/19 YOA. 2019 YOA is at an early stage of development and there remain a number of material uncertainties that may affect the ultimate result, although we do not contemplate material coverage from COVID-19. The fixed managing agency fee means it is highly probable MAP will breakeven in 2020.

Underwriting capacity

The underwriting capacity for 2019 YOA and the expected capacity for 2020 YOA is as follows:

	Year of A	Account
	2019 (£m)	2020 (£m)
Syndicate 2791	399.6	400.7
Syndicate 6103	47.5	50.0

Capacity varies each year due to the forecast rating environment in which the syndicates operate and capacity can be equated to the appetite of the syndicates to underwrite insurance. MAP receives fees from Syndicate 2791 and profit commission from both syndicates. Syndicate 6103, as a special purpose arrangement, does not pay managing agency fees.

This report was approved by the board on 30 June 2020 and signed on its behalf.

P Langridge Secretary

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

The directors are responsible for preparing the Group strategic report, the Directors' report and the consolidated financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the Group and of the profit or loss of the Group for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Group's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and the Group and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The company has taken advantage of the exemption allowed under section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 and has not presented its own Statement of comprehensive income in these financial statements. The profit, after tax, of the parent company for the year to 31 December 2019 was £3,052,000 (2018: £4,830,000).

On 12 April 2019 the directors made an interim dividend payment of £2,856,000 (2018: £3,786,000) to the ordinary shareholders of MAP Equity Limited in respect of the period ending 31 December 2019. A retained loss for the Group of £385,000 (2018: £746,000 loss) has been transferred to reserves.

On the 24 March 2020 directors proposed an interim dividend of £1.07 and \$8.93 per ordinary 'A' and 'B' share. The dividend was paid on 9 April 2020.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the year and their interests in the Group's issued share capital were:

	•	Ordinary A shares of £1 each		y B shares of £1 each
	31/12/19	31/12/18	31/12/19	31/12/18
A Kong	22,000	22,000	-	-
C J Smelt	5,000	5,000	2,500	2,500
R K Trubshaw	33,000	33,000	-	-

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

COVID-19

The global pandemic itself and the Governmental restrictions have not had a material impact on the underlying functionality of the two syndicates which are managed by Managing Agency Partners Ltd and referred to in the Group Strategic Report. Syndicate 2791 continues to write business across all lines of business at rates it deems appropriate and therefore these accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis.

It is still relatively early in terms of understanding the full impact of the virus but an initial assessment by the syndicates deems the level of exposure as not material enough to put the Group at risk of having to cease trading in the foreseeable future.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The directors expect the general level of activity to continue in line with the activity of the two syndicates managed by MAP.

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company and the Group's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of
 any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company and the Group's auditor is aware of
 that information.

POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

On 7 January 2020, a further loan was made from MAP Ltd of £2,250,000 to MAP Equity Ltd. This loan was made in order to facilitate MAP Equity making a loan to the Employee Share Ownership Trust ('ESOT') to allow the ESOT to purchase shares from retiring employees. The loan balance between MAP Ltd to MAP Equity Ltd, after this further drawdown, will stand at £6,400,000. The maximum value of the loan is restricted to the excess of net assets over the Lloyd's of London solvency requirements plus the share of net assets apportioned to the non-controlling interests.

See note 16. For further details of the purchase of shares.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

AUDITOR

The auditor, Mazars LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on 30 June 2020 and signed on its behalf.

P Langridge Secretary

Fitzwilliam House 10 St. Mary Axe London EC3A 8EN

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MAP EQUITY LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of MAP Equity Limited (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 31 December 2019 which comprise the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated and Parent Statement of Financial Position, Consolidated and Parent Statement of Cash Flows and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company's affairs as at 31 December 2019 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter – Impact of the outbreak of COVID-19 on the financial statements

In forming our opinion on the company financial statements, which is not modified, we draw your attention to the directors' view on the impact of the COVID-19 as disclosed on page 5, and the consideration in the going concern basis of preparation on page 22 and non-adjusting post balance sheet events on page 34.

Since the balance sheet date there has been a global pandemic from the outbreak of COVID-19, The potential impact of COVID-19 became significant in March 2020 and is causing widespread disruption to normal patterns of business activity across the world, including the UK.

The full impact following the recent emergence of the COVID-19 is still unknown. It is therefore not currently possible to evaluate all the potential implications to the company's trade, customers, suppliers and the wider economy.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the group's or the parent company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MAP EQUITY LIMITED

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Group Strategic Report and Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Group Strategic Report and Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and their environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Group Strategic Report and Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specific by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MAP EQUITY LIMITED

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of the audit report

This report is made solely to the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Andrew Goldsworthy (Jul 1, 2020 15:51 GMT+1)

Andrew Goldsworthy (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Mazars LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

Tower Bridge House St Katharine's Way London E1W 1DD

1 July 2020

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

•	Note	2019 £000	2018 £000
Tumover	2	6,748	8,950
Gross profit	_	6,748	8,950
Administrative expenses	4	(3,630)	(4,425)
Share based payment	,	-	(98)
Operating profit	_	3,118	4,427
Interest receivable and similar income	5	129	62
Profit before taxation	_	3,247	4,489
Tax on profit	6	(652)	(810)
Profit for the financial year	_	2,595	3,679
Total comprehensive income for the year		2,595	3,679
Profit for the year attributable to:	_		
Non-controlling interests	·	266	260
Owners of the parent Company		2,329	3,419
		2,595	3,679

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

MAP EQUITY LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 03985522

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Note		2019 £000		2018 £000
Fixed assets			2000		
Tangible Fixed Assets	8		230		340
		_	230	_	340
Current assets					
Debtors	11	4,959		9,466	
Bank & cash balances		17,006		14,683	
	-	21,965		24,149	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	(2,989)		(4,720)	
Net current assets	-		18,976		19,429
Total assets less current liabilities		_	19,206		19,769
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	13		(881)		(719)
Net assets		_	18,325	_	19,050
Capital and reserves		-		_	
Called up share capital	15		250		250
Investment in own shares			(7,998)		(7,722)
Profit and loss account			24,158		24,543
Equity attributable to owners of the parent Company		_	16,410	_	17,071
Non-controlling interests			1,915		1,979
		_	18,325	_	19,050

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 30 June 2020.

C SMELT Director

MAP EQUITY LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 03985522

COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

					<u> </u>
	Note		2019 £000		2018 £000
Fixed assets	140.0		2000		2000
Fixed asset investments	10		3,968		3,968
		_	3,968	_	3,968
Current assets			- ,		-,
Debtors	11	744		298	
Bank & cash balances		2,224		2,789	
	-	2,968		3,087	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	(4,161)		(4,200)	
Net current liabilities	_	······································	(1,193)	•	(1,113)
Total assets less current liabilities		_	2,775	_	2,855
Net assets		_	2,775		2,855
Capital and reserves		_		_	
Called up share capital	15		250		250
Investment in own shares			(7,998)		(7,722)
Share based payment reserve			3,710		3,710
Profit and loss account			6,813		6,617
		_	2,775		2,855
		=		=	

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf

C SMELT Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

At 1 January 2019	Called up share capital £000 250	Investment in own shares £000 (7,722)	Retained earnings £000 24,543	Equity attributable to owners of parent Company £000 17,071	Non- controlling interests £000 1,979	Total equity £000 19,050
Comprehensive Income for the year						
Profit for the year	-	-	2,329	2,329	266	2,595
NCI share of dividend waiver	•	•	(134)	(134)	134	• .
Total comprehensive income for the year	•		2,195	2,195	400	2,595
Contributions by and distributions to owners						
Dividend to shareholders	-	-	(2,856)	(2,856)		(2,856)
Loss on disposal of shares	•	-	-	-	•	-
Share impairment / (impairment reversal)	•	(276)	276	•	•	-
Dividends to non-controlling interests	•	-	-	•	(464)	(464)
Total transactions with owners	•	(276)	(2,580)	(2,856)	(464)	(3,320)
At 31 December 2019	250	(7,998)	24,158	16,410	1,915	18,325

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

At 1 January 2018	Called up share capital £000 250	Investment in own shares £000 (6,338)	Share based payment reserve £000	Retained earnings £000 25,288	Equity attributable to owners of parent Company £000 19,200	Non- controlling interests £000 2,188	Total equity £000 21,388
Comprehensive income for the year							
Profit for the year	-	-	-	3,419	3,419	260	3,679
Share based payment	•	-	98	•	98	-	98
NCI share of dividend waiver	-	-	•	(178)	(178)	178	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	•		98	3,241	3,339	438	3,777
Contributions by and distributions to owners							
Dividend to shareholders	-	-	-	(3,786)	(3,786)	-	(3,786)
Share based payment transfer	-	-	(98)	98	-	-	-
Purchase of own shares	-	(1,682)	-	•	(1,682)	-	(1,682)
Loss on disposal of shares	•	58	-	(58)	-	-	-
Share impairment / (impairment reversal)	-	240	. •	(240)	-	-	-
Dividends to non-controlling interest		•	•	-	-	(647)	(647)
Total transactions with owners		(1,384)	(98)	(3,986)	(5,468)	(647)	(6,115)
At 31 December 2018	250	(7,722)	-	24,543	17,071	1,979	19,050

COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Called up share capital	Investment in own shares	Share based payment reserve	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
At 1 January 2019	250	(7,722)	3,710	6,617	2,855
Comprehensive income for the year					
Profit for the year	-	-	-	3,052	3,052
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	3,052	3,052
Dividend to shareholders	-	-	-	(2,856)	(2,856)
Share impairment / (impairment reversal)	-	(276)	-	-	(276)
Total transactions with owners	-	(276)	· •	(2,856)	(3,132)
At 31 December 2019	250	(7,998)	3,710	6,813	2,775

COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

At 1 January 2018	Called up share capital £000 250	Investment in own shares £000 (6,338)	Share based payment reserve £000	Profit and loss account £000 5,573	Total equity £000 3,097
Comprehensive income for the year					
Profit for the year	-	-	-	4,830	4,830
Purchase of shares	-	-	98	-	98
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	98	4,830	4,928
Dividends	-	-	-	(3,786)	(3,786)
Purchase of own shares	-	· (1,682)	-	-	(1,682)
loss on disposal of shares	-	58	-	-	58
Share impairment / (impairment reversal)	. -	240	-	•	240
Total transactions with owners	-	(1,384)	-	(3,786)	(5,170)
At 31 December 2018	250	(7,722)	3,710	6,617	2,855

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

	2019	2018
	£000	£000
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit for the financial year	2,595	3,679
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation of tangible assets	229	187
Interest received	(129)	(62)
Taxation charge	652	810
Decrease in debtors	4,493	5,791
(Decrease) in creditors	(1,565)	(2,364)
Corporation tax (paid)	(642)	(409)
Share Based Payment	-	98
Net cash generated from operating activities	5,633	7,730
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(119)	(169)
Interest received	129	62
Net cash from investing activities	10	(107)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Purchase of ordinary shares	-	(1,682)
Dividends paid	(2,856)	(3,786)
Dividends paid to non controlling interests	(464)	(647)
Net cash used in financing activities	(3,320)	(6,115)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents .	2,323	1,508
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	14,683	13,175
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	17,006	14,683
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year comprise:		
Cash at bank and in hand	17,006	14,683
		14,683

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires Group management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies.

1.2 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements present the results of the Company and its own subsidiaries ('the Group') as they formed a single entity. Intercompany transactions and balances between Group companies are therefore eliminated in full.

1.3 Legal status

MAP Equity Limited is a private company limited by shares and registered in England and Wales. The registered office, which is also the principal place of business, can be found on the Company Information page at the front of these accounts.

1.4 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the Company in respect of goods and services supplied during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

Turnover consists principally of underwriting agency fees and profit commission from managed Lloyd's syndicates. Underwriting agency fees represent net fee income receivable from members participating on the Company's managed syndicates.

Profit commission is derived from the managed syndicates. The percentage applicable to the syndicates' profit varies by syndicate year of account (YOA) and is set out in MAP's managing agency agreement between it and each capital provider. Profit commission is payable by the syndicate capital providers when a YOA closes, most usually 36 months after inception. Until the year closes the final quantum of profit commission receivable by MAP is uncertain. The uncertainty in profit commission receivable is greatest the more immature a syndicate YOA is and it reduces as the year matures towards 36 months. The profit commission is recognised in these financial statements on a prudent basis in line with Application Note G of FRS5 – Reporting the Substance of Transactions. More specifically the accrual for each year is made as follows:

Year 1 - Currently 2019 YOA

The ultimate outcome has a very wide range of uncertainty - therefore no profit commission is accrued.

Year 2 - Currently 2018 YOA

There is less uncertainty as insurance policies come off risk and information on insurance reserves becomes clearer – therefore 50% of the profit commission reported in the last Lloyd's interim syndicate auditor reviewed half year return is used for the accrual.

Year 3 - Currently 2017 YOA

Where the final syndicate result is known full profit commission is accrued, based on the syndicate's financial statements. Where the final syndicate result is unknown, full profit commission is taken based on the latest mid point estimate of the syndicate result submitted to Lloyd's. Any

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

changes to the profit commission mid point estimate, and the figure finally received on formal closure, is booked on the date the syndicate financial statements are approved by MAP.

1.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

The Group adds to the carrying amount of an item of fixed assets the cost of replacing part of such an item when that cost is incurred, if the replacement part is expected to provide incremental future benefits to the Group. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. Repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

L/Term Leasehold Property - 20% straight line Fixtures & fittings - 20% straight line Office equipment - 50% straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

1.6 Operating leases: the Group as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

1.7 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

1.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

In the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents are shown net of bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.9 Financial instruments

The Group only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the Group would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

1.10 Employee Share Ownership Trust

The original cost of the Group's shares held by the Employee Share Ownership Trust ('ESOT') are deducted from retained earnings in the Group and Company balance sheets under the heading Investment in own shares. Other assets and liabilities of the ESOT (including borrowings) are recognised as assets and liabilities of the Group.

The valuation of the shares is reviewed annually to determine whether the value of the Group's share held by the ESOT have reduced below the original cost.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of an impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be restated objectively to a change in future profit streams, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed. The reversal shall not result in a carrying amount that exceeds original cost.

Any profit or loss on shares transferred to employees from the ESOT is accounted for in the profit and loss of the company and is calculated as the difference between proceeds and average cost of the shares at the time of the transfer.

Any shares purchased by the ESOT are accounted for at the date at which the shares are transferred and at the purchase price plus direct attributable stamp duty.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.11 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is Sterling.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

1.12 Share based payments

Where shares are awarded to employees, the fair value of the shares at the date of grant is charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income over the vesting period.

1.13 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Group operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Group has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Consolidated statement of comprehensive income when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of financial position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Group in independently administered funds.

1.14 Interest receivable/payable

Interest receivable or payable is accounted for on an accruals basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.15 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Consolidated statement of comprehensive income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company and the Group operate and generate income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Statement of financial position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits;
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met; and
- Where they relate to timing differences in respect of interests in subsidiaries, associates, branches and joint ventures and the Group can control the reversal of the timing differences and such reversal is not considered probable in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

1.16 Going Concern

Syndicate 2791 continues to write business across all lines of business at rates it deems appropriate and therefore these accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Due to the current outbreak of Coronavirus, the Company has considered the impact of COVID-19 as a post balance sheet event, see note 20. It is still relatively early in terms of understanding the full impact of the COVID-19 virus but an initial assessment by the syndicates deems the level of exposure as not material enough to put the Group at risk of having to cease trading in the foreseeable future.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

2. TURNOVER

All turnover relates to the Group's principal acitivity and comprises underwriting agency fees, profit commission and management charges levied for administering MAP Capital Limited ('MCL'), a corporate underwriting member which participates on the managed Syndicates 2791 and 6103. Directors have interests in MCL (see note 19).

2019

2018

All turnover arose in the UK and the management charges were negotiated on arm's length basis.

		2019 £000	£000
	Breakdown of turnover:	2000	2000
	Underwriting fees	2,796	2,188
	2017 YOA (2016 YOA) Profit commission	3,869	6,682
	2018 YOA (2017 YOA) Profit commission	-	-
	Management charges	83	80
		6,748	8,950
2	STAFE COSTS		
3.	STAFF COSTS		00.40
		2019 £000	2018 £000
	Details of staff costs are shown below:	2000	2000
	Wages and salaries	5,130	5,000
	Social security costs	665	647
	Other pensions costs	334	355
	Other staff costs	438	436
	Profit related remuneration	1,787	2,246
	Social security costs on profit related remuneration	255	336
		8,609	9,020

Of the total staff costs of £8,609,000 (2018: £9,020,000) a total of £5,535,000 (2018: £5,361,000) was recharged to Syndicate 2791, which is under management by the Group's managing agency, MAP.

Profit related remuneration relates wholly to MAP and is not recharged to either managed syndicate.

Profit related remuneration and social security costs are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income on an accruals basis as per accounting policy 1.4.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during the year was as follows:	2019 £000	2018 £000
Administration	18	18
Underwriting	25	25
Claims	5	5
	48	48
	2019 £000	2018 £000
Included in gross staff costs are directors' emoluments as follows:		
Salaries	787	788
Profit related remuneration	594	1,093
Company pension scheme contributions	-	5
Private health insurance	9	11
	1,390	1,897

Of the total directors' emoluments, £594,000 (2018: £1,093,000) relates to profit related remuneration, all of which is in relation to 2017 syndicate year of account. Of the balance of the total directors' emoluments, £701,000 (2018: £687,000) was recharged to Syndicate 2791. Profit related remuneration is not recharged to either managed syndicate.

	2019 £000	2018 £000
Included in the gross directors' emoluments above are amounts paid in respect of the highest paid director as follows:		
Salary	343	335
Profit related remuneration	391	657
Medical healthcare policy	3	3
- 	737	995

The profit related remuneration of the highest paid director is in regards to both the 2016 year of account (£197,000) and 2017 syndicate year of account (£194,000), there is no remuneration payable in regards to 2018 year of account (2018: no remuneration payable in regards to the 2017 syndicate year of account).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

4. OPERATING PROFIT

	2019	2018
	£000	£000
The operating profit is stated after charging the following items		
Depreciation	229	187
Operating lease rentals for land and buildings	750	786
Hire of plant and equipment	19	22
Foreign exchange loss/(gain)	294	(75)
Auditor's remuneration for:		
Current year audit for Company's annual accounts	9	9
Current year audit for the Subsidiaries' annual accounts	31	30

The above figures highlight the Group operating expenses that may be of interest. These amounts are incurred by the Group but some of the expenses are recharged to Syndicate 2791. Only the element not recharged to the Syndicate forms part of the Group expenses in the Statement of comprehensive income.

A total of £204,000 (2018: £168,000) in respect of depreciation and £685,000 (2018: £726,000) in respect of operating lease rentals for land and buildings were recharged to Syndicate 2791. Services provided by BWCI Trust Company Limited in relation to the Employee Share Ownership Trust totalled £9,000 (2018: £10,000) for the year.

5. INTEREST RECEIVABLE

	2019	2018
	£000	£000
Bank interest receivable	129	62
	129	62

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

TAXATION	

	2019 £000	2018 £000
Corporation tax		
Current tax on profits for the year	637	736
	637	736
Total current tax	637	736
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	15	74
Total deferred tax	15	74
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	652	810

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is the same as (2018 - the same as) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018 - 19%) as set out below:

	2019 £000	2018 £000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	3,247	4,489
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018 - 19%) Effects of:	617	853
Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation	15	(3)
Prior year expenses now deductible	-	(137)
Adjustments due to change in tax rate in period	-	(4)
Adjustment due to differential in tax rate used by Employee Share Trust	5	27
Origination and reversal of timing differences	15	74
Total tax charge for the year	652	810

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

7. DIVIDENDS

	2019 £000	2018 £000
Interim dividend paid on 12 April 2019 £2.41 and \$18.70 per ordinary 'A' and 'B' share		
USD rate: 1.3085 (2018: £2.82 & \$27.46 at USD rate: 1.4209)	2,856	3,786
	2,856	3,786

In accordance with FRS 102 Section 9, the Employee Share Trust is included in the consolidated financial statements and therefore the dividends paid to the Employee Share Trust are eliminated and only dividends paid externally to the Group are shown above.

During 2019 the trustee of the Employee Share Trust waived its right to £1,319,000 (2018: £1,750,000) of the dividend.

On 24 March 2020 the directors proposed an interim dividend of £1.07 and \$8.93 per ordinary 'A' and 'B' share. All dividends were paid on 9 April 2020. The trustee of the Employee Share Trust waived its rights to its entire dividend of £758,000.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

8. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group

	L/Term Leasehold Property £000	Fixtures & fittings £000	Office equipment £000	Total £000
Cost or valuation				
At 1 January 2019	207	78	1,945	2,230
Additions	-	-	119	119
At 31 December 2019	207	78	2,064	2,349
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2019	158	58	1,674	1,890
Charge for the year on owned assets	39	17	173	229
At 31 December 2019	197	75	1,847	2,119
Net book value				
At 31 December 2019	10	3	217	230
At 31 December 2018	49	20	271	340

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

9. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

The Company is the largest company in the Group for which consolidated accounts are prepared. The Group structure can be summarised as follows:

Company name	Country of incorporation	Percentage shareholding	Description
Direct holdings			
Managing Agency Partners Holdings Limited	United Kingdom	90%	Intermediate holding company
Indirect holdings			
Managing Agency Partners Limited	United Kingdom	90%	Managing Agent at Lloyd's of London

10. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

Investments at the year end comprise an investment in a subsidiary, Managing Agency Partners Holdings Limited ('MHL'), a holding equivalent of circa 90% of both the issued share capital and the economic interest. In the year ended 31 December 2019, MHL made a profit after tax of £3,323,000 (2018: £4,732,000) with a retained profit, after dividends paid, of £4,000 (2018: £15,000). This resulted in an aggregate of capital and reserves of £4,147,000 (2018: £4,143,000) at the end of the year. The investment in MHL comprises 250,000 shares directly owned by the Company and 2,002 shares owned by the Employee Share Ownership Trust. MHL holds 100% of the shares in Managing Agency Partners Limited.

Company

	Investments
	in
	subsidiary
	companies
	£000
Cost or valuation	
At 1 January 2019	3,968
	
At 31 December 2019	3,968

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

11. DEBTORS

	Group	Group		Company
	2019	As restated 2018	Company	As restated 2018
	£000	£000	2019 £000	£000
Due after more than one year				
Deposit loan tax	729	289	729	289
	729	289	729	289
Due within one year				
Other debtors	381	373	-	7
Prepayments and accrued income	3,830	8,770	2	2
Tax recoverable	-	-	13	-
Deferred taxation	19	34	-	-
	4,959	9,466	744	298
				

12. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

	Group 2019 £000	Group 2018 £000	Company 2019 £000	Company 2018 £000
Trade creditors	2	5	-	-
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	•	4,150	4,150
Corporation tax	826	830	-	40
Other taxation and social security	157	199	-	-
Other creditors	1,113	2,799	-	-
Accruals and deferred income	891	887	11	10
	2,989	4,720	4,161	4,200

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

13. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one	e vear
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	Group	Group
	2019	2018
	£000	£000
Other creditors	60	60
Accruals and deferred income	821	659
	881	719

14. DEFERRED TAXATION

Group

		2019 £000
At beginning of year		34
Charged to the profit or loss		(15)
At end of year		19
The deferred tax asset is made up as follows:		
,	Group 2019 £000	Group 2018 £000
Accelerated capital allowances	19	34
- -	19	34

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

15. SHARE CAPITAL

150,000 <i>(2018 - 150,000)</i> Ordinary A shares of £1.00 each 350,000 <i>(2018 - 350,000)</i> Ordinary B shares of £1.00 each	2019 £000 150 350	2018 £000 150 350
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
75,000 (2018 - 75,000) Ordinary A shares of £1.00 each 175,000 (2018 - 175,000) Ordinary B shares of £1.00 each	75 175 —————————————————————————————————	75 175
	250	250

[&]quot;A' shareholders are entitled to once vote per share. 'B' shareholders have no entitlement to vote. Both share classes have identical rights in respect of dividend payments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

16. EMPLOYEE SHARE OWNERSHIP TRUST

The Company is a party to an Employee Share Trust which, on 31 December 2019, held the following number of shares in MEL:

Share class	2019	2018
'A' Shares	15,000	15,000
'B' Shares	64,022	64,022
	79,022	79,022
	 	

The ESOT also holds 2,002 'C' Shares (2018: 2,002) in the subsidiary, Managing Agency Partners Holdings Limited. These shares are held for investment purposes.

There were no share transactions during 2019.

The 'A' Shares were revalued from £134.40 to £152.77 resulting in a reversal of a previous share impairment of £276,000

On 7 January 2020:

- The ESOT purchased 12,000 'B' shares from three retiring employees at a cost of £2,292,000 (£190.96 incl stamp duty) in line with the shareholder agreement.
- The ESOT purchased 50 'B' shares from one leaver at par value.

The distribution of shares held by the ESOT is at the discretion of the directors and all expenses of the trust are borne by the Company.

17. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The Group operates a defined contribution pension scheme, the MAP Group Personal Pension scheme, for its directors and employees. The Group's contribution to the scheme for 2019 totalled £334,000 (2018: £355,000) of which £294,000 (2018: £313,000) was recharged to Syndicate 2791.

The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

18. COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

At 31 December 2019 the Group had future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	Group	Group
	2019	2018
	£000	£000
Not later than 1 year	428	648
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	2,640	17
	3,068	665

19. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The directors of MEL provide underwriting capacity to the Group's managed Syndicates via an unaligned corporate vehicle, MAP Capital Limited ('MCL'), and a limited liability partnership, Nomina 208 LLP. The directors and their related party interests are as follows:

	2019 YOA	2019	2019	2018 YOA	2018	2018
	MCL* voting	Capacity on	Capacity on	MCL* voting	Capacity on	Capacity on
	rights	2791 **	6103 **	rights	2791 **	6103 **
	%	£000	£000	%	£000	£000
A Kong	6	2,485	237	6	2,485	237
C J Smelt	6	2,353	206	. 6	2,353	206
R K Trubshaw	34	9,881	1,400	34	9,881	1,400

^{*}MCL is an unaligned corporate member that provides underwriting capacity to Syndicates 2791 and 6103

All transactions between MAP Equity Group and the corporate capital vehicle, in which the directors and their related parties have an interest, are made on an arm's length basis. Profit commission and Managing Agent's fees are identical to all other capital providers.

20. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS - COVID-19

The Board of the Company considers COVID-19 to be a non-adjusting post balance sheet event. The global pandemic itself and the Governmental restrictions have not had a material impact on the underlying functionality of the two syndicates which are managed by Managing Agency Partners Ltd and referred to in the Group Strategic Report. Syndicate 2791 continues to write business across all lines of business at rates it deems appropriate and therefore these accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis, see note 1.16.

^{**}Participation via Nomina 208 LLP and MCL, both unaligned corporate members.